

making financial sense of the future

Bridging the Divide – 'Long-term guarantees in a short-term world' Darryl Pye & Lukas Ziewer



Operations, Governance & Infrastructure

Industry Trends and Case Study

17 September 2010

Agenda

- Foundations of a strong platform for VA roll-out
- MetLife Unit Linked Design Case Study
- Key learnings

Insights from past experienceWhat has gone wrong?

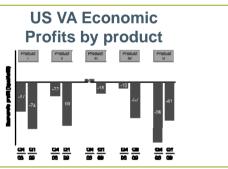
Top-line drop

- -50% in new business, -25% in AuM in mature markets like the US
- Stalled start of new VAs in Europe esp. due to distributor concerns and weakened marketing



Bottom-line drop

- In 2008/9 most core products unprofitable in economic terms esp. volatility
- Many hedging strategies proved insufficient causing write-offs and capital injections



Crisis counter measures

- Some players abandoned business or at least int'l roll-out (esp. Hartford in Europe)
- Some players closed single products (e.g. AXA Twinstar Invest in Germany)
- Some new launches now underway but slow

Crisis counter measures examples



Looking across the market, there are many reasons for VAs having a difficult start in Europe ...



Three pillars to build a strong internal platform for successful roll-out of variable annuities



- The right risk management
- The right integrated organisation

- Meeting a legitimate client need
- Product designed with risk management features in mind
- Not too complex and not too many customer options

- Risk appetite defined and translated into a concise risk strategy
- Hedging know-how, practical experience
- Understanding P&L, capital and economic perspective

- Integrating product design, pricing, risk management/hedging and investments
 - Fast processes,
 with analytical
 depth and control
 - Bridge into market, fast go-to-market

A strong VA business starts with the governance of product design

MetLife Unit Linked Design Case Study Guarantee Developments in 2009

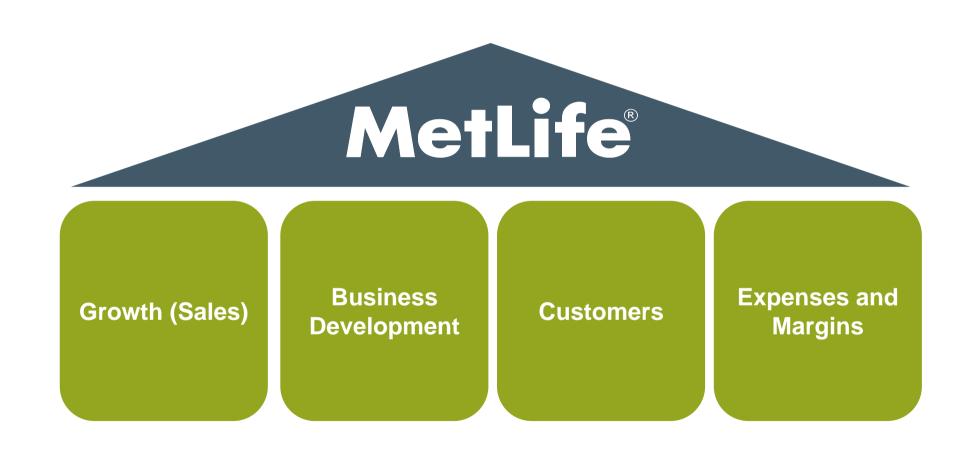
Market Background

- Unit linked guarantee market still relatively new in the UK
- Weak distributor knowledge and understanding of the product
- Distributors focused on provider financial health
- MetLife not well known in the UK
- Economic factors driving up cost of providing guarantees

Corporate Background

- Low tolerance for market risk
 - Reduction in basis risk
- Requirement to either increase prices and/or reduce benefits to achieve margins consistent with corporate return requirements
- Desire to simplify the offering

The Retirement and Savings four pillars MetLife Europe Limited Mandate



Product Design Governance The Product Development Process



Ensuring appropriate processes across all stages

- Cross pollination of ideas
- Forum to share new product development ideas
- Documentation & roles and responsibilities (RAPID)
- Meeting customer needs
 - Customer Value
 - Customer led research

Governing the implementation

- Understanding the delivery
 - Business drivers
- Future proof systems in light of further developments
- Consider risk management requirements
- Understand customer behaviour and risk
- Simplify the offering

Comprehensive Market Research Qualitative and Quantitative research for IFAs and customers

Internal interviews

- RP & GIB product experts
- Communication and pricing experts
- Distribution / sales / servicing experts

Mystery shopping

- 7 meetings with IFAs in London
- Mixture of different levels of cooperation with MetLife

Qualitative study IFA in-depth interviews

- 7 interviews in London and Birmingham
- Mixture of different levels of cooperation with MetLife

Customer focus groups

- 1 group per product category
- 6 existing + 18 potential customers

Quantitative study IFAs

 52 IFAs with different levels of cooperation with MetLife

Customers

- Mixture of 101 existing and potential customers
- Different amounts of assets investable

Upgraded suite of products

Key Product Research Findings

Product features preferred

- Higher guaranteed minimum income
- Index funds tolerance
- More frequent step-up
- Guaranteed death benefits
- 100% guarantees
- Price Tolerance up to 300bps

Grow the market by educating and training IFAs

- "I am not up to date with the most recent changes"
- "my customers can achieve the same result by investing with DFM"
- ULG masterclass, press releases
- Simplify the product set (consistency not functionality)

Assessing Customer Value

No Single measure or approach is perfect

- Must be in relation to specific alternatives
- Must consider tax impacts
- Measure both expected returns and range of possible returns
- Always step back

Challenges

- Backtesting may be appropriate
- Stochastic testing requires parameterisation
 - Interest rates, volatility, alternatives

Product Implementation Learning

- Treating customers fairly
 - Ability to change charges
 - Product research
- Understand the full extent of the risks being taken on
 - Approvals and input from all departments
 - Complete Stress testing
 - Only provide the pricing parameters as late as possible
- Future proof system delivery
 - Allowing for future reprice cheaply
 - Minimise "buy while stocks last" mentality
 - Considering the impact on all systems (illustrations and e-enablement)
 - Product monitoring processes
- Test the system elements
 - Hedge programme considerations

Product Monitoring Management Information and governance

Post Launch Review

- Lessons learned (with log captured)
- Outstanding actions
- Actual spend vs. projected

In-force product monitoring

- Business mix relative to pricing
- Lapse assumptions
- Target customer suitability and keeping clients informed
- Complaints log & breach reporting
- TCF Policy and Governance

Profitability Monitoring

Hedge Effectiveness

- Focus on non-hedgeable assumptions at least annually
 - Monitoring behavior
 - Feeding back in product design
- comparing actual hedge asset movements to expected
 - Performance attribution reports
- Ensure accountability for performance is clear
 - Single Investment team with specified guidelines
 - Auditable system deliveries

Actual versus expected pricing of new business

- Triggers for pricing review points
 - Allowing for time it takes to review pricing
- Economic indicators (interest rates and volatility)

Key Learning

- Focus on customer during design phase
- Connect up all areas of the development
 - Approvals
 - Metrics
- Build systems allowing for future expected changes
 - More frequent reprices
- Manage change considering impacts on hedging
- Monitoring non-hedgeable risks
- Solvency II impacts

Questions or comments?

Expressions of individual views by members of The Actuarial Profession and its staff are encouraged.

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter.