

## Content

- Scope
- Trends
- Reactions
- Adding value

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## **Current scope of the CRO**

- CRO provides a 360 degree view of risk, i.e. covers is all risk types
  - Insurance
  - Investment / ALM
  - Strategic
  - Operational
- · Ownership of risk types usually distributed over the enterprise
  - insurance risk with underwriters & actuaries
  - risk capital and tail risk with finance / quants / actuarial
  - ALM with investment management
  - operational risk distributed, often not well defined

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#### **Trends**

- Existing risks require better quantification
- More advanced mathematics
- · Interconnectivity now a major factor
- · Operational risk more material
- New and emerging risks more relevant
  - Cyber
  - Reputation
  - Sustainability / corporate responsibility
  - Climate related

Increasingly analytical

Broader scope

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### **Trends**

- Broadened and strengthened assurance role
  - Corporate governance
  - Regulation
  - 3 line of defence model

Increasingly independent

- · Management want insight and value
  - Leverage skills
  - Raise bar through challenge
  - Problem solving

Deeper interaction

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# Reactions - trends create conflicting outcomes

Increasing analytics

· CRO is a quant or actuary

Broader scope

· CRO is a generalist

Independent assurance

CRO is independent from management

Deeper interaction

· CRO is integral to management

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## Some practical suggestions to add value

#### Methodology

- Use classic RM techniques and force quantification even if very subjective
- Strive for balance between analytics and pragmatism
- Connectivity developing an understanding beyond copula's?

#### **Approach**

- Be a facilitator of discussion the magic is outside of the crystal ball
- Be a driver and take strong positions make management think (and act!)

#### Capabilities

Ensure a range of skills in the team: actuaries, op risk experts, economists

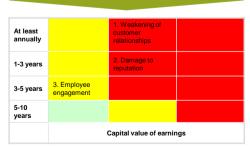
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# Use classic RM techniques and force quantification even if very subjective

- To assign a value to operational risk, a combination of qualitative and quantitative risk management methods can be used.
- Commonly available indicators are used to estimate monetary consequences
- The estimations give a range of consequences that can be used to map potential scenarios on a grid

USD million	Impact			
Scenario assumption	25%	50%	75%	
Top-line	(X)	(Y)	(Z)	
Bottom line	(p)	(p)	(r)	
Capitalized value	(A)	(B)	(C)	





# Balance between analytics and pragmatism

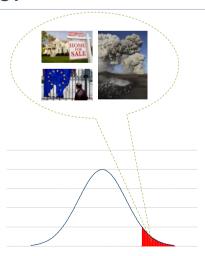
- Emerging risks (e.g. casualty) with little historical data are difficult to quantify with traditional actuarial methods
- Order of magnitude quantification helps to identify focus areas for in depth analytics
- Threat-grids compiled by subject matter experts are an efficient method for an initial assessment

Casualty Catastrophe focus areas	Aging Workforce	Alternative Energy	Asbestos Replacement Products	
Agriculture Production – Crops	1	3	1	
Agriculture Production - Livestock	1	2	1	
Metal Mining	1	1	1	
Cole/Lignite Mining	1	2	1	
Oil and Gas Extraction	1	4	1	
Printing and Publishing	1	1	1	
Petroleum & Coal Products	1	1	2	
Primary Metal Industries	2	1	1	



# Connectivity – can reverse stress testing show the path beyond correlations?

- Modeling correlations between tail events is not an effective approach for assessing inter-connections
- Recent events such as Icelandic volcano, US sub-prime and Euro crisis have drawn greater attention to this problems
- As a result, we may be "wrong footed" in our efforts to mitigate broader risk types



# Be a facilitator of discussion Be a driver of discussion

#### **Facilitate**

- For many risk assessments, conventional risk profiling can be used to great effect
- For more complex assessments, more advanced tools such as the Zurich Risk Room can help visualize risk interconnectivities

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#### **Drive**

- Bringing strong views to the table can stimulate much better discussion
- CROs should leverage external sources and should have a comprehensive understanding of global risks

