#### **The Actuarial Profession**

making financial sense of the future

Critical Illness Definitions Working Party Speakers: Matthew Smith, James Tait & Aaron Tindale

Playing the definitions game:
What value in doing more?

May 2011

## **Members of CI Definitions Working Party**



Adele Groyer



James Tait



James Shattock



**Aaron Tindale** 



Matthew Smith



Peter Banthorpe PEC Representative

#### **Overview**

#### Section 1: Matthew Smith

- Working party objectives and proposed research
- Results of initial claims survey
- Patient paths to treatment for coronary artery disease

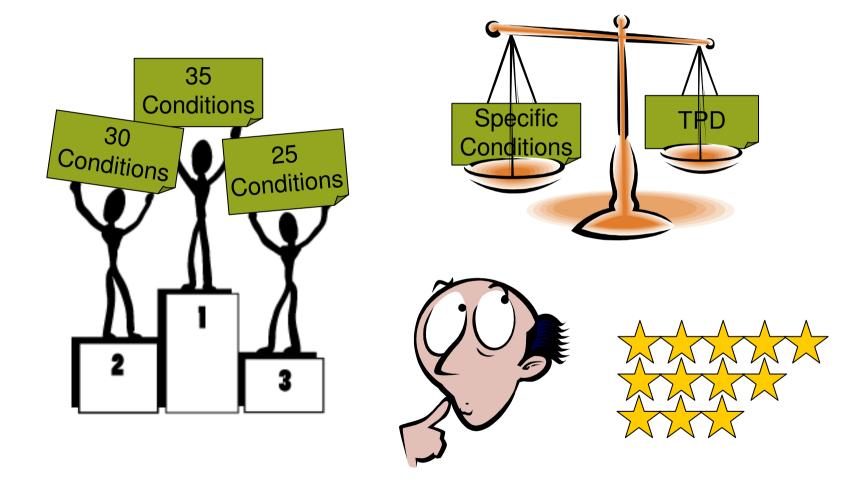
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- Risk factors for CAD
- CAD treatments: Coronary Artery Bypass Graft & Angioplasty

#### **Section 3: Aaron Tindale**

- Heart Valve Replacement or Repair
- Next steps

## ABI+ and non-ABI Conditions - Why?



#### **ABI+** definitions

#### Critical war switches to ABI+ battle

The race among insurers to offer the biggest number of critical-illness conditions has been replaced by increasing competition to offer the most ABI+ definitions

- Money Marketing, 20 August 2010

## What do we mean by "ABI+ definitions"

• Less strict definition than required by ABI guidelines, usually by removal of one of the criteria for a valid claim

Condition	ABI+ version
Aorta graft surgery	Traumatic injury exclusion removed
Coma	96 hours of life support requirement removed
Heart attack	Typical clinical symptoms requirement removed
Heart valve replacement or repair	Median sternotomy requirement removed
CABG	Median sternotomy requirement removed
Third degree burns	20% of body OR 50% of face
Loss of hands or feet	Loss of hand or foot

### Working party objectives

- Estimate current population incidence of ABI+ & non-ABI conditions
- Suggest scenarios of how incidence may change in future
  - Trends
  - Shocks
- Highlight any special risks with offering cover on this basis

## What's in scope?

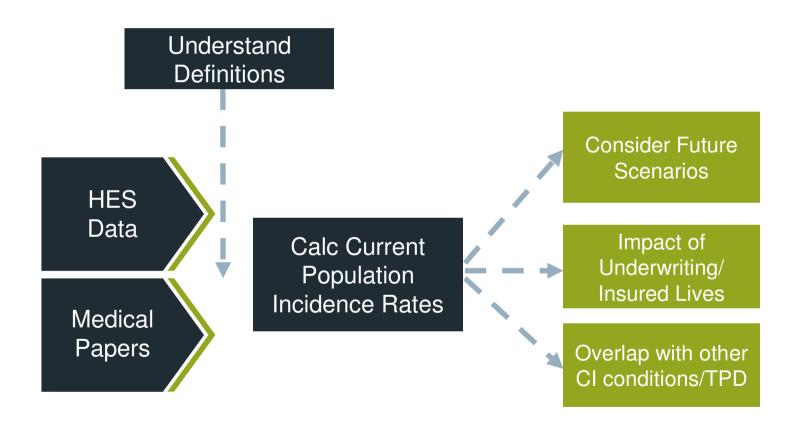
- ABI+ & non-ABI conditions
- Start with heart-related conditions

Ready for presentation	In progress
CABG (ABI+)	Aorta graft surgery (ABI+)
Angioplasty (non-ABI)	Cardiomyopathy (non-ABI)
Heart valve replacement or repair (ABI+)	Heart attack (ABI+)
	Primary pulmonary hypertension (non- ABI)
	Open heart surgery (non-ABI)

## What's in scope?

Other ABI+	Non-ABI Nervous System	Non-ABI other	
Benign Brain Tumour	Bacterial meningitis	Aplastic anaemia	
Coma	Creutzfeld-Jakob Disease	Emphysema / Respiratory failure	
Loss of hand or foot	Dementia	Diabetes	
Third degree burns	Encephalitis	Liver failure	
	Progressive Supranuclear Palsy	Mastectomy	
		Rheumatoid arthritis	
		Systemic lupus erythematosus	
		Low grade prostate cancer	

## Methodology



## **Hospital Episode Statistics** - **Definition**

Definition	Record level data warehouse managed by the NHS  Details of all admissions to NHS hospitals  Inpatients and day cases are included		
	Collected annually by financial year		
Use	Admitted patients is often used as a proxy for disease/procedure incidence (with adjustment)		
	Many fields available; age, geography, diagnosis etc		
	"Exploring the Critical Path" used HES data for MI, stroke, CABG & MOT		

## Hospital Episode Statistics - Data Quality

#### **Issues** Possible lack of rigorous validation at source

Variations in data collection over time, ICD/OPCS changes

Available fields changes from year to year

#### **Episodes**

Continuous period of care with a particular consultant

i.e. movements between consultants/providers or separate spells will result in multiple records

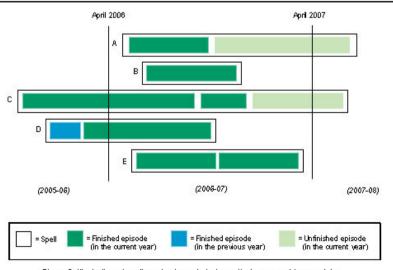


Figure 2. Illustration of spells, episodes, admissions, discharges and in-year data.

Source: HESonline

## Hospital Episode Statistics - New Approach

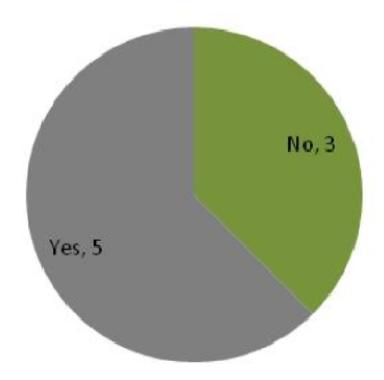
We have requested seriatim data
Individual patient admissions with unique IDs
Will allow complete history of each life

Patient ID	Admission Date	Diagnosis	Description	Operation	Description
12345ABC	01/07/1995	S82.0	Fracture of patella	-	-
12345ABC	23/04/2000	120.0	Unstable angina	-	-
12345ABC	26/07/2002	166.0	Occlusion and stenosis of middle cerebral artery	-	-
12345ABC	01/01/2004	163.3	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of cerebral arteries	-	-
12345ABC	31/08/2009	I21.0	Acute transmural myocardial infarction of anterior wall	K40.3	Saphenous vein graft replacement of three coronary arteries
67890DEF	01/03/2003	l21.0	Acute transmural myocardial infarction of anterior wall	-	-

 Are you aware of any claims on business reinsured by you being paid on ABI+ definitions where the need for median sternotomy has been removed?

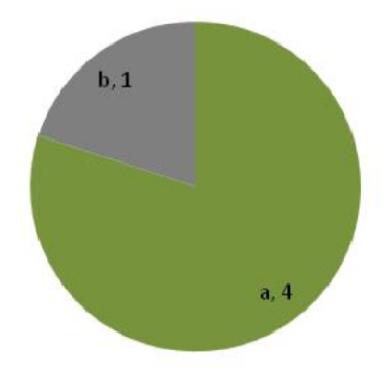
Yes/No

## Q1 - Claims on ABI+ def



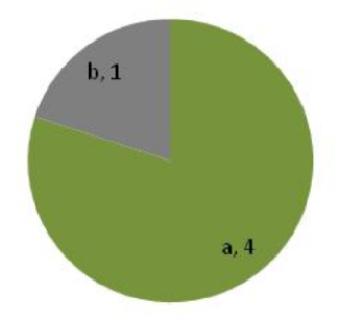
- If you have had claims on the ABI+ definition, broadly how many such claims have been paid?
  - a. Probably less than 5;
  - b. Probably more than 5 but less than 20;
  - c. More than 20.

Q2 - a. <5, b5-20, c20+



- If you have had claims on the ABI+ definition, please select one of the following options which most adequately describes your feel for these claims:
  - a. They all would have been paid even if median sternotomy was still required as part of the definition;
  - b. The majority would have been paid even if median sternotomy was still required as part of the definition;
  - c. The majority would have been declined if median sternotomy was required as part of the definition;

# Q3 - a. all paid anyway, b majority paid, c majority declined



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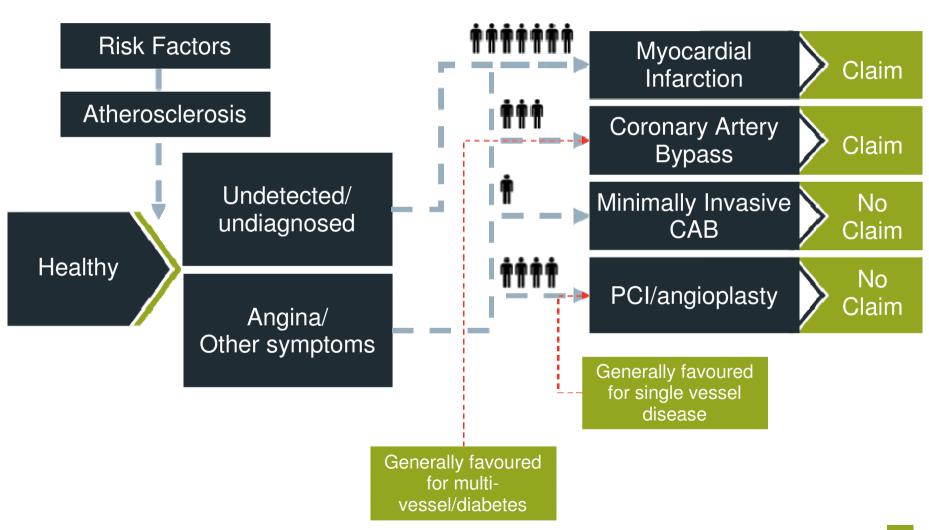
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- CAD treatments: Coronary Artery Bypass Graft & Angioplasty

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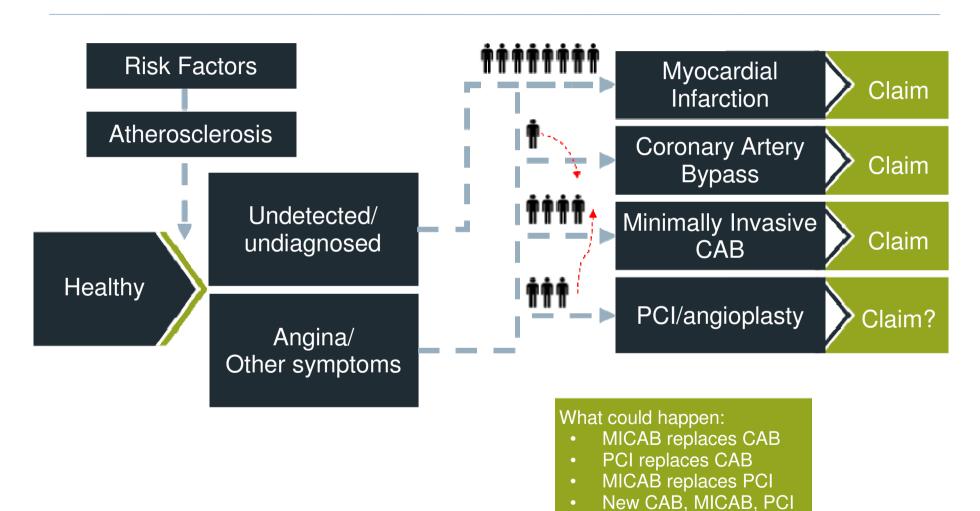
- Heart Valve Replacement or Repair
- Next steps

## Coronary heart disease: journey to claim

#### - Standard ABI



## Coronary heart disease: journey to claim - ABI+



More MI detected

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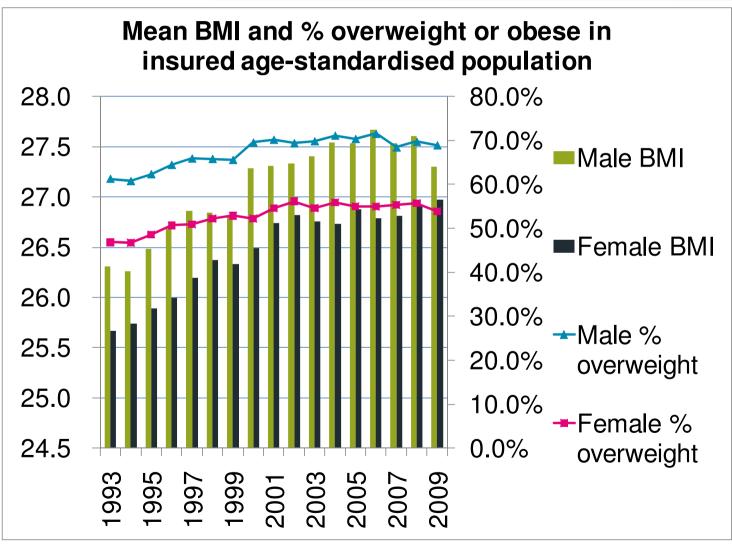
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- Next steps

#### **Heart disease risk factors**

- Obesity
- Hypertension
- Diabetes
- High cholesterol levels
- Sedentary lifestyle
- Smoking

## **Risk factor trends:** rising obesity levels



#### **Heart disease risk factors**

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- Hypertension
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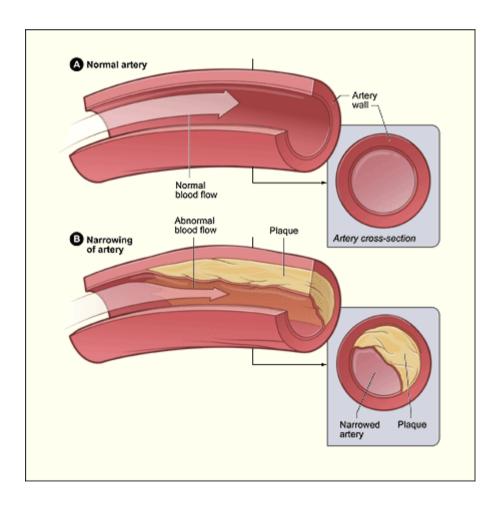
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- Heart Valve Replacement or Repair
- Discussion and next steps

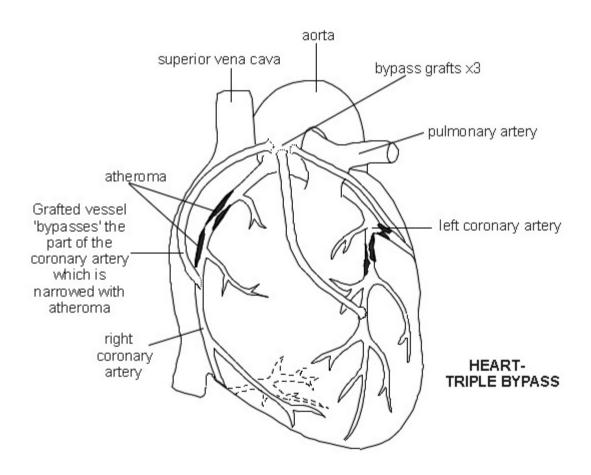
## **CABG & Angioplasty**

## - What are they?



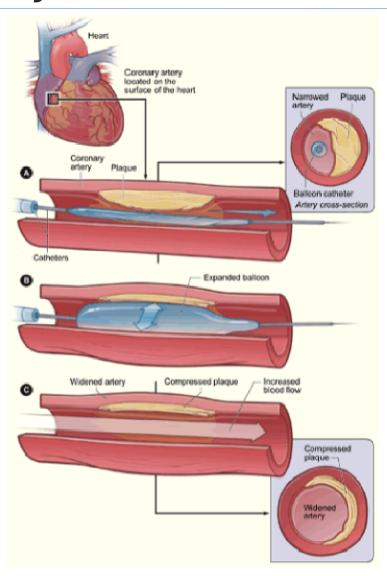
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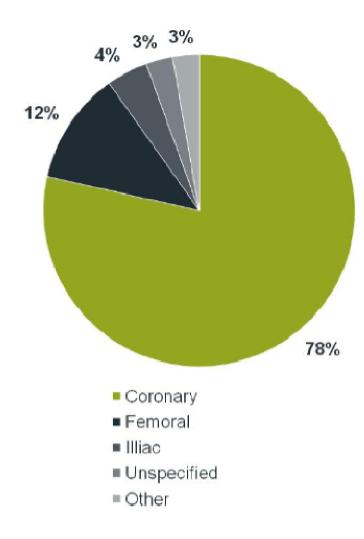


## **CABG & Angioplasty**

## - What are they?



A small but sizeable proportion of angioplasties do not relate to the coronary artery ...



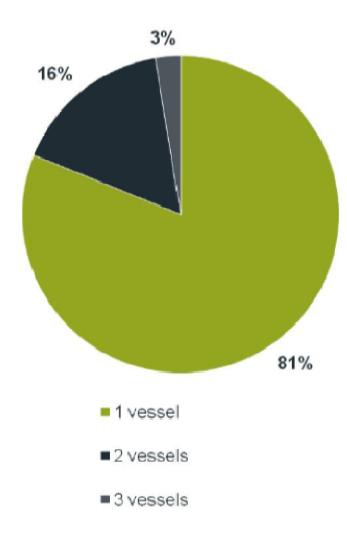
## **Angioplasty vs CABG**

#### A competition!

The majority of angios are carried out on single vessels...

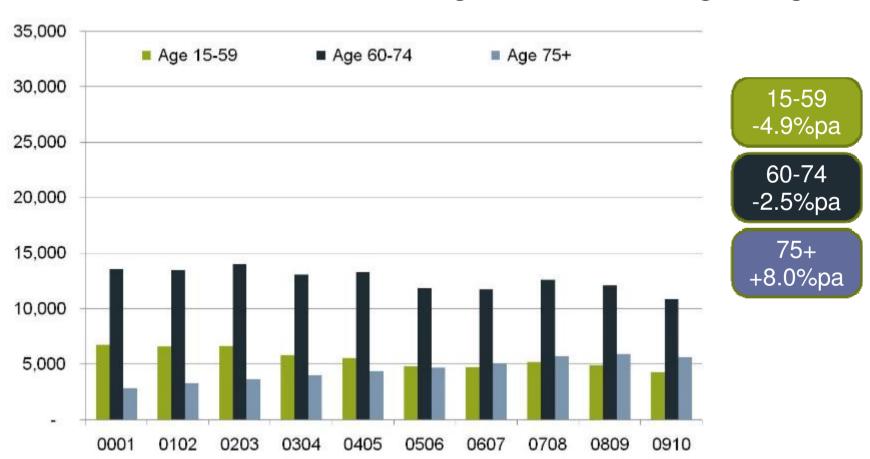
... and this proportion has been slowly rising over recent years

(2009 BCIS Audit data)

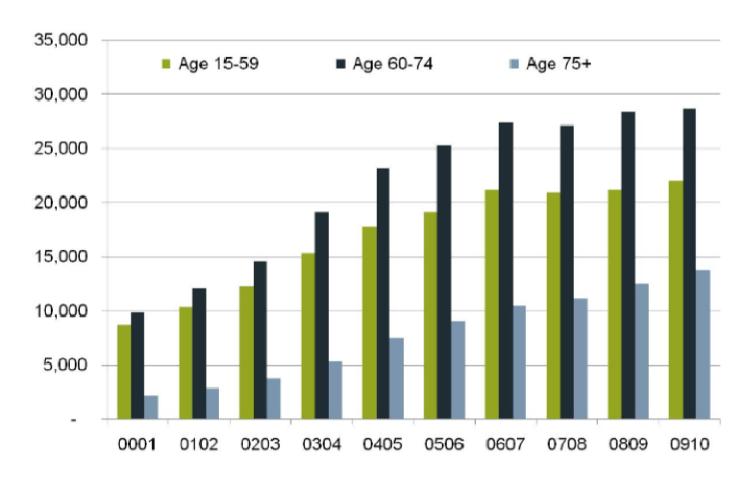


## **Coronary Artery Bypass Graft**

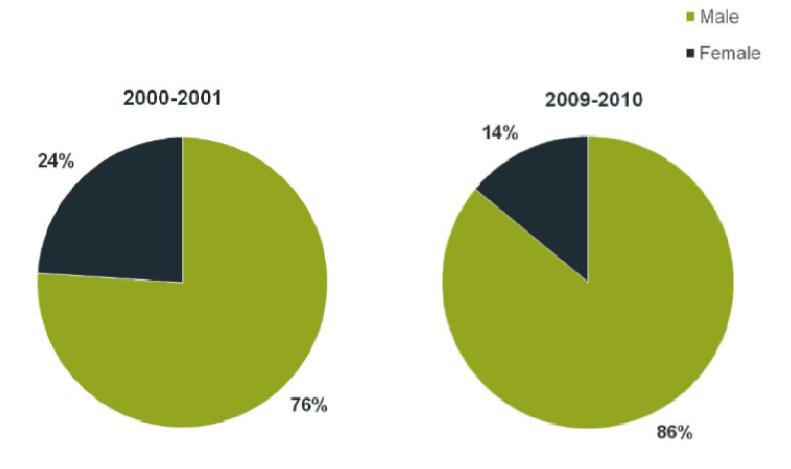
#### CABG incidence has been falling in the insured age range



### Coronary angioplasty admissions have been rising ...

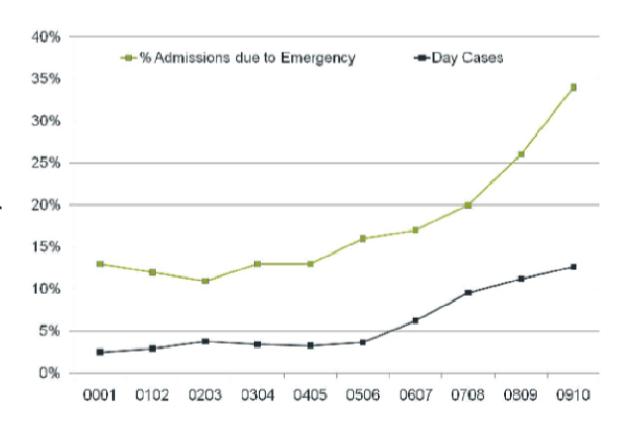


Male incidence has been rising faster than female ...



Emergency cases may overlap with Heart Attack?

Day cases are unlikely to meet ar insured definition?

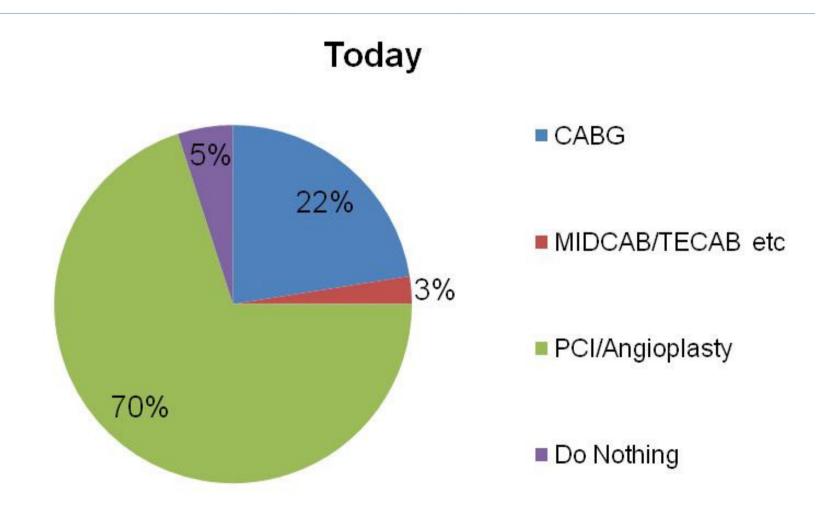


## **Coronary Angioplasty – non-ABI**

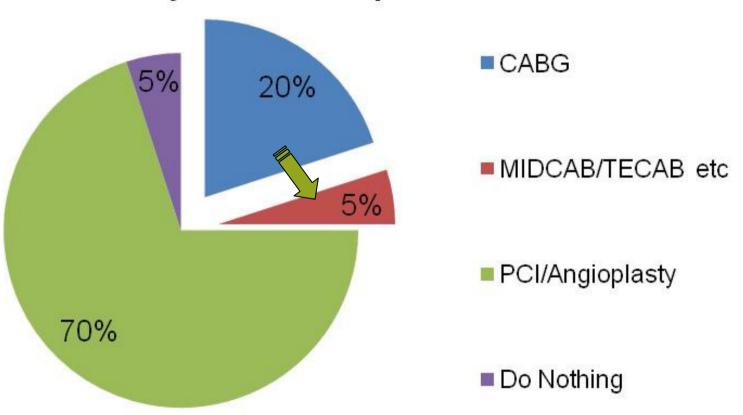
- Severity based definition covering the worst cases:
- Multi-vessel
- >70% stenosis

### CABG – ABI+

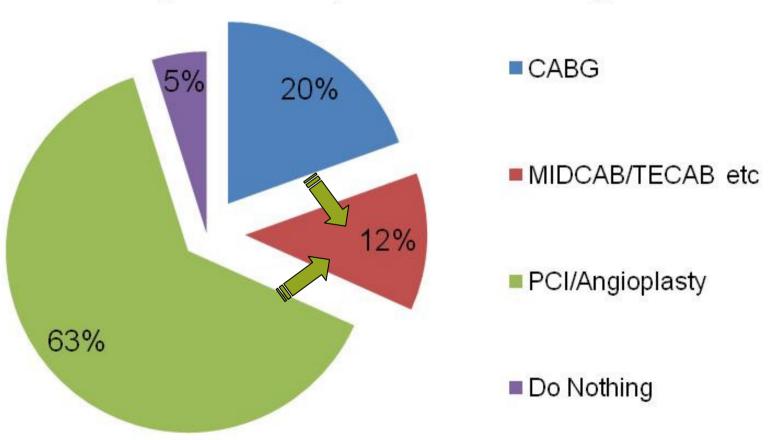
 Removal of median sternotomy opens the door for payouts on new non-invasive techniques



## Minimally invasive replaces CABG?



## Minimally invasive replaces CABG & Angio?



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## Heart valve replacement or repair definition

### **ABI**

Heart valve replacement or repair – with surgery to divide the breastbone

The undergoing of surgery requiring median sternotomy (surgery to divide the breastbone) on the advice of a Consultant Cardiologist to replace or repair one or more heart valves.

→ Open heart surgery only

## Heart valve replacement or repair definition

### ABI+

Heart valve replacement or repair – with surgery to divide the breastbone

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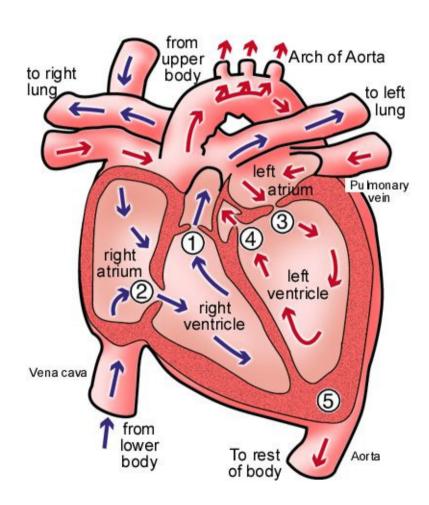
→ Less invasive surgical techniques also covered

### A cross section of the heart

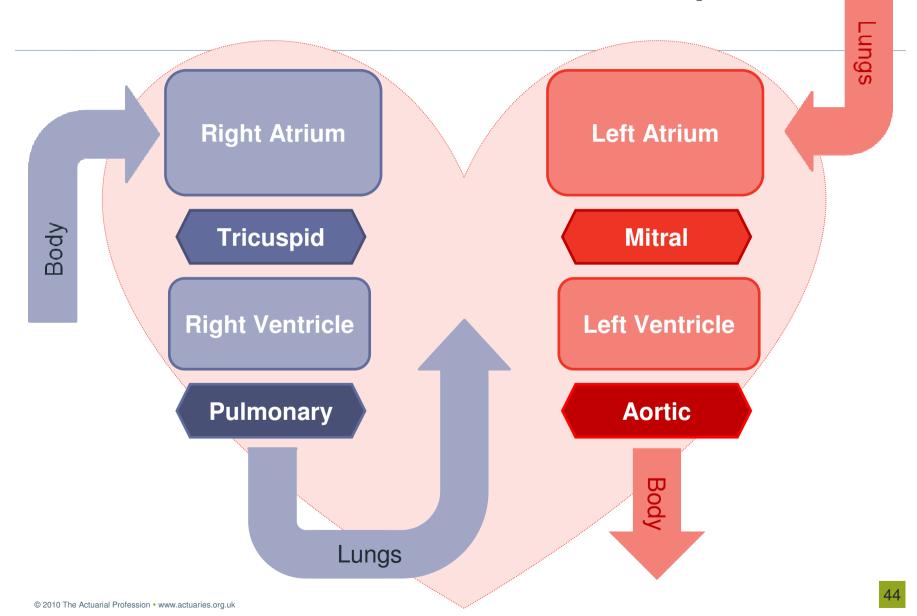
#### Four chambers

#### Four valves:

- 1.Pulmonary
- 2. Tricuspid
- 3.Mitral
- 4. Aortic



# Heart chambers and valves: Tube map



# Which valves are operated on?

Left side (Lungs → Body)

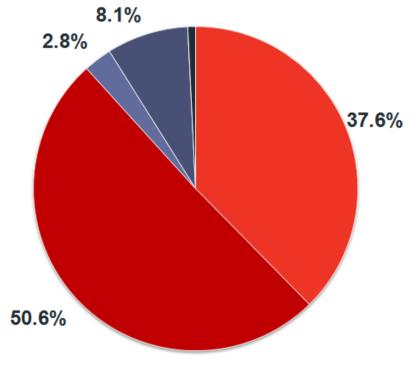
- Mitral
  - Aortic

Right side (Body → Lungs)

- Tricuspid
- Pulmonary





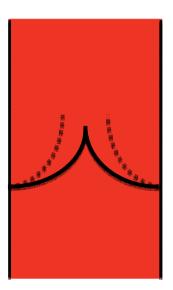


NHS Hospital Episode Statistics for England 2008-09. Inpatient statistics for ages 15-59

# **Healthy Heart Valve**

Opened valve
Blood flows out

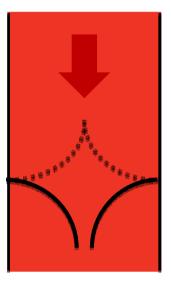
Closed valve
No flow between pumps



### **Heart Valve Disease**

**Eg 1. Stenosis**Stiff valve slows blood flow

Eg 2. Prolapse
Blood leaks back into heart
chamber between pumps



### **Heart Valve Disease Risk Factors**

#### Causes of HV disease:

- 1) Specific problems with the heart valves
  - Congenital (birth defect)
  - Damage from rheumatic fever
  - Infection (endocarditis)
- 2) Calcium build up (age)
- 3) Broader heart problems that affect the valve function (Atherosclerosis, Cardiomyopathy)
- → Risk factors are the usual suspects for heart disease

# **Procedures on faulty valves - Snapshot**

## Repair

- Open heart surgery
- Keyhole surgery
- Valvuloplasty

### ABI

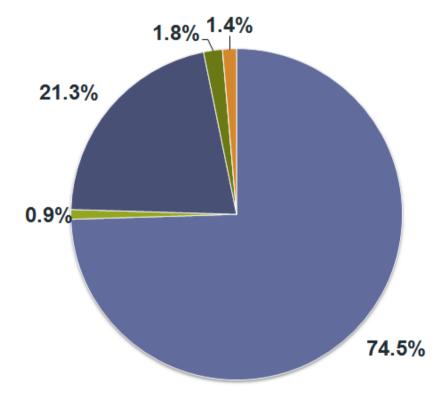
- ABI+
- ?

## Replace

- Open heart surgery
- Keyhole surgery







NHS Hospital Episode Statistics for England 2008-09. Inpatient statistics for ages 15-59

# **Example: Transcatheter valve implants**

### **Artificial valve**



### On a balloon catheter



# **Procedures on faulty valves - Trends**

## Repair

- Open heart surgery
- ABI
- Keyhole surgery
- ABI+

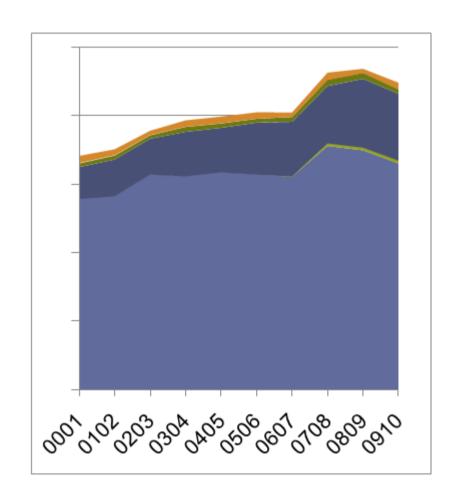
Valvuloplasty

9

## Replace

- Open heart surgery
- ABI
- Keyhole surgery





# The future of Heart Valve Surgery

- Major advantages of less invasive interventions
  - May have lower mortality
  - Can be performed on weaker patients
  - Typically half the recovery time
  - Potentially cheaper
- Possible future: Look at specialised US clinics
  - Mitral valves nearly all repaired, majority are keyhole
  - Aortic valves normally replaced, some keyhole
- Require greater expertise and experience

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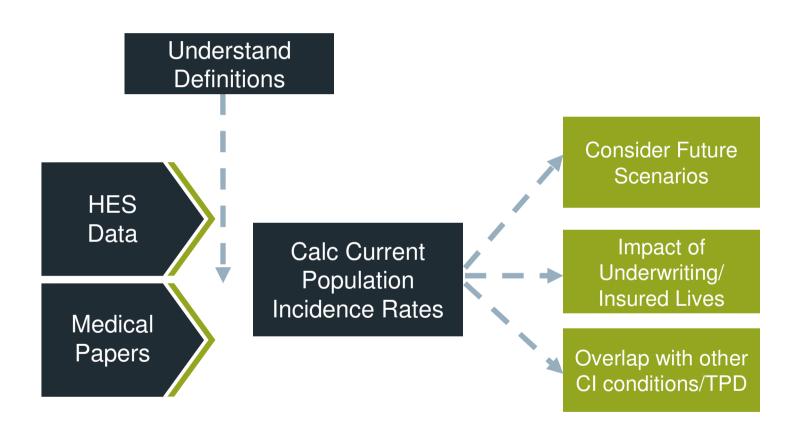
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# Methodology (again)



# **Next steps**

- HES data in a couple of months
- Analyse and continue doing other definitions
- Present initial analysis at CIIHC
- Paper in 2012

## **Questions or comments?**

Expressions of individual views by members of The Actuarial Profession and its staff are encouraged.

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenters.