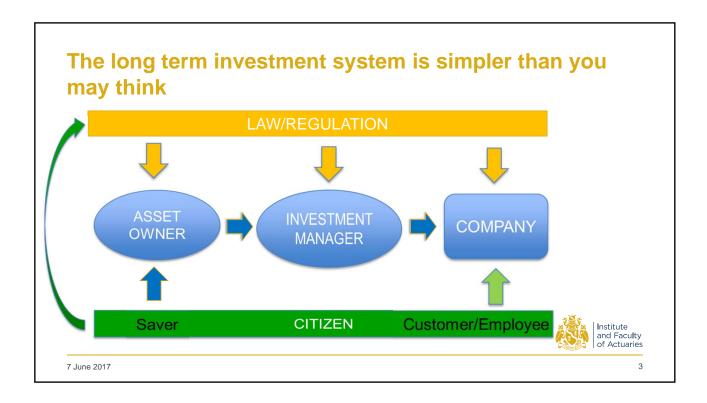


#### Today's agenda

- Assume the science is resolved so climate is now a risk issue
- The long term financial system four key players
- Climate risk and governance who makes which decisions?
- Pension fund trustees (and other asset owners) are central
- Examples of good practice
- How are the regulators doing?
- How are you doing?



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## Pension fund governance: climate risk How important are pension fund trustees?

- What **decisions** do they make?
- What oversight of delegated decisions do they carry out?
- What investment beliefs inform their activity?
- How are they exercising their fiduciary duty?
- How do they view value creation?



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#### **Pension Fund Trustee Board - Decisions and Beliefs**

- Decisions
  - Take investment advice
  - Set investment policy and objectives
  - Set strategic asset allocation (really, strategic risk allocation)
  - Appoint investment managers and monitor them
  - Proxy voting: Do or delegate?
- Trustees' investment beliefs inform these decisions
- Do these investment beliefs include climate change risk? If not, why not?
- Do trustees over-delegate management of climate risk?



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#### Fiduciary Duty - A case of "Bounded Responsibility"?

- Often interpreted (too) narrowly
- UK Law Commission Report (2014): The Fiduciary Duties of Investment Intermediaries
  - DWP response seen as disappointing
  - Recent guidance from TPR encouraging
- ClientEarth QC opinion
  - Highlights legal risk
  - And the legal risk of advisers



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#### Climate change, a financial issue for this pension scheme

- ...the objective is to ensure that our Fund's investment portfolio and processes are compatible with keeping the global average temperature increase to remain below 2°C relative to pre-industrial levels, in-line with international government agreements.
- We have set ourselves three targets for 2020:
  - Invest 15% of the fund in low carbon, energy efficient and other climate mitigation opportunities.
  - Decarbonise the equity portfolio, reducing our exposure to "future emissions" by 90 per cent for coal and 50 per cent for oil and gas by 2020...as at 31 March 2015.
  - Support progress towards an orderly transition to a low carbon economy through actively working with asset owners, fund managers, companies, academia, policy makers and others Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
- Source: Environment Agency Pension Fund

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#### Other pension funds are on the same journey















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#### The power of ownership and collective engagement













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#### Remember this?





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#### How are the regulators and policymakers helping?









Climate Change Act 2008

FINAL DECREE ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ART 173 OF THE FRENCH LAW ON THE ENERGY TRANSITION FOR GREEN GROWTH -CLIMATE AND ESG DISCLOSURE FROM INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS



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#### Good initiatives abound!

















ACCOUNTING FOR SUSTAINABILITY





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#### Actuaries' role in all this

- Resource and Environment Board
- IFoA representation on Advisory Council of Sustainable Finance Programme at University of Oxford's Smith School
- Actuarial valuation/funding in a client's climate change policy (2 years ago...)
- COP21 attendance
- IFoA response to FSB's TCFD Recommendations
- Risk Alert
- Practical Guide for pensions actuaries on resource and environment issues



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#### **Conclusions**

- Climate change is a risk (and an opportunity)
- Risk and finance lie at the core of actuarial expertise
- · Leading pension funds (and other investors) are managing this risk
- Regulators have it on the radar
- So, it's simply another governance issue!
- How are you dealing with it?



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# Questions

### Comments

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