

Overview

- Introduction
- Current areas of debate/contention
- Case studies
- Interactions with TPR
- · Keen to hear your views / spark debate

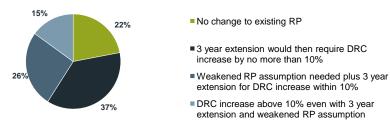


Challenging times

- Market conditions have led to a higher deficit
- Results often not showing benefit of significant deficit contributions
- Employers do not want to see larger deficits and higher contribution requests...
- ...and some trustees are scared to present them?

Not all bad news

- There is flexibility in the system
- Some schemes are coping fairly well



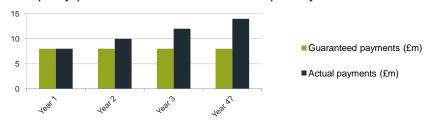
Source: The Pensions Regulator 'The Defined Benefit Regime – Evidence and Analysis' (October 2012). Analysis relates to Tranche 7 (Sept 2011 – Sept 2012) valuations

Case Study 1

- · Mature scheme, closed to accrual
- 2008 valuation
 - Weak covenant
 - Deficit of £100m; liabilities of £500m
 - Affordability constraint of £8m per annum
- Key question how to set a suitable schedule of contributions?

Case Study 1 (continued)

- Agreement of:
 - Fixed deficit contributions of £8m for 14 years
 - Additional £2m if disclosed EBIT trigger met
 - Additional pro rating if dividends increase above current level
- · Company performed well over subsequent years



Case Study 1 (continued)

- 2011 valuation
 - Stronger covenant
 - £90m deficit, £500m of liabilities
 - Trustees want higher fixed contributions
- · Agreed on:
 - £16m per annum for 7 years
 - Plus more if any special dividends paid

Despite market conditions, now have a reduced deficit and a recovery plan due to end three years earlier than that agreed in 2008.

Current Areas of Debate: Discount rates

- Trustee view:
 - Gilt yields lower but no guarantee they will rise
 - Generally reduced view of investment returns across all asset classes
 - Reasonable to retain previous 'gilts plus' approach
 - Larger deficit may simply mean a longer recovery plan if comfortable re affordability
 - But the figures look unpalatable...

Current Areas of Debate: Discount rates (2)

- · Employer view:
 - Lower gilt yields are irrelevant to expected equity returns
 - Looking at expected returns (eg. a 'growth + RPI + risk premium' argument) suggests a much higher discount rate
 - In any case, gilt reversion raises the prospect of trapped surplus if fund on the trustees' proposed basis
 - Argue for much lower deficit and much lower contribution demands

Case Study 2

- £130m liabilities, deficit around £45m
- Scheme much larger than Employer
- Using "gilts plus" assumptions
- Independent covenant assessment 'moderate'

Case Study 2 (continued)

- Employer argued that covenant 'strong'
- Employer's actuary proposes "equity returns basis"
- Trustees estimated company proposal to be in lowest 1% of bases
- Trustees rejected proposals
- · Impasse until statutory deadline

Case Study 2 (continued)

- Employer caved in...withdrew assumptions proposal
- Focused on cash contributions
- Deal still possible but outside of 15 months
- TPR currently awaiting resolution before commenting

Covenant and negotiation key factors

Discuss



Current Areas of Debate: Change of investment strategy

- Increasingly looking at different asset classes in pursuit of returns
- · How should this affect valuation assumptions?
 - Lower volatility implies less downside risk hence higher margins over gilts?



- Reduced upside potential means lower margins?
- Don't forget expenses
- Long term or short term solution?

Current Areas of Debate: Employer covenant

- Are trustees basing investment strategy on employer covenant?
- If cannot support downside risk then should they be pursuing this strategy?
- Increased pressure from sponsors for more/prolonged growth investment
- Often a cause for TPR queries (rather than inconsistency between strategy and returns)

Discuss



Other areas of debate

Inflation
(including RPI v CPI)

Mortality?

Flight paths
to buy-out / buy-in
(Secondary funding
targets?)

Others?

TPR - current role in funding

- Continues to emphasise (and apply) flexibility and 'scheme specific' funding
- Continues to emphasise importance of assessing employer covenant and setting a funding plan accordingly
- Will continue to challenge cases that raise potential concerns
- If TPR would be concerned, perhaps trustees should think twice...

TPR – evolving views

- Starting to work proactively yet sometimes unwanted!
- · Continues to adjust views based on experience and conditions
- 2013 valuation statement expected soon

Further questions or comments?

Expressions of individual views by members of The Actuarial Profession and its staff are encouraged.

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenters.



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