

## Index

- EIOPA
- Update on Solvency II:
- Timing
- Need
- Outstanding issue: LTG
- Preparing for Implementation
- Solvency II and actuarial tasks
- Q&A (from actuaries to a lawyer, i.e. easy ones)

## **EIOPA**



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## **Background**

## What is EIOPA?

- European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority
- It's mission:
  - "Protect the public interest by contributing to the short, medium and long-term stability and effectiveness of the financial system, for the Union economy, its citizens and businesses"

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## **Background**

### **EIOPA Timeline**

- Financial crisis in 2007 and 2008
- November 2008: Committee of Wise Men
- February 2009: De Larosière Report published
- March 2009 22 September 2010: European Legislative process
- 16 December 2010: EIOPA Regulation enters into Force
- 1 January 2011: EIOPA established

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# **Background**

## **Legal Status**

- European Union body with legal personality
- Administrative and financial autonomy
- Autonomous budget revenues from national authorities and EU Budget
- Accountable to EU institutions



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# Background

## **EIOPA** shall contribute to:

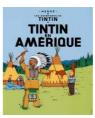












# **Background**

## **EIOPA's main tasks and responsibilities**

- High-quality regulatory standards/practices
- Consistent application of legally binding acts
- Supervision
- Co-operate closely with ESRB
- · Peer review analyses
- Monitor and assess market developments
- Undertake economic analyses of markets
- Foster protection of policyholders

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## **Background**

## **EIOPA's powers**

- Develop draft technical standards
- Issue guidelines and recommendations
- In certain cases, remedy emergency situations
- Settle disagreements in cross-border situations
- · Monitor correct application of EU law
- Methodologies for products and distribution

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## **Background**

## **EIOPA's tools**

- Colleges
- Expert Groups/Committees
- Stakeholder Groups
- Impact Assessment/Consultation/ Stress Tests
- Peer Reviews
- Sectoral/Cross-Sectoral Training

## **EIOPA's Current Priorities**

## Solvency II

- But not only Solvency II...
  - Institutions for Occupational Retirement Provisions Directive
  - Consumer Protection Initiatives
  - Crisis Management
  - Financial Stability

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# **Background**

## **Staff Demographics**

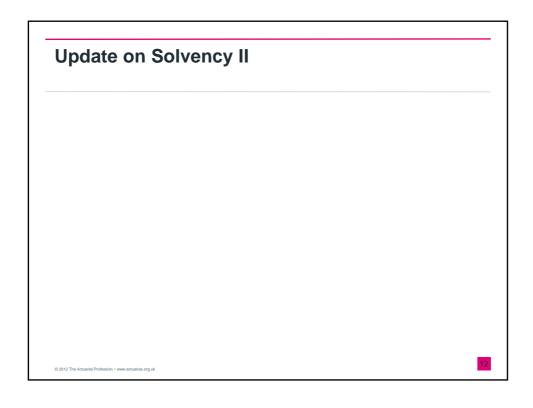
• 87 staff members from 22 different countries:

Male: 44 %Female: 56 %

• SNEs: 11

• Staff (TAs+CAs): 76

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## **Timing**



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# **Update on Solvency II**

## Where is Solvency II

- Directive (O.J. 17 December 2009)
  - to be updated by "Omnibus II" Directive (OMDII)
  - "Quick-fix" Directive (OJ 14 September 2012):
- Implementing measures
  - awaiting proposal from European Commission
- Technical Standards and guidelines
  - under preparation by EIOPA
  - public consultation following publication of OMDII

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### What is the Omnibus II Directive about?

- Basically: EIOPA and Solvency II
- Power and scope for drafting regulatory and implementing technical standards

#### But also...

- Transitional measures
- Discussions on technical and political content matters (resulted in delays)
  - volatility, proportionality, national and sector-specific interests

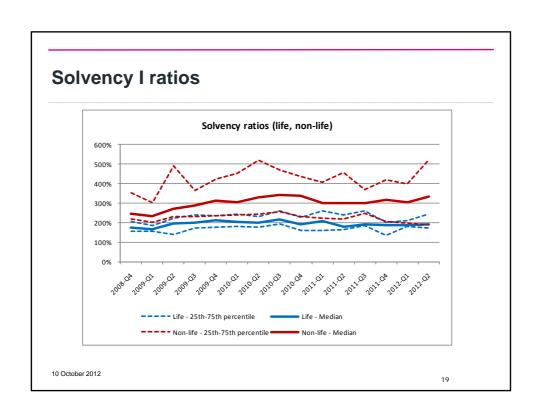
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# **Update on Solvency II**

## Will Solvency II enter into force on 1 January 2014?

- Discussions ongoing between European Commission, Parliament and Council (trilogue)
- EIOPA supports:
  - A clear timetable for Solvency II
  - A commitment to implement by all parties
  - Sufficient time following the legislative process for implementation by undertakings and supervisors







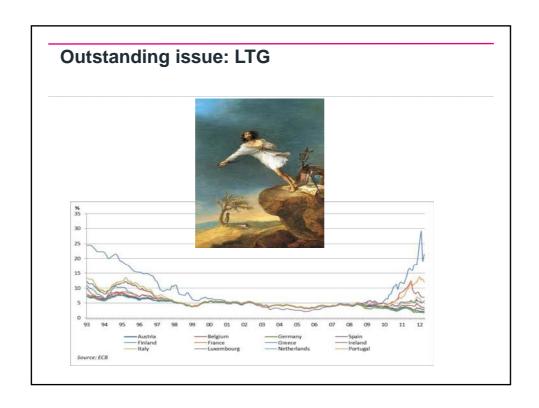
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Risk	Score	Impact	Timing	Qualification
Macro *	1	High	Short-term	Political risk with regard to sovereigns and Eurozone     Weak worldwide growth outlook with a significant dispersion in outlook within Eurozone
Credit		Very High	Short-term	High spreads for sovereigns and financials     Substantial banking exposures
Market *		High	Medium-term	Investing when markets are imbalanced     Low yield environment increases re-investment risk
Liquidity/ funding	<b>3</b>	Medium	Medium-term	Lapse rates stabilised     Ratio of liquid over illiquid investments rising     Funding via cat bonds intact
Profitability/ Solvency	4	Medium	Structural	Combined ratio stabilised since Q2/2011     Solvency ratios are stable
Interlinkages/ Imbalances	6	High	Medium-term	Interbank market tensions are of concern     Risk of banking crisis spillovers     Increased exposures to financials in some jurisdictions
Insurance *	N.	Medium	Structural	Slight increases in life and non-life premiums, but uncertainty about medium-term sustainability of growth     Fewer natural catastrophes than in 2011

## **Usefulness of Solvency II**

# A reminder of what Solvency II should mean for the insurance industry

- Better understanding and management of risks
- Use of (partial) internal models and undertaking specific parameters
- Enhanced group supervision
- Harmonised reporting framework and reliable disclosure
- Contribute to financial stability
- Increased protection of consumers

Good reasons to implement Solvency II soon!



## **Outstanding challenge: long-term guarantees**

# How to deal with the impact on long-term guaranteed products?

- EIOPA to conduct an impact assessment
- Technical specification and scope to be agreed
- Planned launch in October 2012?
- 8 weeks for undertakings to provide information
- Outcome:
  - Final report by the Commission (March 2013?)
  - Based on findings of EIOPA's technical assessment

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# Outstanding challenge: long-term guarantees

## What are EIOPA's objectives?

- Acknowledgement of measures which effectively mitigate the effect of short-term volatility
- Preserve transparency of economic approach
- Reward long-term Asset-Liability Management and hedging strategies
- Build counter-cyclical measures
- · Reinforce level playing field
- Raise awareness of Boards

## **Outstanding challenge: long-term guarantees**

## How can this challenge be met?

- Deciding when it is appropriate to adjust the basic risk-free discount rate to a get the relevant rate for discounting liabilities
  - When there is a match between assets and certain life insurance obligations which is ensured until maturity
  - Potentially in addition, a proportion of the adjustment is foreseen for other obligations where the matching is not ensured due to existence of policyholders' options
  - When financial market stress is the cause of volatility in the own funds
- And how to frame the transition from current rates to riskfree rate

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# Preparing for implementation



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## **Preparing for implementation**

## What is EIOPA doing?

- Drafting technical standards and guidelines
  - Own Funds, SCR, Governance, Capital add-ons, SPVs
- Pre-application process for internal models
- Preparing for EIOPA's operational tasks
  - List of authorised firms, exceptional fall in financial markets, risk free rate

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# **Preparing for Implementation**

## Reporting

- Final report on CP9 and CP11 published in July 2012
- Stable basis for early implementation efforts
- There are specific reporting requirements for life insurers:
  - Based on the different nature of technical provisions and duration of liabilities
  - Certain product types, such as variable annuities
- Examples of life risks which templates aim to captured are:
  - mortality, disability/morbidity, lapse

## **Preparing for Implementation**

#### **ORSA**

- Final Report to CP 8 also published in July 2012
- · Stable basis for early implementation efforts
- Key aspects of the assessment
  - A top-down process owned by the board
  - Full risk picture (risk management and internal controls)
  - Should be an integral part of the business strategy
  - Provides a connection between business strategy and capital planning
  - Can company "afford" its strategic plan 3-5 years ahead

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# **Preparing for Implementation**

#### **Internal Models**

- Close collaboration with NSA to ensure consistent preapplication processes
- Meetings with industry stakeholders
- EIOPA Opinion on use of External Models and Data
- Use of Economic Scenario Generators
- Board needs to understand model and its limitations

Solvency II and Actuarial tasks					
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# **Solvency II and Actuarial tasks**

## **Tasks of the Actuarial function**

- Coordination of calculation of technical provisions
- Validation of underlying models, assumptions, data as well as the results of the calculation
- Opinion on pricing, underwriting and reinsurance policy
- Opinion on the risks modeled in the insurer's risk management system in particular for internal models
- Conclusions from these analysis to be reported to the management / decision taking body

## **Solvency II and Actuarial tasks**

## **Valuation of technical provisions (TP)**

- Guidelines to increase consistency and convergence of professional practice in the calculation of TP
- To be applied both by actuaries and others appointed to such tasks
- Need for a proportionate assessment
  - Examples of simpler methodologies to value TP
  - Based on nature, scale and complexity of risks
- Expert judgment recognised as key component

## **Solvency II and Actuarial tasks**

## **Contract Boundaries**

- · Premiums should fully reflect the risks
  - Meaning they are always equal or larger than the benefits and expenses.
- Application of criteria at the:
  - Level of the portfolio rather than contract level
- Some exemptions
  - Wider contract boundary necessary for certain life insurance products

# Expressions of individual views by members of The Actuarial Profession and its staff are encouraged. The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter.

# • THANK YOU! Carlos.Montalvo@eiopa.europa.eu