

Global Macro Trends: Today & Tomorrow

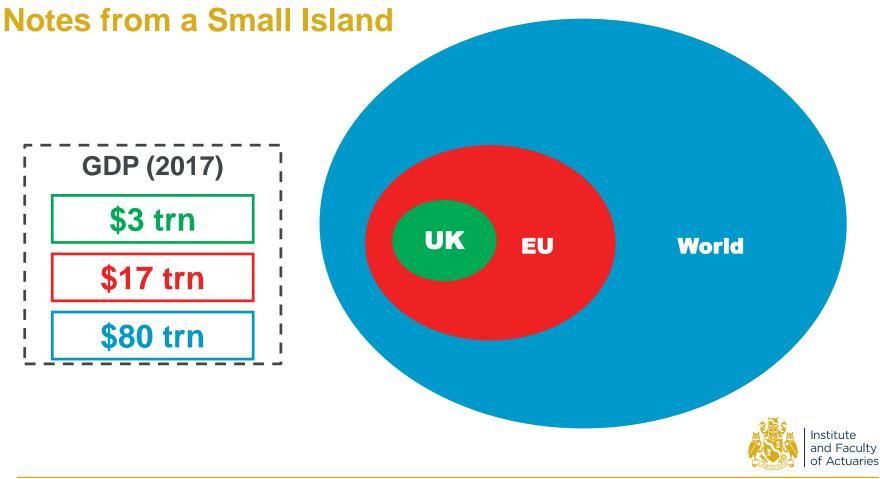
Chris Jeffery Global Economist / Asset Allocation Strategist Legal and General Investment Management



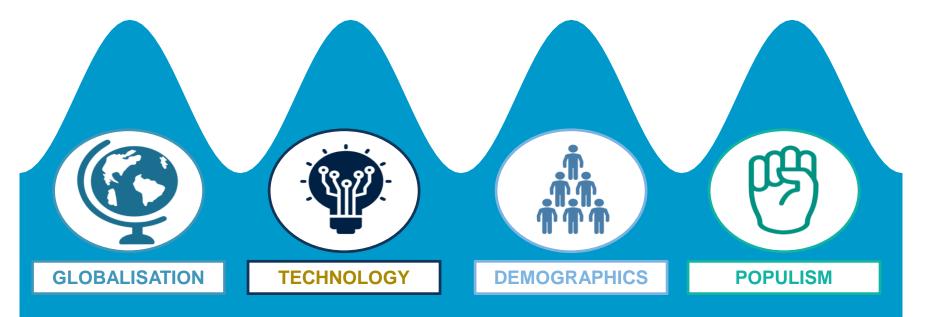
Global Macro Trends: Today & Tomorrow

Globalisation, Technology, Demographics, Populism

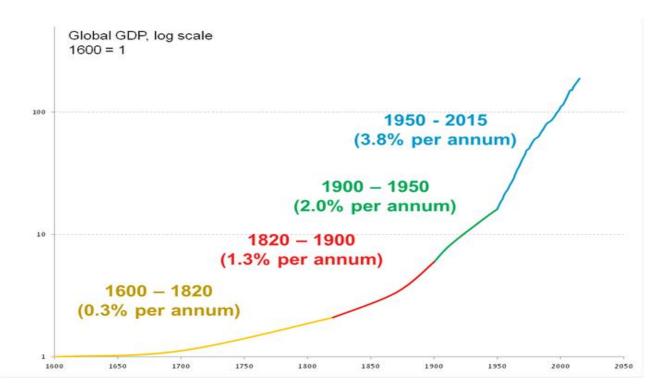
03 December 2018



The impact of four waves





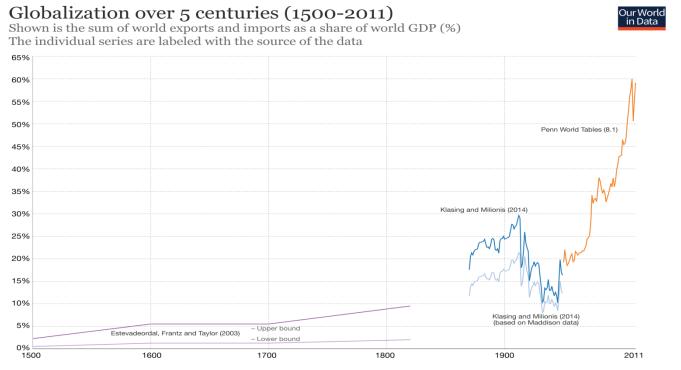


Global growth... we've never had it so good?



GLOBALISATION

Driven by specialisation and trade



Data sources: Klasing and Milionis (2014), Estavadeordal, Frantz and Taylor (2003) and the Penn World Tables Version 8.1 The interactive data visualization is available at OurWorldinData.org. There you find the raw data and more visualizations on this topic.

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Globalisation and urbanisation

	2015	
	Токуо	
۲	Delhi	
*)	Shanghai	
	São Paulo	
۲	Mumbai	
۲	Mexico City	
*1	Beijing	
	Osaka	
1ÅI	Cairo	
	New York	
	Dhaka	
C	Karachi	
۲	Buenos Aires	
۲	Kolkata	
C*	Istanbul	

Population (million)

	2030	
	Tokyo	
۲	Delhi	
*1	Shanghai	
۲	Mumbai	
*1	Beijing	
	Dhaka	
Ċ	Karachi	
<u>kis</u>	Cairo	
	Lagos	
۲	Mexico City	
	São Paulo	
>	Kinshasa	
	Osaka	
	New York	
۲	Kolkata	
*)	Guangzhou	



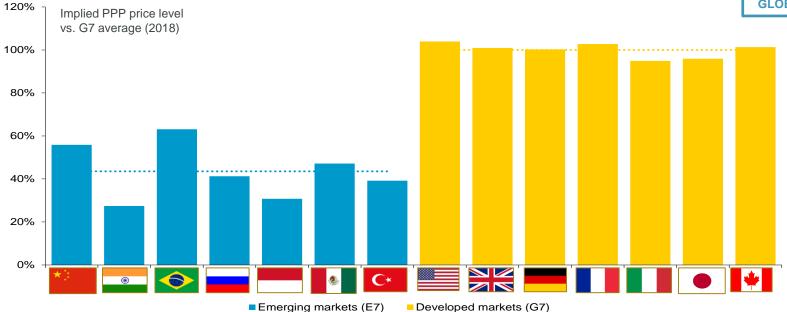


Population (million)



The cost advantage in emerging markets is hard to ignore

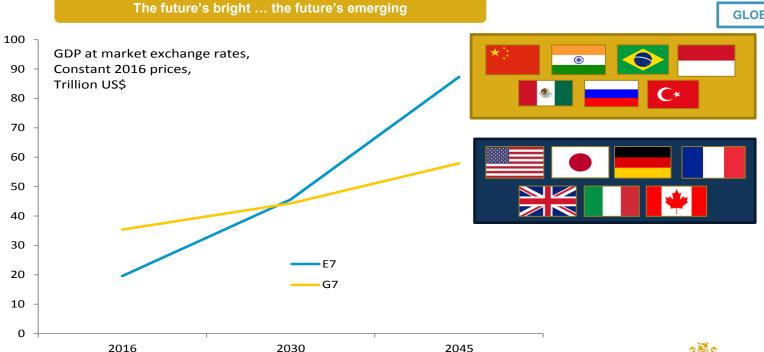






Catch-up of emerging markets







Energy... a scarce resource or a technology?



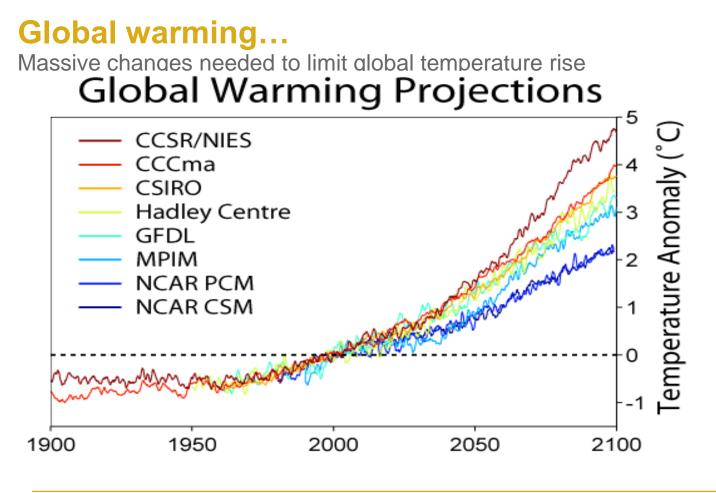












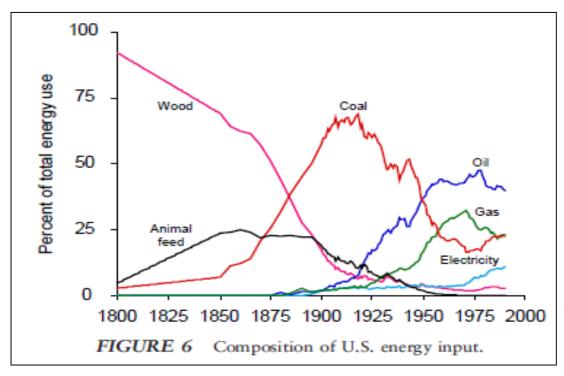




Source: https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Global_Warming_Predictions.png

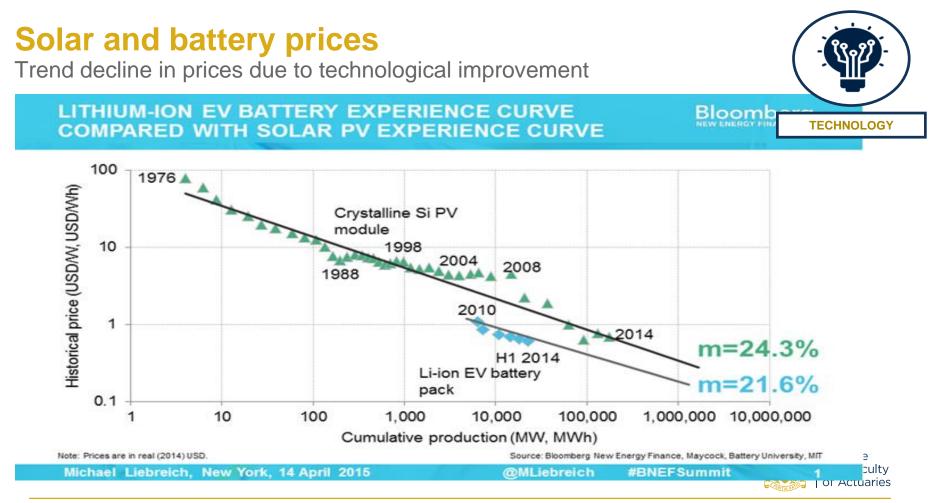
Energy mix revolution...

Has been done before...coal, wood, animals





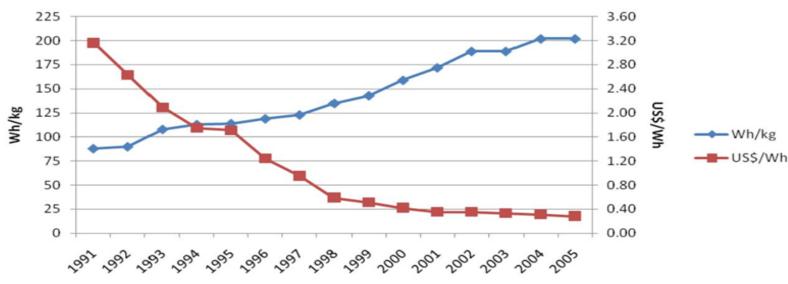




Battery technology

Inverse relationship between density and price





Li-Ion Pricing and Energy Density, 1991-2005

Adapted from Buchman (2005)

Other technology prices falling too

Collapse in data storage -> big data -> AI-> autonomous driving







Western Digital

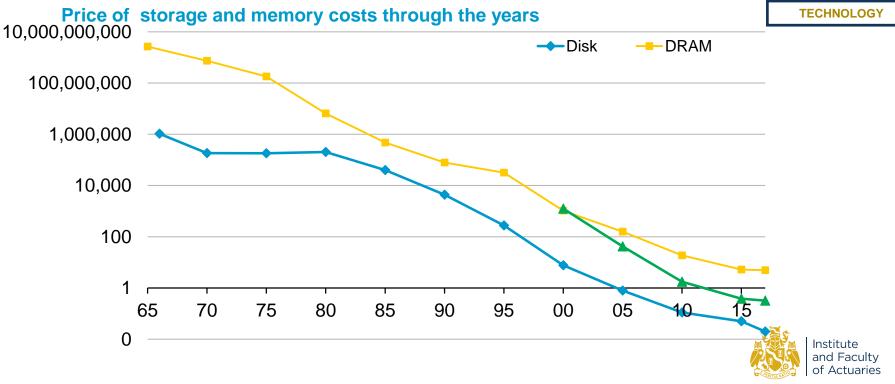
An IBM 14-in HDD from the early 1980s next to today's highest capacity 3.5-in HDD. The 14-in HDD holds 200MB; the 3.5-in HDD from Western Digital holds 10TB of data or more than 50,000 times the amount of data.



Disruption from falling data storage prices

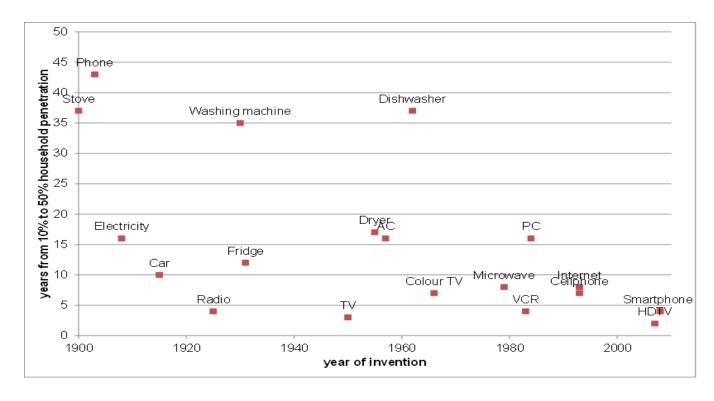
Will the robots destroy all the jobs?

(Nand Flash = SD card, DRAM = computer memory)



Disruption is happening quicker?

Smartphone 4 years, computer 16 years, phone 43 years







Don't underestimate the potential for technological change



"The telephone has too many shortcomings to be seriously considered a means of communication"

William Orton, Western Union President, 1876

"There is a world market for maybe five computers"

Thomas Watson, IBM Chairman, 1943

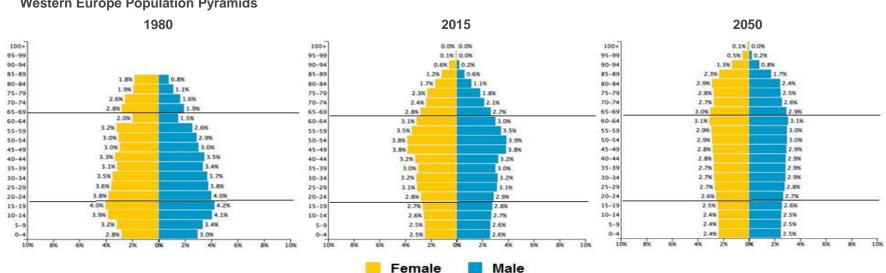
"There's no chance that the iPhone is going to get any significant market share"

Steve Ballmer, Microsoft CEO, 2007



Demographics – Population Pyramid Scheme Running out of workers!

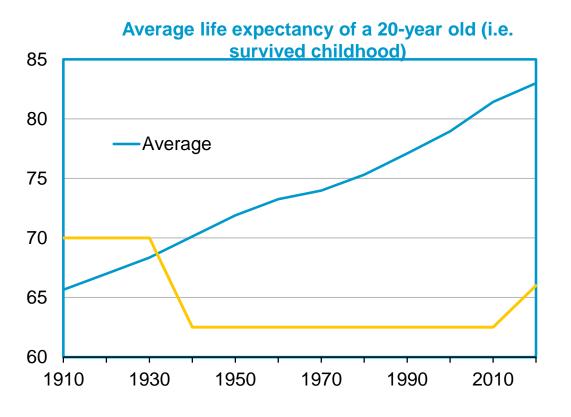




Western Europe Population Pyramids



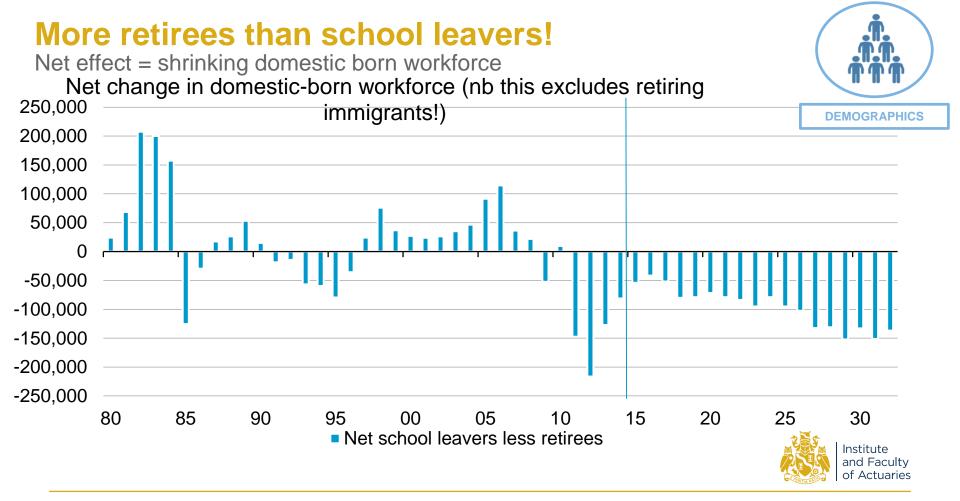
Population Pyramid Scheme – Rising life expectane





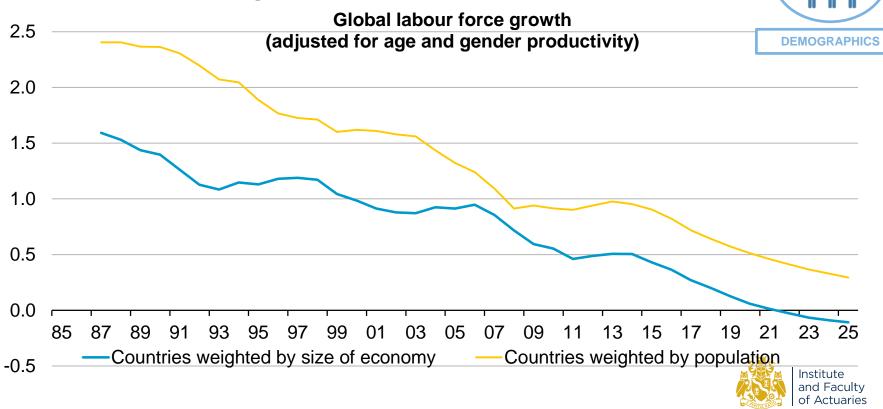
- In 1908, life expectancy was BELOW pension age
- In 1940s, the gap was 7 years
- Today, the gap is 17 years

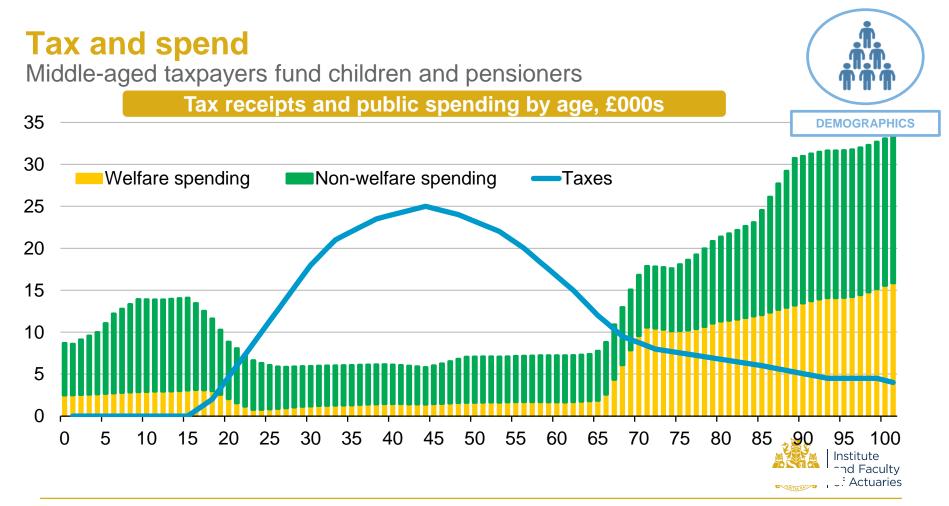




UK story the same globally...

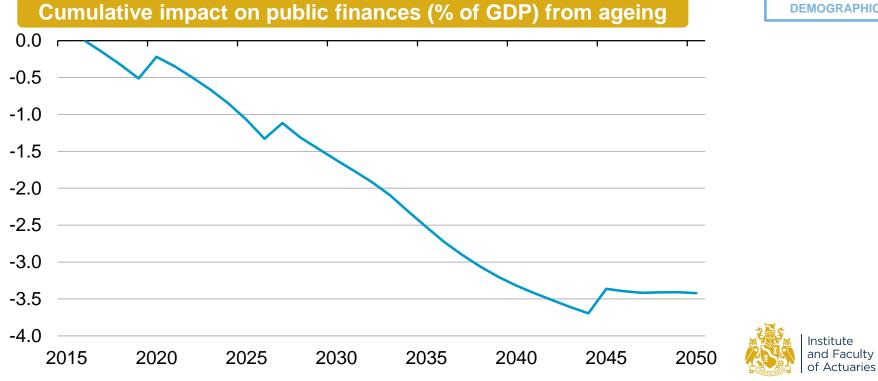
Global labour force slowing



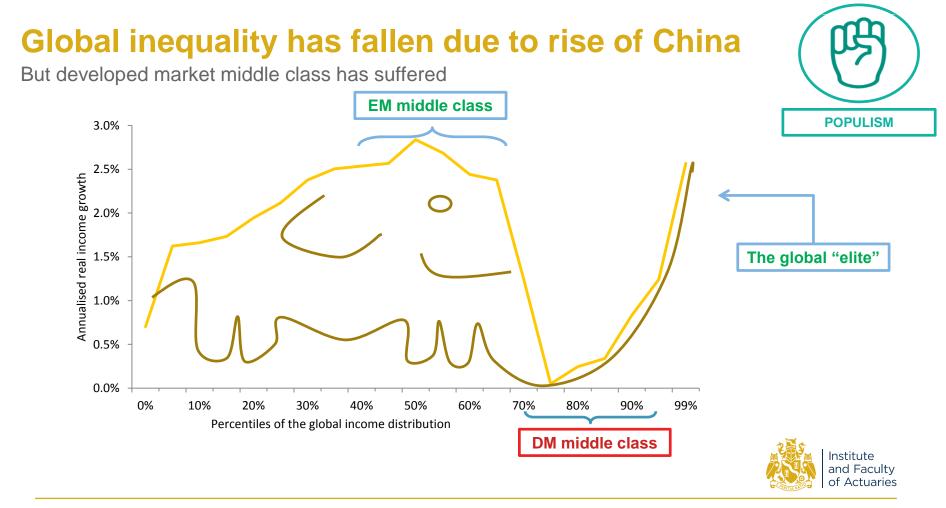


Public finances under pressure

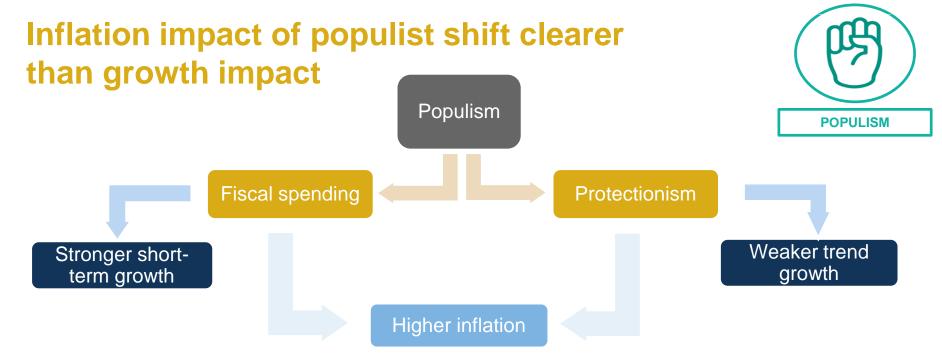
Lower taxes and higher health/pension costs to boost deficit



DEMOGRAPHICS



Source: "Global Income Distribution: From the fall of the Berlin Wall to the Great Recession" Lakner and Milanovic, World Bank Economic Review, September 2015



"An ideology that pits a virtuous and homogeneous people against a set of elites and dangerous 'others' who are together depicted as depriving (or attempting to deprive) the sovereign people of their rights, values, prosperity, identity, and voice"

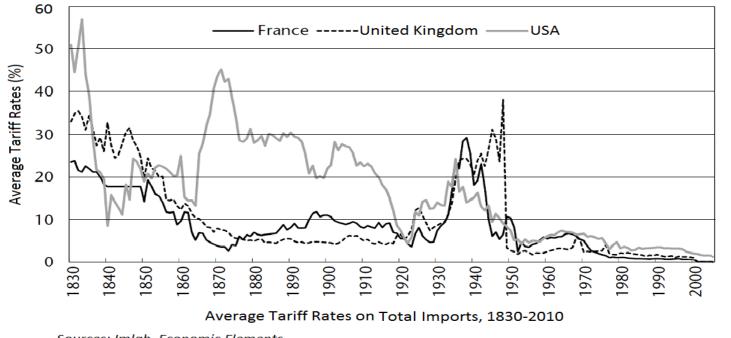
Albertazzi & Duncan (2008), Twenty-First Century Populism



Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

Trade war?

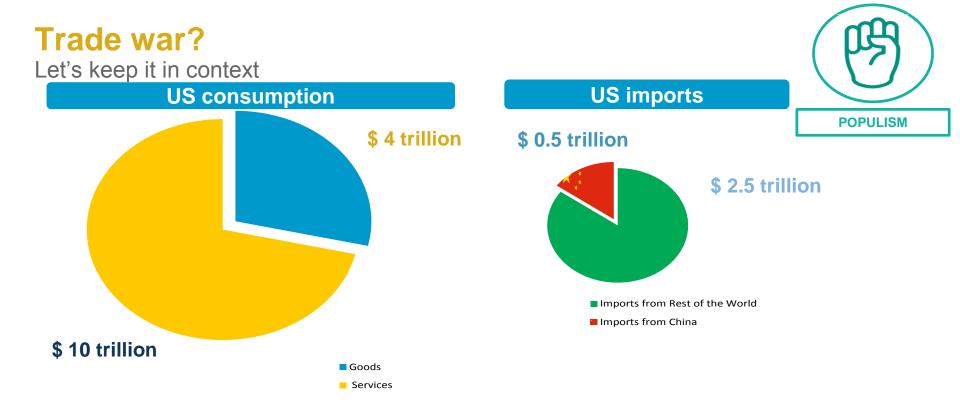
US often raised tariffs... but 1930s was first time we saw retaliation





Sources: Imlah, Economic Elements

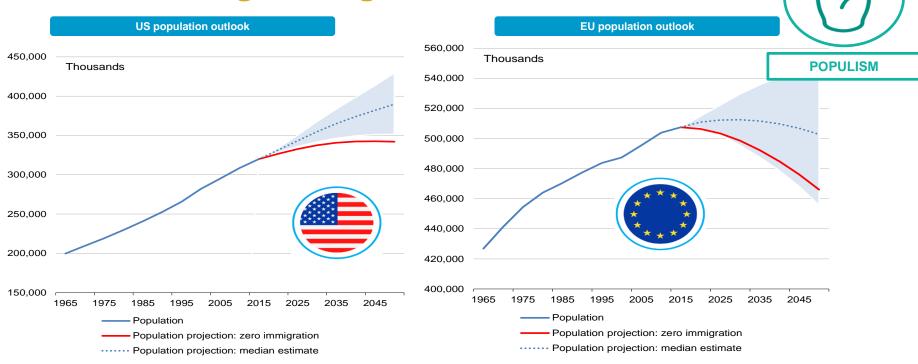




- 10% tariff on all Chinese imports is still only an average tariff of 1.7%
- CPI impact of tariffs is small but noticeable...
- Tariffs so far amount to ¼% of GDP



Who needs high immigration?

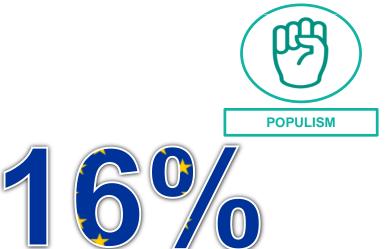




Who wants high immigration?



of Americans described immigration as having a "very or fairly positive" impact on their country

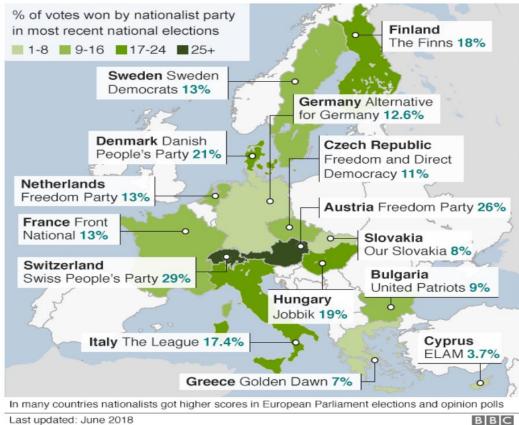


of Europeans* described immigration as having a "very or fairly positive" impact on their country



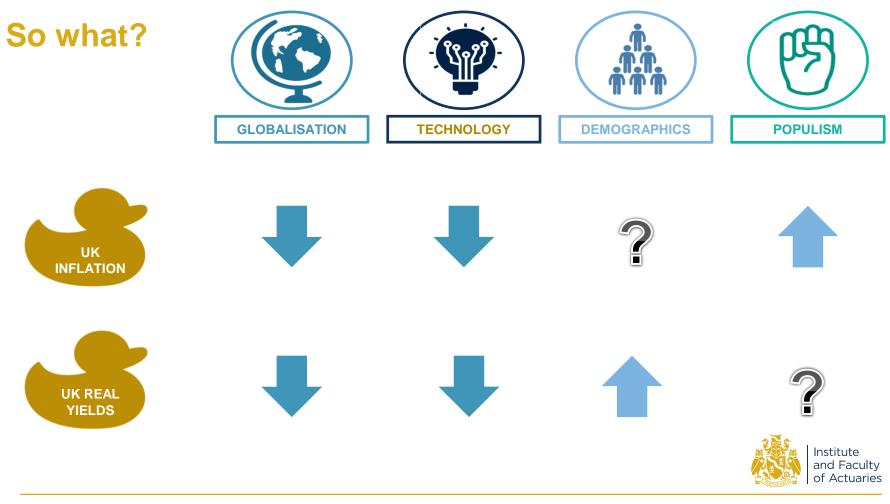
Source: "Global Views on Immigration and the Refugee Crisis" Ipsos, Sep 2017. European data are an unweighted average of Hungary, Italy, Belgium, France, Poland, Germany, Sweden, Spain and the United Kingdom.

Rise of nationalism in Europe









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