

Regulation around Pricing

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Regulation – A Personal Lines Perspective

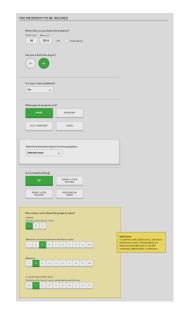
Wendy Seago – Aviva

Threats abound to established players



Consumers are seeking value and convenience

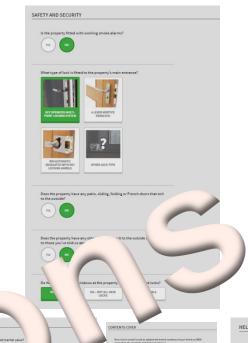


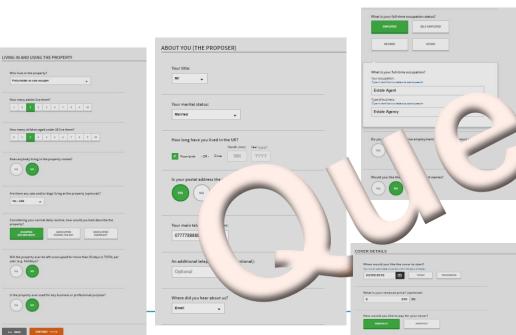


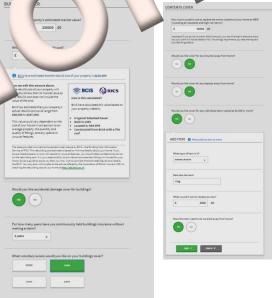


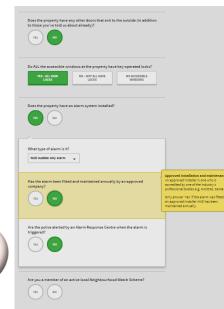
CLAIMS, CONVICTIONS & DECLARATION

No sizim made







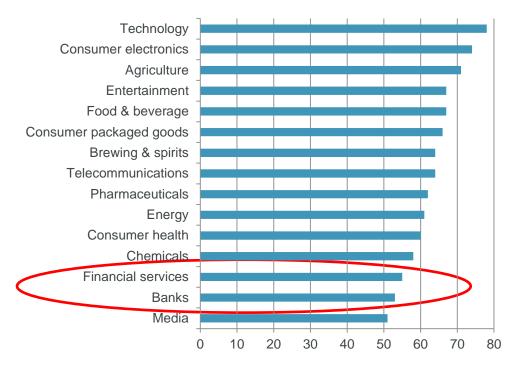




How do we appear to consumers?

- A grudge purchase
- Hard to do business with
- Not trusted
 - only 36% of UK consumers state they have trust in financial services firms
 - We have a reputational issue

Edelman Trust Barometer 2015



Financial services and banks are the second least trusted industries, only just ahead of media

Media stories do not help our cause

Shame of insurance giants: How loyal customers are ripped off by up to £1,000 a year - to fund cut-price deals for new homeowners and drivers





Insurance scandal: Up to three million shoppers could get compensation over 'rip-off' warranties

Victory for Mail over insurance sharks' rip-offs

Insurers that charge the sick 60 TIMES too much for travel cover: Cancer sufferer quoted £1,551 for a two week holiday in Spain

Telegraph investigation: Drivers overcharged for motor insurance as firms use secret deals to inflate repair costs by up to 100pc

Unfortunately, a sizeable proportion of our customers think....

We may rely on small print to avoid paying claims

We do not reward loyalty

.... and that leaves us at real risk of disruption

What role can pricing play in addressing the trust issue? We need to tackle NB v renewal pricing differentials

- Do our pricing models accurately predict the threat of disruption? Do they factor in the long term consequences of current practices?
- Are our pricing models too focused on short term revenue considerations?
- Can any insurer afford to "go it alone" and break the mould?
- Competition law is a barrier to creating an industry wide solution
- Maybe we need a regulatory intervention, despite the further short term reputational damage



Regulation – A London Market Pricing Actuary's Perspective

Steve Powell – TMHCC

Current Actuarial Pricing Regulation

- TAS 100, TAS 200, APS X2
- Actuaries Code

Framework for FRC actuarial standards

Applies to all technical actuarial work

TAS 100

Apply to specified work

TASs 200, 300, 400 etc (Insurance, Pensions, Funeral Plans etc)

- Not here to lecture on these
- But how should we comply with these without negative impact on our work and companies

Statements of Recommended Practice
Guidance

Common Sense Approach

Balancing timely and efficient delivery with increasing requirements for

communication and documentation

- However not 'reserved work'
- Less public interest than Personal Lines
- Pricing actuary can do variety non-actuarial work
- Underwriter or senior management involvement
- Without TAS's, Actuaries Code etc. we'd still be a responsible profession, that follows the majority of this anyway.
- Do we sometimes 'gold plate' the regulation ourselves?
- Then end up over-caveating, over-documenting





Key Thoughts/Points – Common Sense (continued)

- Overriding Reliability Objective user can rely on our work but we communicate uncertainty
- Judgement justifiable. Data appropriate. Assumption appropriate.
- Models fit for purpose. Communication clear. Documentation
- Always proportionate
- Communication (obviously) done at time of delivery
- Not so full of detail that material information is obscured
- Documentation can be afterwards.
- Spreadsheet can be a document



Communication/Documentation Framework

Proportionate

	Communication / Documentation	Checks		
Level of Work	Min / TAS Requirement	Min / APS X2 Requirement		
High	- Detailed document produced so user understands the recommendation and uncertainties/limitations at time of decision	- Tech checks of calculations		
	- Short document produced so user understands the recommendation and uncertainties/limitations at time of decision (if the work follows on from other work for which detailed documentation is available, eg annual capital reports or annual reserving reports)	- Review by senior independent actuary		
	 Clear, logical spreadsheets available at time of decision TAS Checklist completed (for detailed documentation) 	- Sense check by appropriate user of work product		
Medium	 Short document produced so user understands the recommendation and uncertainties/limitations at time of decision Clear, logical spreadsheets available at time of decision 	Tech checks of calculationsSense check by appropriate user of work product		
Low	 User understands the recommendation and uncertainties/limitations at time of decision Clear, logical spreadsheets (available post decision) Annual sample review to check quality of spreadsheets 	- Initial Review/Checks & Quarterly or Annual sample Review		

Example Work (Pricing)

Level of Work	Example Work						
High	Large (>\$1m premium) account/lineslip/binder pricing - pre-bind, in which actuarial pricing analysis is key to underwriting decision. Rate review and pricing model development – if rates used directly in quoting/pricing without underwriter discretion - >\$1m annual premium; otherwise, >\$10m						
Medium	Medium-sized (\$100k-\$1m premium) account pricing strongly influencing underwriting decision Actuary-led review and amendments to pricing model expected to affect/change underwriting decisions on >10% of a line of business						
Low	Individual account or outwards RI treaty pricing exercise undertaken to support (but not key to) underwriter/management decision. Technical review of sub-section of pricing model (e.g. individual credit/debit) with minor effect on overall pricing and underwriting decisions.						
Out of Scope (where not presented as Actuarial work)	Basic loss cost calculations or catastrophe modelling work that could otherwise have been performed by reasonably technical analyst or underwriter. Pricing Model development work to implement underwriter-led changes and/or improve efficiency Routine Management Information production						

Evidencing Compliance

Date	Area 🔻	Title	Description -	Frequency? (N/A if one- off)	Directory •	Owne r	Revie we	Level	Level Rationale	CRO Agree
Jun-17	Pricing	Budget Loss Ratio Analysis	Projections for business planning purposes	Annual	S:\Actuarial\Reserving\2016\1612\Budg et LR Projections			Н	Output to Exec and head office. Influence budgeted loss ratios used throughout business.	Y
Sep-17	Pricing	FI Pricing Model	FI Pricing Model Development	N/A	\\hcch.com\hcln\Actuarial\Actuarial\Pri cing\D&O\LoBs - FI - PI D&O Crime\2017			М	Actuarial analysis to support some sections of rating, but core rating based on UW judgement. Technical assistance/training/support.	Y
Sep-17	Pricing	LoB A RI Pricing	Arms-length pricing for internal reinsurance	N/A	\\hcch.com\hcln\Actuarial\Actuarial\Pri cing\Reinsurance\2017			L	Internal reinsurance cost allocation	Υ
Aug-17	Pricing	PMD Report Development	Adapting report to new Policy Admin System	N/A	\\hcch.com\hcln\Actuarial\Actuarial\Pri cing\Rate monitoring\PMD Report Development			Out of Scope	Communication of basic calculation/Lloyd's requirements to IT	Y
Jul-17	Pricing	LoB B RI Review	Review of Reinsurance effectiveness and possible alternative structures	N/A	\\hcch.com\hcln\Actuarial\Actuarial\Pri cing\Reinsurance\2017			М	Possible costs/downside from recommendations <\$1m. Supporting decision, but many other factors considered. Significant portion of work non-actuarial.	Υ
Oct-17	Pricing	Actuarial Function Report - Opinions on UW Policy & RI Adequacy	Annual Actuarial Function Opinions x 3 Entities	Annual	\\hcch.com\hcln\Actuarial\Actuarial\Solvency II\Actuarial function report\2017\UW Opinion and RI Adequacy			Н	Board and regulator use. Opinions on strategic business decisions	Y

Nothing in TAS 100 should be interpreted as requiring work to be performed that is not proportionate to the nature, scale and complexity of the decision or assignment to which the work relates and the benefit that users would be expected to obtain from the work.