

Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

#### History Lessons: Fighting Moore and Parkinson to achieve pricing success James Tanser Willis Towers Watson

### Introduction

- 20+ years of personal lines pricing
- Lots has changed!
  - Or has it?
- Why do we have the same conversations, dressed up in new clothes?

• And now for some quotations to help us get started



# **Source material**

#### History; Parkinson; Moore



#### **History lessons**

#### "Those who cannot remember the past are condemned to repeat it"

George Santayana

"History repeats ... first as tragedy, then as farce"

• Karl Marx

#### **Statistics**

#### "Over X% of statistics are made up on the spot"

• Various sources, 50%<X<99%

• Unless stated otherwise, all the numbers in the presentation were made up to help make a point

#### **Parkinson's Law**

# "Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion"

- For today, I assume this means:
  - Work expands to fully utilise the available resources
- Where resources may be people, computers, time, ...
  - "Bureaucracy increases by 5% to 7% per annum"

### Parkinson and pricing teams

- Number of actuaries employed in pricing a leading motor book:
  - 1975: 0
  - 1985: 0.2 (GIRO conference started this year)
  - 1995: 1
  - 2005: 5
  - 2015: 25
- 17.5% annualised growth over last 30 years
  - 10% more pricing resource each year after adjusting for bureaucracy?

### Moore's Law

# "The number of transistors in a dense integrated circuit doubles approximately every two years"

- Colloquially, for today, I assume this means:
  - The speed of computers doubles every two years
  - The amount of storage in a standard disk (array) doubles every two years
  - 41% annualised growth rate
- Countered by Wirth's law
  - Computer programs get bigger and compensate for speed increases by running more slowly

### Moore and pricing teams

- Pricing work tends to use computers (or calculators in 1985?)
- So the amount of work one person can do in a day has increased by 41% per annum
- Hence the amount of work done by pricing teams has increased by 55% per annum over the last 30 years
  - Sounds familiar?
  - What are we all doing, exactly?



# **History repeating**

Perennials; Reality



### **Perennial issues**

- Legacy systems
- Geography
- Vehicle groups
- Time to complete analysis
- Time to get rates to market

### Legacy systems

#### 1990's problems

- Systems designed in 1970s
- Inflexible, hard to access
- Can't cope with adding any new fields
- Multiple systems can't speak to each other

#### 2010's problems

- Systems designed in 1990s
- Inflexible, hard to access
- Can't cope with adding 100 new fields
- Multiple systems can't speak to each other

# Geography

#### 1990's problems

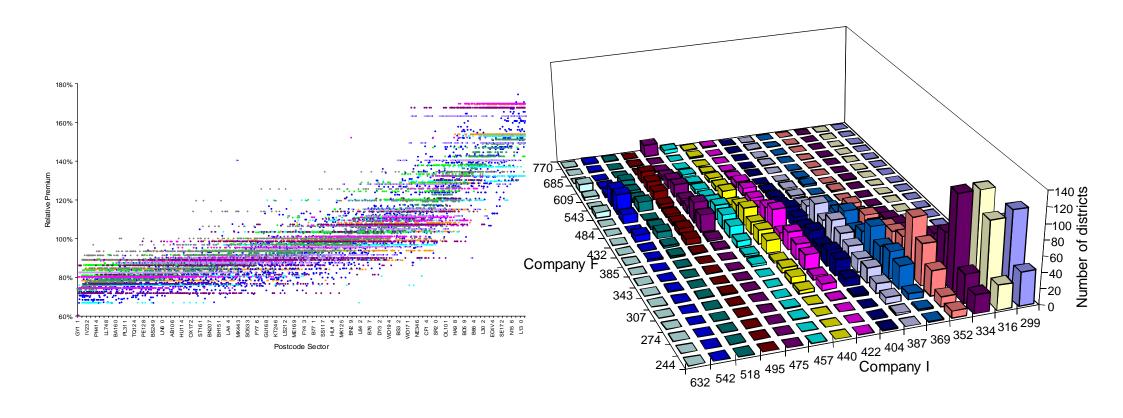
- How do I deal with postcode (district)?
- What is the right relativity?

#### 2010's problems

- How do I cope with postcode (unit/address point)?
- What is the right relativity?

### **Geography 1999**

 Vehicle postcode zoning in personal lines rating, D Coughlan (Chair) et al



### Time to ...

#### 1990's problems

- It takes too long to run a model
- It takes too long to get rates to market (months...)

#### 2010's problems

- It takes too long to run the models
- It takes too long to get rates to markets (days...)

### What's happening here?

- If it took one actuary 30 working days to set prices in 1995, it should take 12 minutes to do the same calculation in 2015 (2^10 = 1024)
- Ignores thinking, scripting and understanding time
  - All the computer time should be reduced to (near) zero
  - Perhaps 5 to 10 days?
- Actually it takes 25 actuaries 30 days
  - Is Parkinson beating Moore?

### What's happening here?

- The analytical arms race continues, with smaller margins driving interest in ever more marginal gains
- Reality is we are doing more:
  - More models (x3?)
  - More factors (x10?)
  - More investigations (x4?),....
  - Faster turnaround, more frequent repricing
- So 5 days thinking is now 150 days, repeated quarterly
  - Six weeks for a 5 person team

### What's happening here?

- Classification is hard, and a moving target
  - Areas get better or worse faster than classifications updated
  - New cars, new technology, different underlying risk
- New classifications produce dislocation
  - Additional pain many are happy to delay
  - Longer delay leads to greater dislocation...



# **Lessons from History**

#### Marketing;Marxism/Trotskyism;Coaching



### **Lessons from history**

- Marketing: Planned obsolescence
- Marxism/Trotskyism: Continuous revolution
- Executive coaching: What got you here won't get you there

# Planned obsolescence AKA Design life

- Most IT systems come with a use by date
  - New versions of software come out all the time
  - Hardware needs replacing "regularly"
- Many issues caused by delayed upgrades
  - IT departments really don't like change
  - New computers are expensive
    - Really? "I should buy a PC on the high street and expense it..."

## If only...

- Available storage and processing power increased smoothly, rather than in fits and starts
- The latest version of software is always available

• **Cloud** cuckoo land?

### **Continuous revolution**

- How often do you conduct a:
  - Major model review?
  - Geographical zoning exercise?
  - Vehicle classification exercise?
  - Highest rated driver (or similar) algorithm review?
  - Root and branch review of modelling approach?
- Why are the answers to these questions different?
  - The above can add significant value, so why are they rare?
- There is no such thing as "once and done"!

# If only...

- We planned in more time to do the basics better
- We had more space to innovate, rather than spending more time doing the same things in more detail with more data
- If it was easy to try out different approaches without a six to twelve month IT implementation project
  - "freedom to fail"

## **Getting "there"**

- Getting "here"
  - More actuarial involvement in pricing
  - More models on larger datasets
  - Evolution? Or actuarial work expending to fill time available?
- Humans are now the limiting factor
- We fix today's problems, but don't enable tomorrows solutions
- Law of diminishing returns in the land of the winner's curse?
- We are sold revolution, but get evolution

# If only...

- We knew the next big thing!
- We could take the people out of the analysis
- We captured the right data in the right way
- We could get off the treadmill and think genuinely differently
- Identify the real disruptor and get ahead of the curve
  - Driverless cars?
  - Sharing economy?
  - Peer-to-peer?



# Conclusion

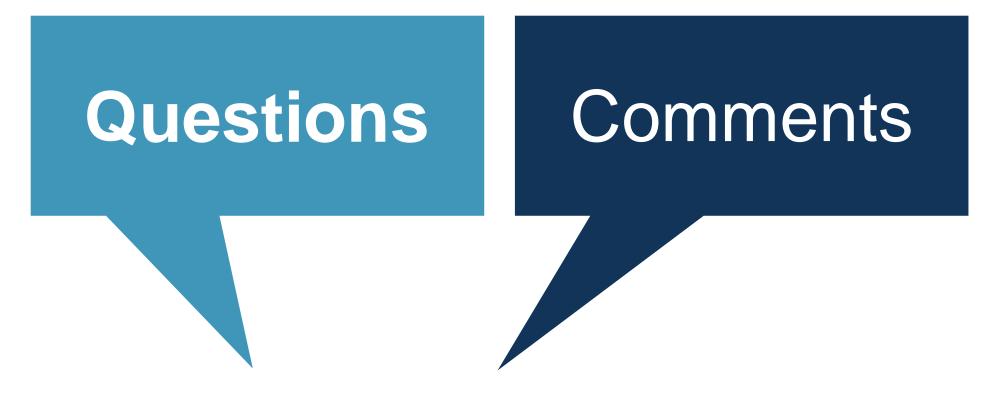


### Conclusion

- We have more resources than ever before, but we are stuck in the same rut
- To break free we need to:
  - Make IT work for us
  - Redirect our effort from small marginal gains to larger incremental changes
    - But this is still "here"
  - Try something different to get us "there"

### **Moore or Parkinson?**

- Parkinson is winning
  - Bigger teams means more management, that's life
  - Moving from 70/30 to 90/10 was a good idea, where do you go from 99/1?
- Moore is compensating, but not enough



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