

# **Topical issues facing With Profits firms: Challenges and Opportunities**

Dan Diggins



# **Introduction and context**





#### Introduction

- This presentation considers strategies that With Profits (WP) firms are using to deal with the market context
- We will set the scene then provide context and for each of
  - Run-off
  - Transformation
  - Growth
  - Sale
- · We also provide some observations on recent market activity



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#### Introduction

#### A caveat

The views expressed in this presentation are entirely my own and not necessarily representative of the views of my employer, the Institute or other parties



- Wide range of firms writing WP business
  - proprietary & mutual
  - International v UK-focused
  - Large v small
  - Single fund v multiple funds



- Some common challenges faced
  - Return on assets and sustained low yield environment
  - Market uncertainty (Brexit, Trump, medium/longer term impacts of QE etc)
  - Sustainability of new business volumes
  - Long-term viability (e.g. Chrysallis for mutual firms)
  - Operational challenges e.g. differing business mix over time



- Some differing dynamics for each too e.g.
  - need for short-term return on equity for shareholders v longer-term investment time horizon for mutual
  - possibly different frictional cost of capital (given differing tax status)
  - governance



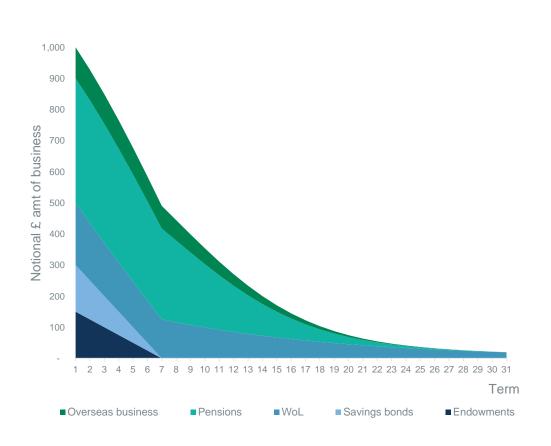
- Increasing Regulatory scrutiny & focus
  - pensions freedoms
  - Auto-enrolment
  - charge caps (Stakeholder DWP)
- FCA thematic reviews
  - Legacy business
  - value for money
  - and now a thematic on With Profits



- A word on FCA Thematic on WP
  - Data request deadline 11 August
  - Will likely select 5 or 6 firms for a deep dive
  - Firms preparing / considering
- Likely areas of focus
  - Governance
  - Fairness and best interests
  - Planned actions / historic actions
  - Assets strategic assets, hedging
  - Policyholder communications
  - New business terms







#### Many funds closed

- Rapidly contracting loss of scale
- Low yields guarantees bite!
- Change in business mix
- Possible inefficiencies from capital and operational perspective



- Challenge for closed book to meet business requirements e.g.
  - ROCE hurdles
  - limited upside prospects
  - But lots of downside potential
    - Charges no longer support expenses?
    - balance of value v capital support no longer attractive
    - Burn-through
    - Risk of retrospective redress
- So possibly not great from business perspective.....
- ....but is default for many firms

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- Arguably not great for policyholders either
  - Fixed interest investment strategy so not getting real return which may have been expected at Point of Sale
  - Some pay-outs can be highly leveraged
  - Scantiness of data in bonus-setting cells leads to volatile pay-outs from one time period to another
  - Plans to distribute the estate welcome particularly since not getting real return (but always too late if self-supporting given need to meet CRRs)

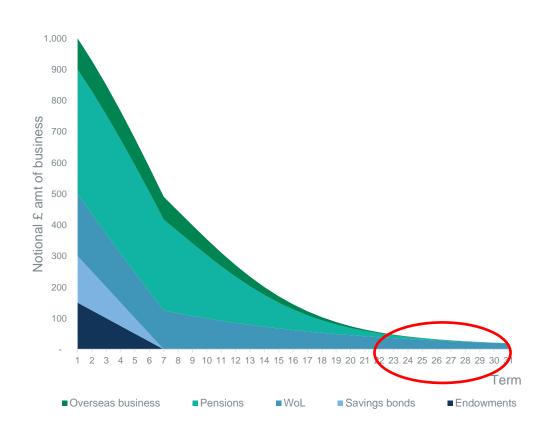


What management actions to change things?





#### Manage the 'tail'



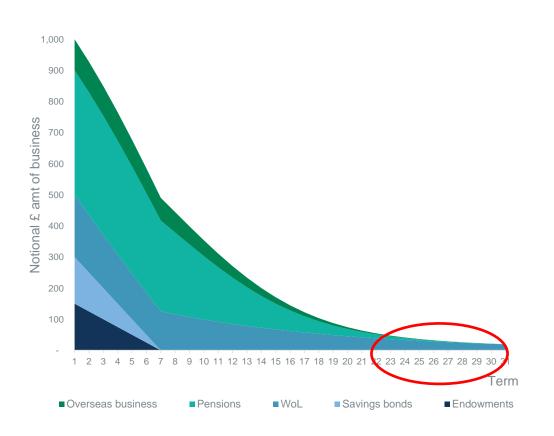
#### Why?

- Address concerns about long-term costs to support long-term-to-go contracts. E.g. Some WoL contracts sold many years ago
- Many are very small but have many years left to go
- Challenge to extract sufficient charge to meet ongoing costs – which will only get worse
- Large expense reserve and disproportionate capital





#### Manage the 'tail'



#### How?

- Offer early pay-outs
- Buy-out? or enhanced surrender?
- Targeted approach? or offers for all?





#### Manage the 'tail'

- Potential benefits
  - Can cauterise cost of loss-making contracts without adverse impact on policyholder
  - ✓ Most effective for small contracts
  - Release expense reserve
  - ✓ Reduces NHR => reduce risk margin
  - ✓ Reduces capital

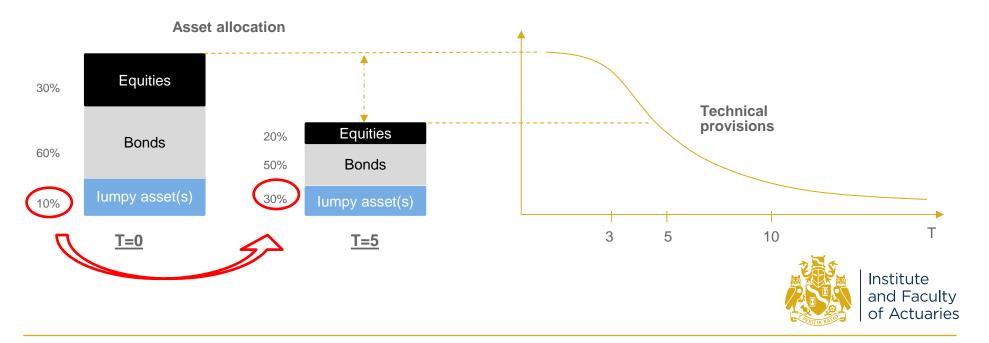
#### Challenges

- Does early payment trigger tax charge?
- ✓ Is it what policyholders need?
- ✓ Policyholder appetite?
- Regulatory challenge



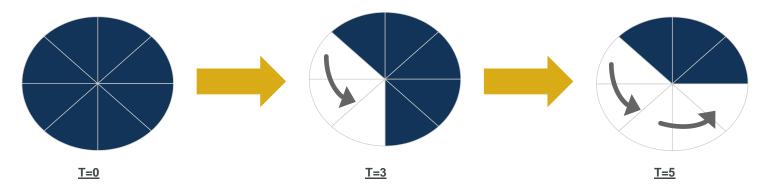


- The concern about lumpy assets
  - Rapidly contracting with e.g. tranches of endowments & bonds exiting
  - Asset may continue to be attractive for yield but not of such scale
  - Transaction to divest may take too long or not be possible at an attractive price
  - Unintended increase in concentration of lumpy assets over time



15h

Unitisation of lumpy assets



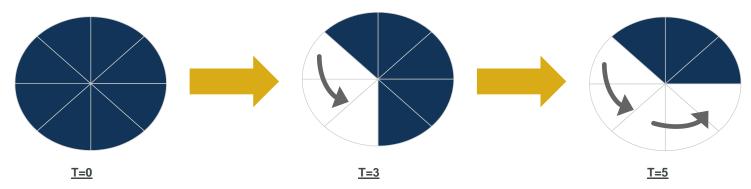
#### How

- 'Drop' the illiquid asset into a separate investment fund (eg JPUT, APUT, PAIF etc)
- Use investment fund as a vehicle to sell exposure to the illiquid asset to other wholesale or retail investors.
- Tax-Transparent Funds (limited partnership or legal entity)



# Martin Martin

#### Unitisation of lumpy assets



#### Potential benefits

- Run down asset in line with fund
- Can satisfy TCF, regulatory etc.
- Could be used to bring together pools of illiquid assets so these can be managed centrally
- ✓ Greater flexibility

#### Challenges

- Nature and structure of the funds
- Property of the property of
- Operational aspects
- ? Valuation
- ? Tax implications



- Lots of other actions and issues not mentioned
- E.g. Out-sourcing
  - More variable cost-base but is it more expensive overall?
  - What risks being transferred? And what cost?
  - Best price typically achieved on largest books
  - So out-sourcing is least attractive when you need it most!







- Significant level of activity and interest currently
- What if could change the nature of benefits / liabilities?
- Opportunity to
  - solve legacy issues
  - share benefits between s/h and p/h





Inefficient legacy systems and complex product features



Radical overhaul Standardise, streamline simplify -Significant cost reduction More capital efficient?



Unfair estate distribution Tontine



More equitable distribution



Solvency distress



Improved solvency position



Possibly make the business more attractive?



#### How to do it?

- Part VII schemes
  - Precedent set courts ancillary powers used to change contractual terms
  - Conversion to unit-linked /reduction in guaranteed benefits
- Governance
  - Independent Expert required
- No policyholder vote

But focus on another way



#### How to do it?

- Scheme of arrangement
  - Legal instrument is the Company's Act
  - Different legal instrument to that used for Part VII transfers

#### Governance

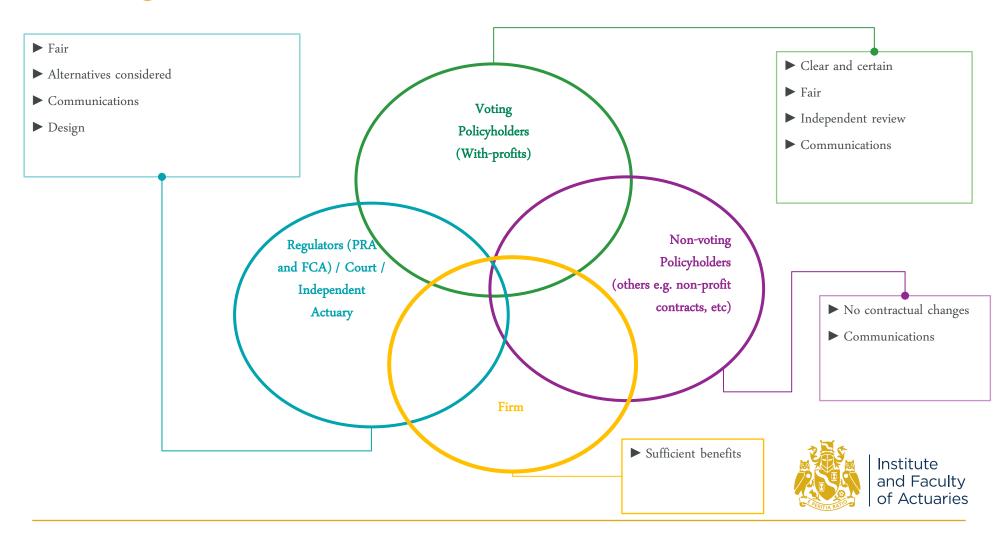
- No Independent Expert required by law
- Question over policyholder Advocate (required for reattribution)
- Positive vote required
  - Scheme accepted if majority vote in favour with at least 75% of value in favour
  - Need positive vote for each voting class



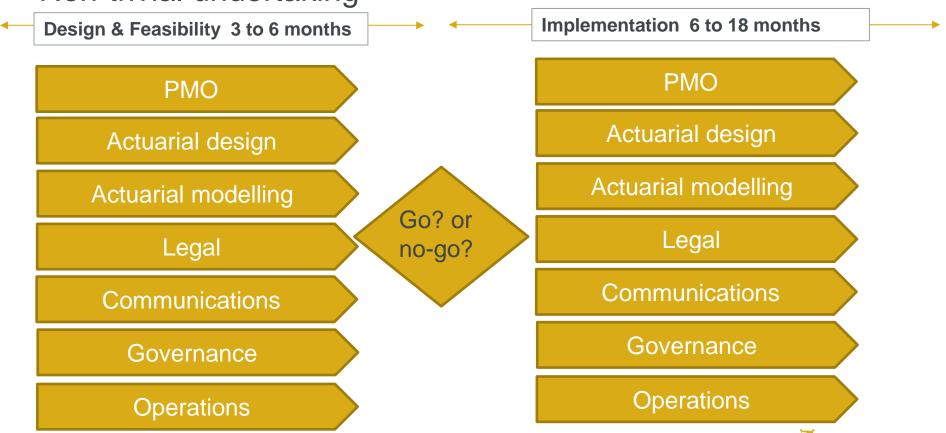
- Creditors given vote
  - Who are the creditors? Who gets the vote?
  - Who gets the vote for group schemes?
- Voting classes of creditors
  - Need identified
  - Typically aim for single voting class to avoid veto by small cohort
- Actuarial modelling used to compare results for scheme with alternative reality
- Fairness criteria applied to results



#### **Balancing stakeholders' needs**



Non-trivial undertaking



But rewards are potentially significant





#### Some statistics – the population is aging

- The number of people aged 60 or over is expected to pass the 20 million mark by 2030
- There are now 11.8 million people aged 65 or over in the UK this number projected to rise by over 40 per cent in the next 17 years to over 16 million.
- 1.6 million people are aged 85 or over predicted to more than double in the next 23 years to over 3.4 million.
- There are over half a million people aged 90 and over in the UK. 70% of these are women.

(Source: AGE UK "Later Life in the United Kingdom, August 2017")



#### Opportunity

- Provide retirement products
- WP could provide fantastic platform for drawdown and/or securing retirement pot
- So WP could be a good vehicle for providing guaranteed minimum income, withdrawals, investment return
- Research tells us that policyholders like certain features that WP business offers – e.g. Smoothing & Guarantees



#### Challenges

- WP brand irreversibly damaged?
- Daily Mirror effect bad press
  - Perceived as providing poor value in times of market buoyancy because of smoothing
  - Opacity / not well understood
  - Do policyholders trust the concept of management discretion?
- FCA comment re paucity of options available in the market



- p/h like guarantees but let's look at cost/implications providing them
- If long-term return on assets typically based on sovereign & corporates is 350bps
  - Less costs for admin (say 75bps)
  - Less Investment costs (say 25bps)
  - May charge cross-subsidy for guarantees (say 50bps)
  - So only just meet price inflation or less. Attractive proposition?
- Implications for providing any sort of guarantee even save initial investment has a cost

11 October 2017 34

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- Comparison to GEBs
  - when introduced was say 6% gilt yield
  - so from principal of 100 invest 94 in gilt and leave 6% in equity index call
  - then if equity price increases significantly get some equity upside
  - if equity doesn't grow or falls get money back from gilt yield
  - However yields fallen so now closer to 99 in gilt and 1 in call doesn't work
  - Even when gilt yields were better lost yield from dividend income



- So really hard to provide guarantees cheaply
- Only real advantage WPFs may have is management actions
- But then compare to CPPI investment strategies not hard guarantee but softer floor (possibly at lower cost?)
- Or even iCPPI which growing in popularity especially among variable annuity providers



- Turning to look at smoothing
- Less cost & capital strain than guarantees
- Challenges with controlling smoothing strain
- What is impact on in-force book and ability to distribute?

Insert graph showing smoothed returns





# Sale

- Many firms view WP as non-core
- Low NB sales
- Little no growth prospects



## Sale

- Challenges with sale
- Cost allocation
- Fixed v variable cost base extent to which run-off feasible for long-term dependent on how variable cost base is
- Contribution to overheads
- Perimeter of sale
- What optimises value? turning off legacy admin systems?
  What metrics?



# Sale

- Overview of potential buyers
- Who buys? And what is the rationale?
- Overview of recent acquirers



# Questions

# Comments

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