



Institute  
and Faculty  
of Actuaries

# The future of reserving

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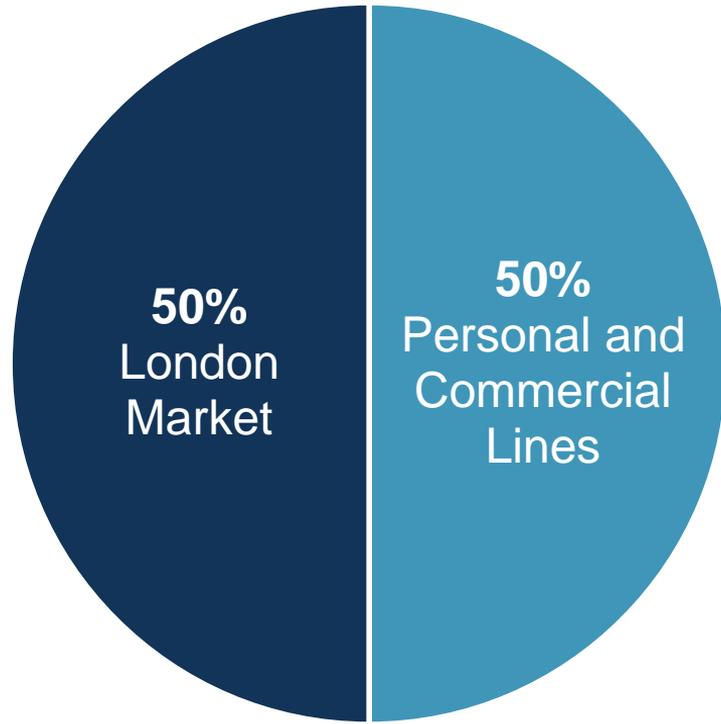
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# Agenda

- Future of reserving market review
  1. Firms' top reserving objectives
  2. The ideal reserving process
  3. Key barriers to change
  4. Priorities for 2020
- Setting your “levelling-up” path
- Case study: Earlier identification of trends

# About the future of reserving market review



Interviewed over 80 people across 36 insurers to discuss:

- The reserving status quo
- The ideal
- Barriers to change

Included interviews with Chief Actuaries, CFOs, CROs, Heads of Reserving and reserving practitioners

# 1. Firms' top reserving objectives

We asked which of the following are top priority and which firms could (at a push) live without.

Earlier identification of trends	Avoiding reserving surprises	More time for value added analysis
Quicker results	What are your objectives?	Reduce expenses
Reduce mundane work	Improve management information	Better understanding of reserves

# 1. Firms' top reserving objectives

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Key:

Top priority



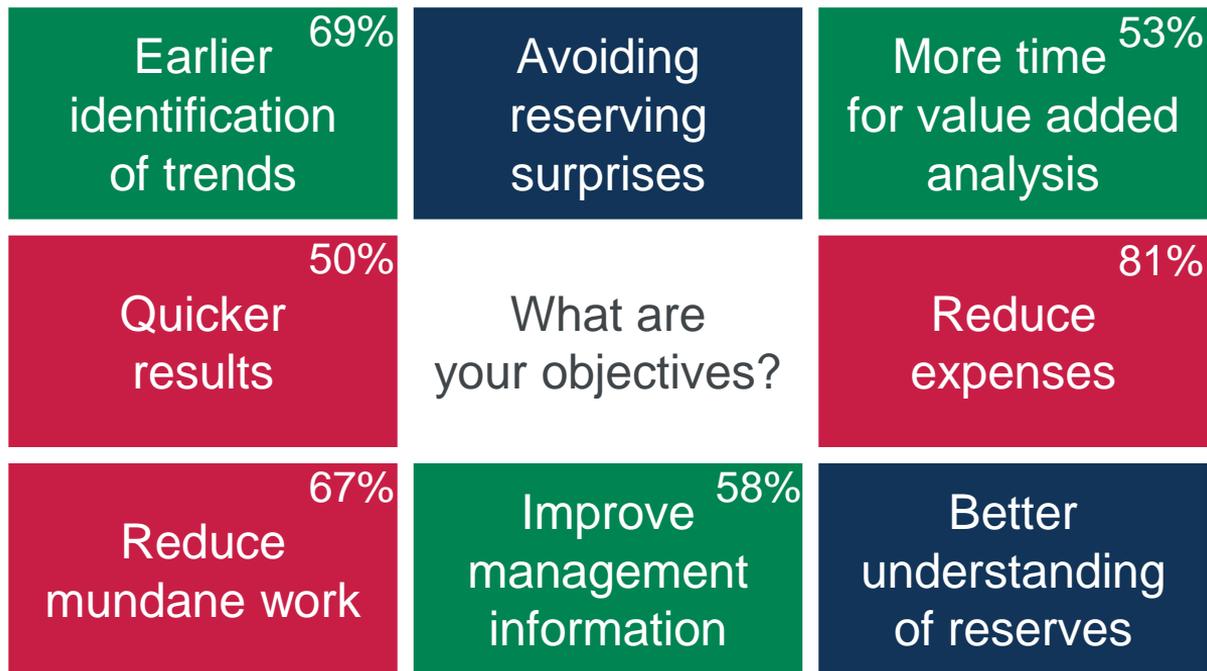
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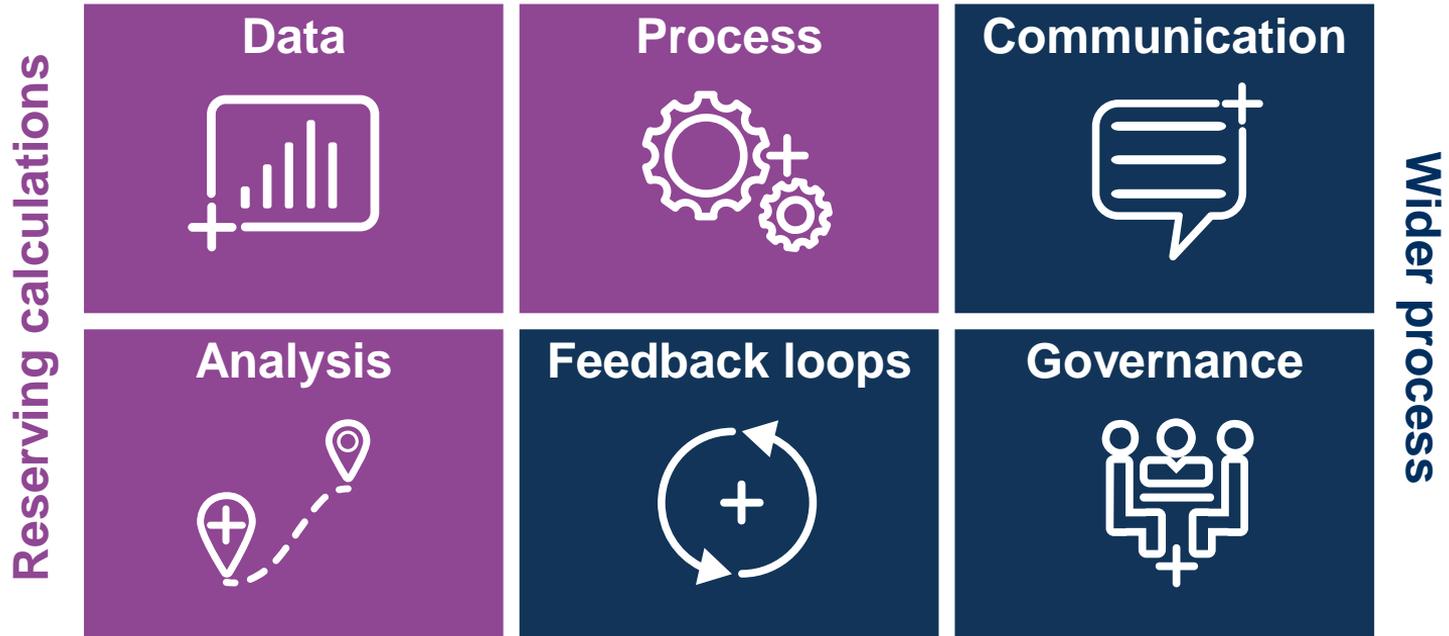
Top priority

Could live without



## 2. The ideal reserving process

We asked firms to describe their ideal reserving process covering six main areas.



## 2. The ideal reserving process

Reserving calculations:

### Data



- Single reliable source
- Ability to “drill down” or “slice and dice”
- Enriched with external data

### Process



- Automation to give focus on value add
- Faster process, but few targeting “real time”
- Early warning flags for trends and anomalies

### Analysis



- Majority satisfied with traditional methods
- Easier sensitivity testing and what-if scenarios
- Ability to drill down (into results as well as data)

## 2. The ideal reserving process

Wider reserving process:

### Communication



- Increased focus on story behind the numbers
- Use of scenarios to explain uncertainty
- Some firms targeting a reserving dashboard

### Feedback loops



- Quicker identification of drivers of performance
- Reserving linking to other business functions, incl. pricing, claims, strategy and risk

### Governance



- Most firms satisfied governance working well
- Majority of challenge by sub-committees
- Board focus is then on what numbers mean

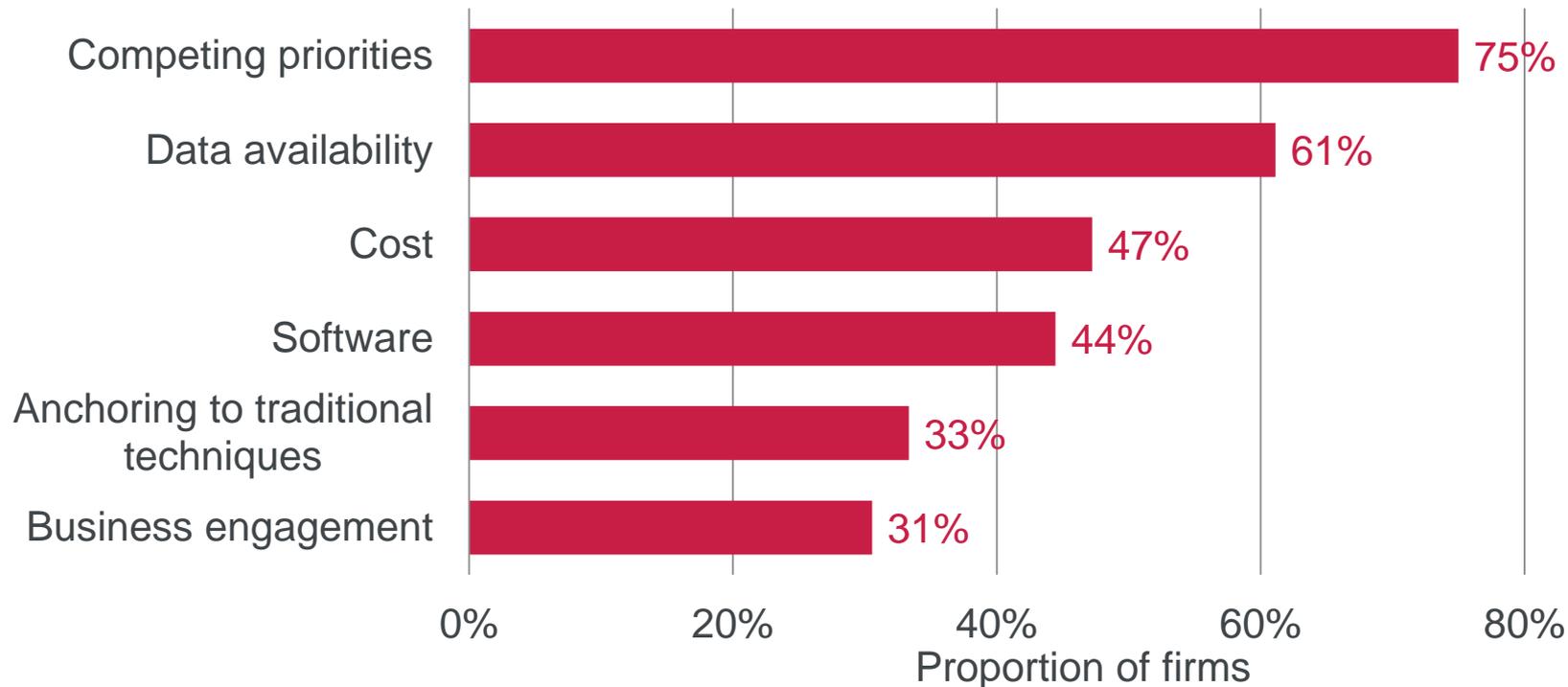
## 2. The ideal reserving process

Avoiding some of the potential pitfalls of automation:

Potential benefit	Potential pitfall	Ways to manage this
Real time results	Overly focused on short term	Retain quarterly reserving cycle
Instant output from automated process	Overconfidence in results	Ongoing training of algorithms (and the team)
Reduction in manual processing	Junior team de-skilled	Keep maximum 80% automated and 20% manual
Ability to drill into reserving dashboard	End user misusing the results	Manage who has access to each level of detail

### 3. Key barriers to change

We asked firms what the key barriers to change are in their reserving process.



## 4. Priorities for 2020

We asked firms' about their priorities for the coming year.

### Top priorities



- Good data quality
- Identifying emerging trends
- Communicating uncertainty
- Robustness of reinsurance estimates

### Other high priorities



- Overall efficiency of processes
- Real insight from actual vs expected analysis
- Effective coordination of reserves (TPs, GAAP, IFRS17 etc.)

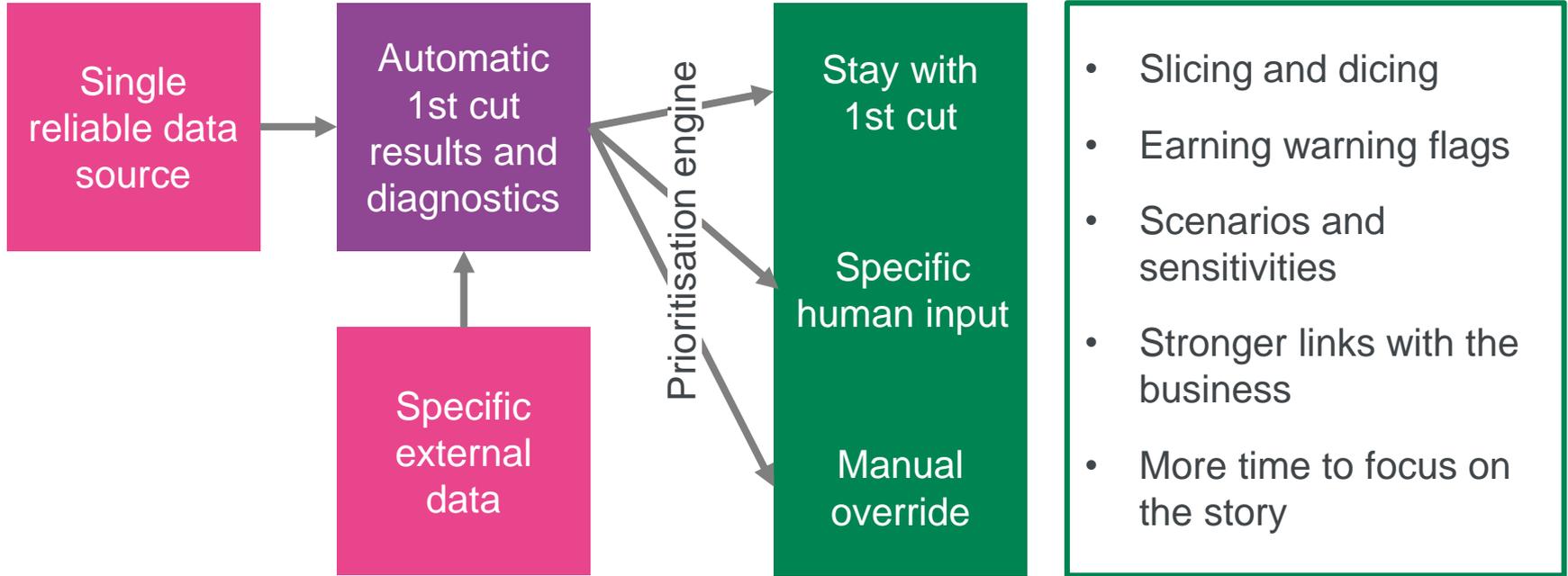
### Satisfied with status quo



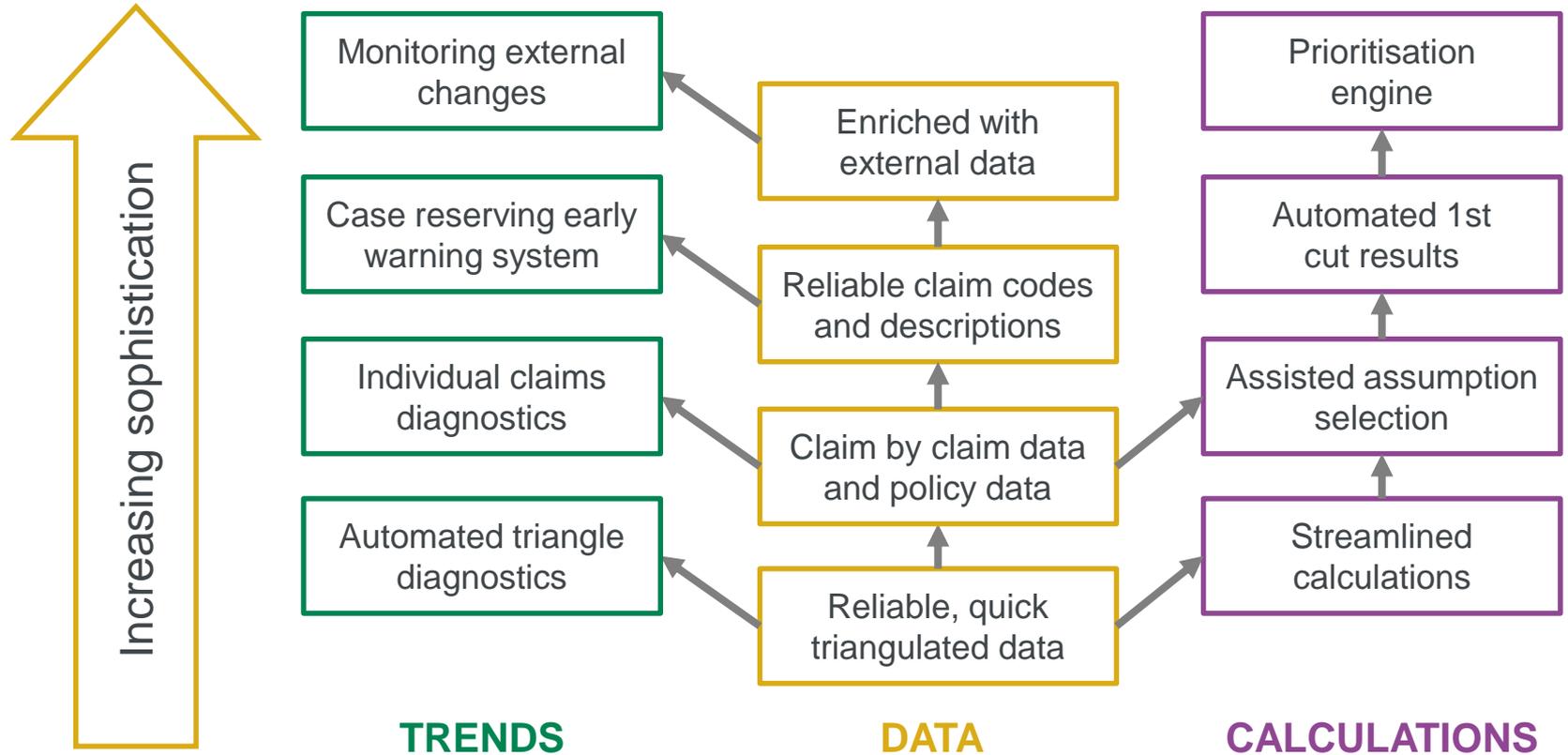
- Quality of external input
- Pre-empting challenge
- Ease of incorporating new classes of business
- Quality of interaction with claims, pricing and underwriting teams

# The future of reserving

Bringing everything together, what could the future of reserving look like?



# Setting your “levelling-up” path for reserving



# Case study: Earlier identification of trends

## Traditional



- Manual review of triangles
- Time consuming (ie, hours) to review all triangles, so typically consider a selected sample
- Potential to miss features

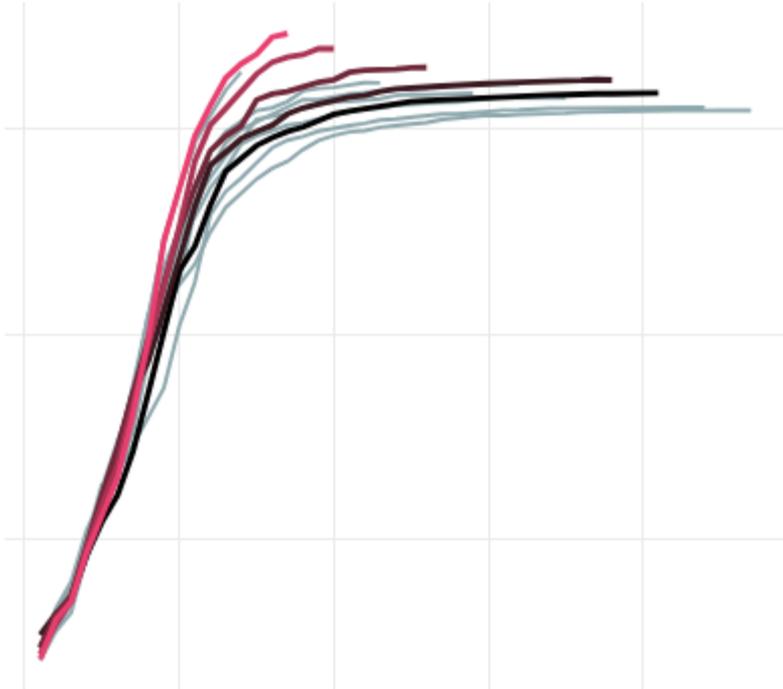
## Enhanced



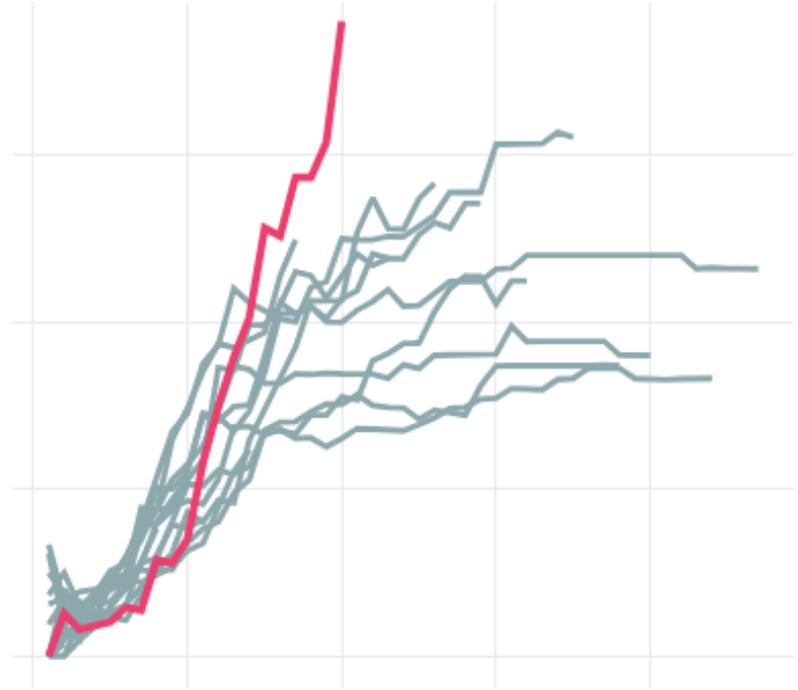
- Automated approach, which prioritises top triangles to review
- Quick (ie, minutes), scalable and ability to drill down
- More time to understand the “why?”

# What are we looking for?

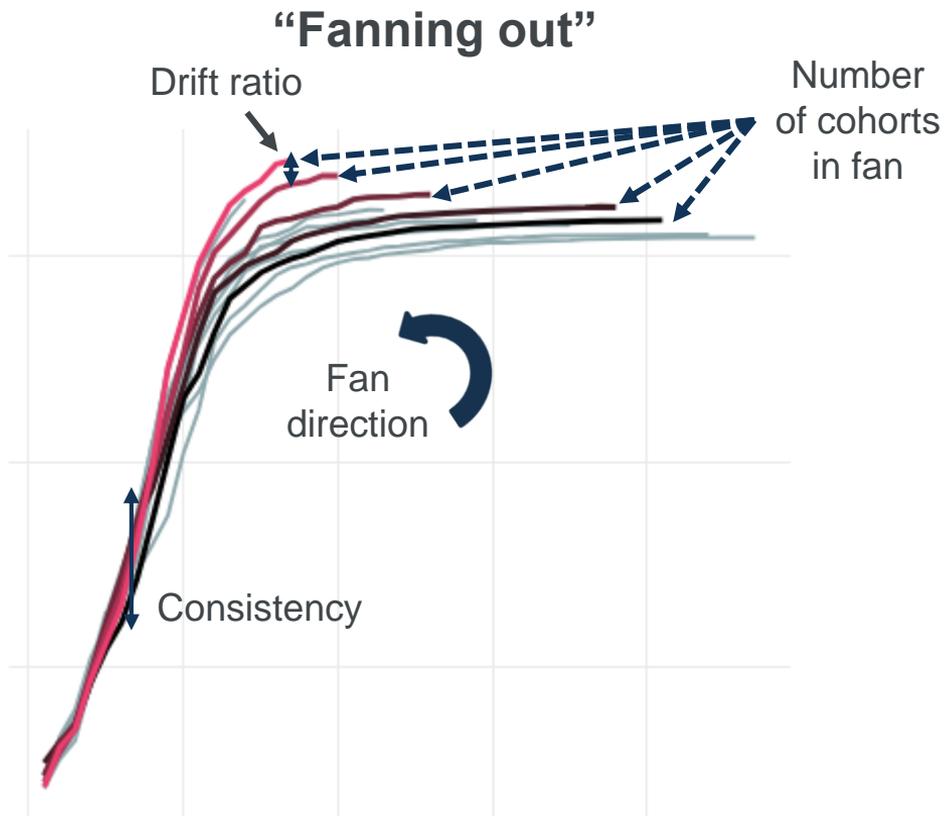
“Fanning out”



“Sticking out”



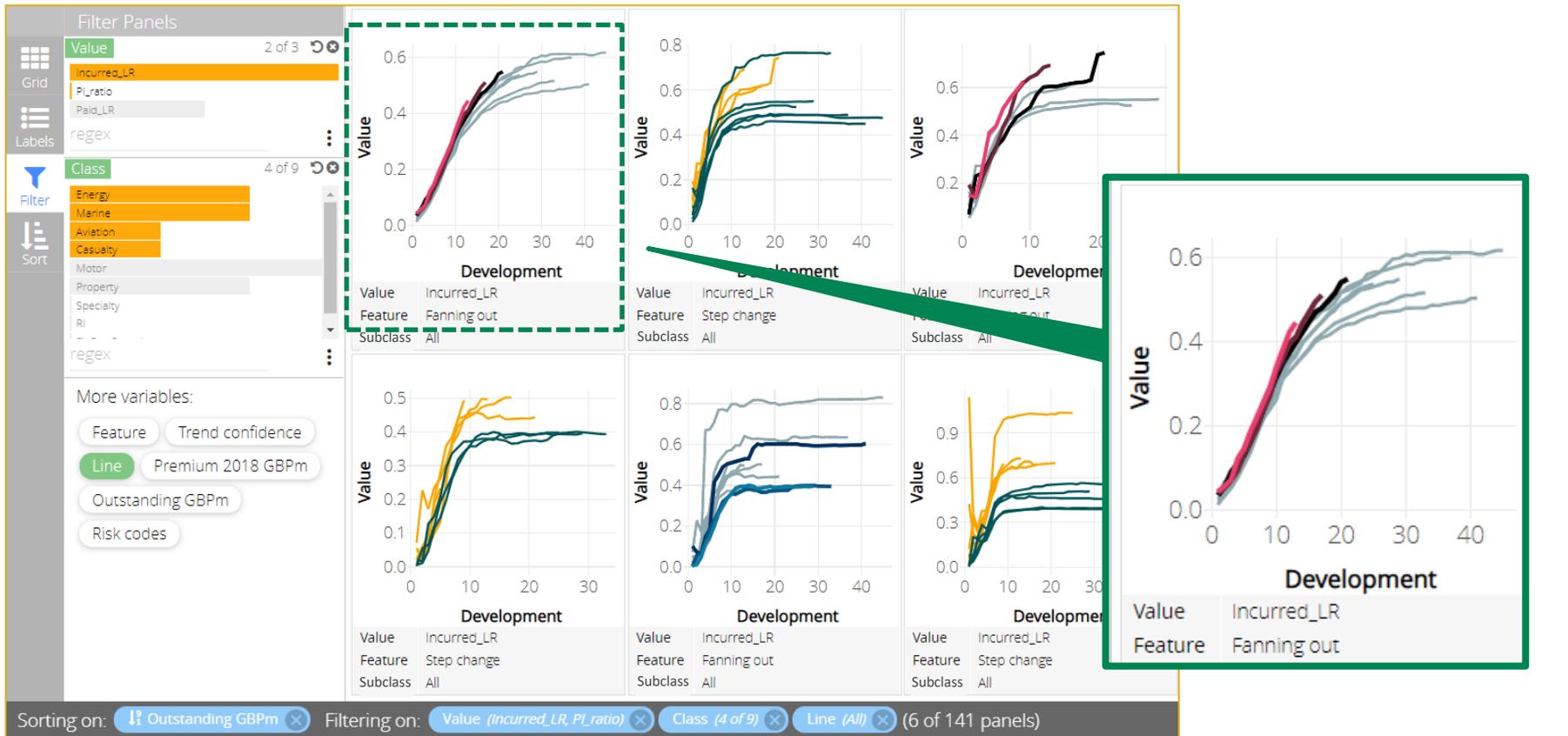
# What are we looking for?



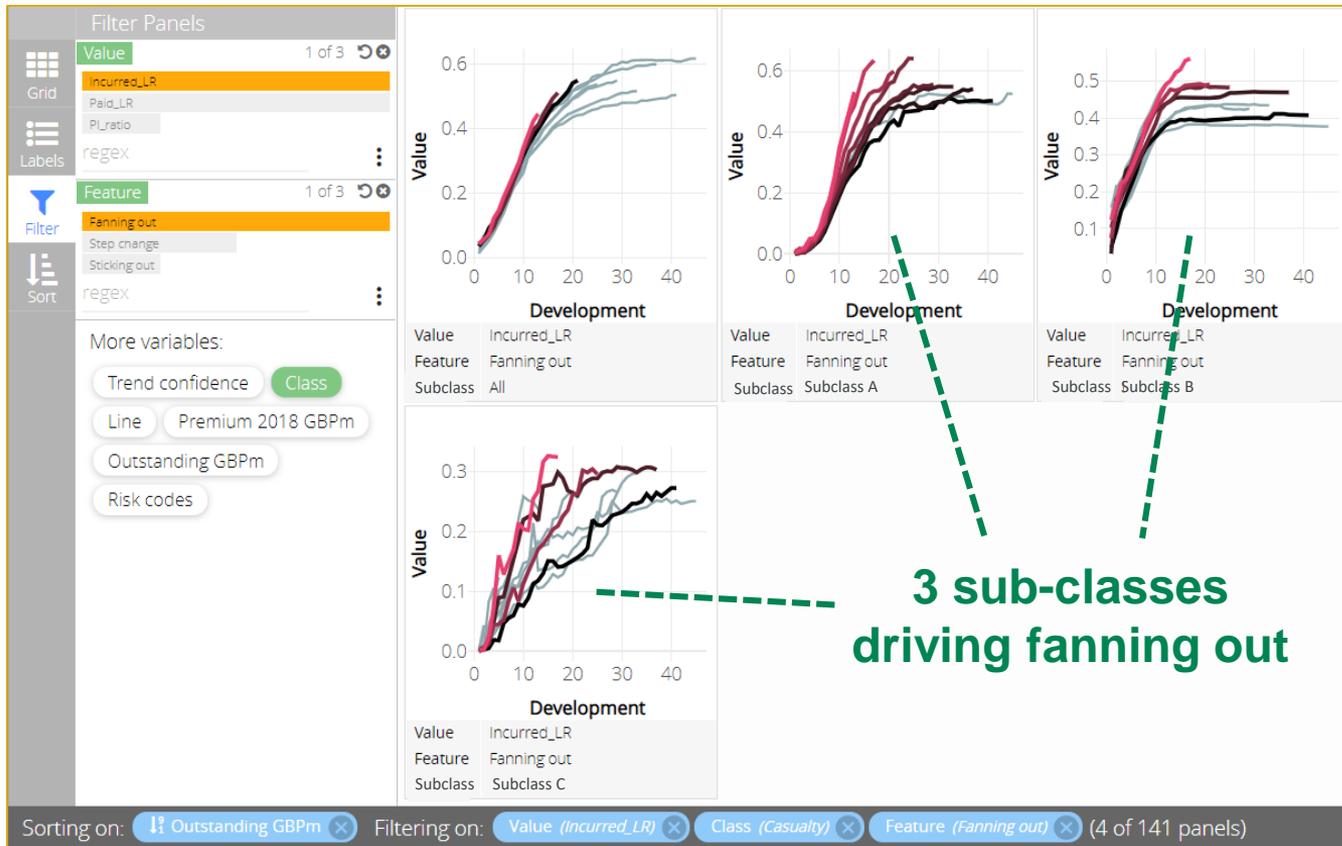
## Feature engineering:

Using domain  
knowledge of the data  
to create features  
that make machine  
learning algorithms  
work

# Using dashboard to review whole account



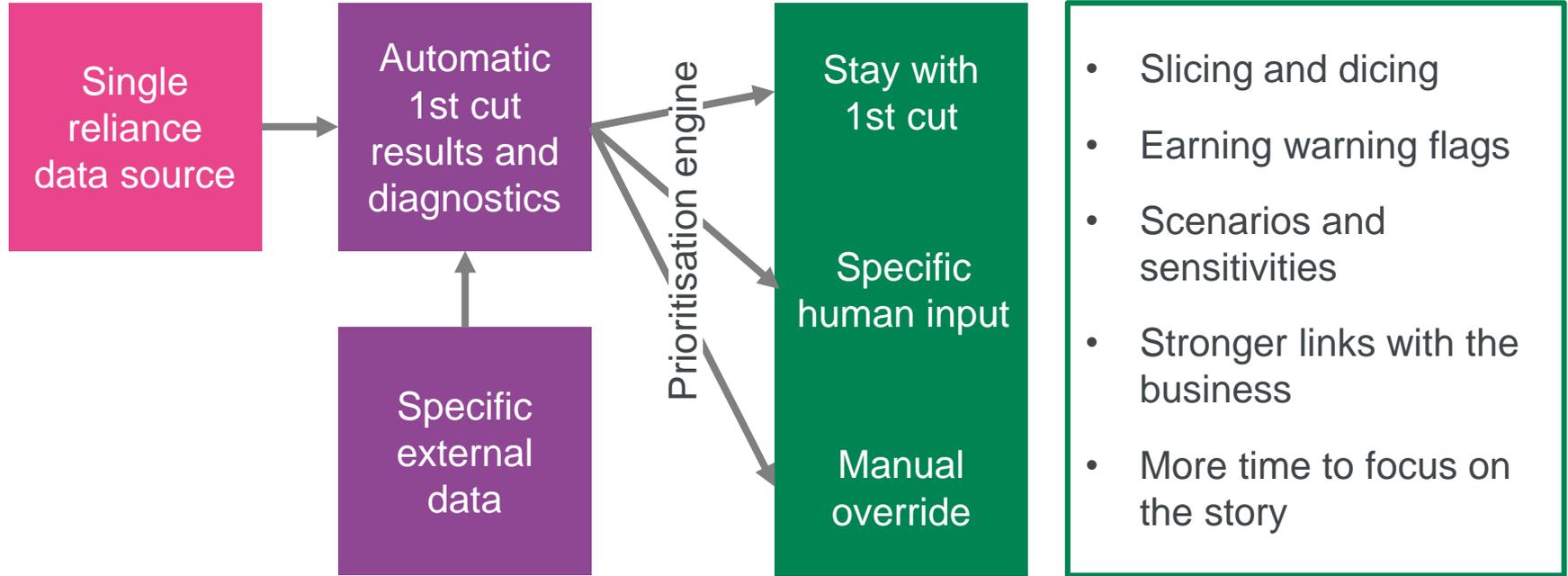
# Drilling down into sub-classes



## Key questions:

- Do ULRs increase towards recent years as the trend would suggest?
- Do business plan IEULRs for these sub-classes sufficiently allow for the trend?

# Any questions?



# Any questions?

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**Questions**



**Comments**

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