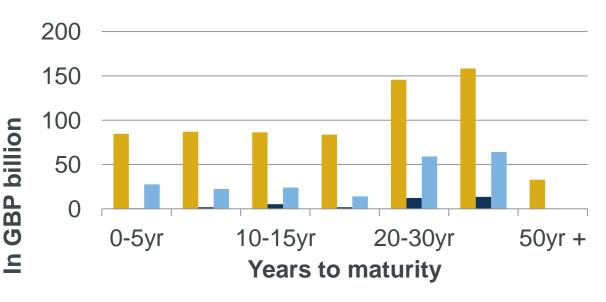


# Alternative Inflation Hedging Investments

**David Bennett** 

# The Need For An Alternative: Strong Demand for 'Traditional' Inflation-Hedging

- Based on data published by The Pension Protection Fund in November 2012, UK defined benefit total liabilities last year amounted to c. £1.2trn
- 56% of these liabilities are inflation-linked
- In total, this amount is about three times the total size of the UK index-linked bond market



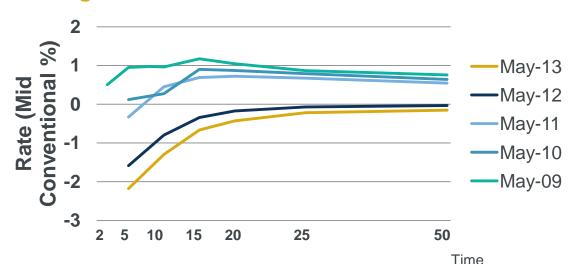
- UK Pensions' inflation linked liabilites
- Corporates
- Gilts



## **Index-Linked Gilts**

- Primary source of inflation
- ca. £280bn inflation-adjusted notional of index-linked gilts
- ca. £32bn of corporate linkers
- Yields have been moving steadily more negative in recent years
- Accessing real yields through index-linked gilts is therefore unattractive

#### **Change in Yield on Index-Linked Gilts**



#### **Results of Recent Index-Linked Gilt Auctions**

Auction Date	Maturity	Issuance (£m)	Yield	Times Covered
May-13	2044	1172	-0.23%	1.84
Apr-13	2029	1385	-0.64%	1.51
Apr-13	2024	1624	-1.26%	1.86
Mar-13	2044	990	-0.03%	2.02
Feb-13	2024	1104	-0.84%	1.97



## **Inflation-Linked Corporate Bonds**

- Issuers of inflation-linked bonds typically come from a relatively restricted set of market sectors, typically with earnings linked to inflation
- Dominant issuer: Network Rail explicit UK government guarantee.
- Peak of c. £5.5bn issuance in 2006
- Less than £2bn of UK corporate index-linked debt with over 35 years to maturity in 2011 and 2012 combined
- Major constraint on growth within the market has been a lack of liquidity

#### 10 Largest UK Inflation-Linked Bond Issuers

Issuer	Average maturity	Size (£ bn)	% Corporate IL Issuance
Network Rail Infrastructure	32	12	33%
National Grid Gas Plc	26	2	6%
Anglian Water	32	1	4%
National Grid	21	1	4%
United Utility	35	1	4%
Thames Water	37	1	4%
Severn Trent	40	1	2%
Channel Link	30	1	2%
Yorkshire Water	41	1	2%
Tesco Plc	13	1	2%
10 Largest Combined 63%			63%



## The Need for an Alternative: Inflation Swaps

- The total capacity of the RPI swap market is estimated to be c. £100bn notional<sup>1</sup>
- Demand for inflation from pension schemes and insurance companies has been sustained
- Supply of inflation has been limited
- Supply from sources such as commercial mortgage backed securities and PFI deals has dried up
- Only significant sources of supply remaining are index-linked gilt asset swaps
- Banks are also increasingly unwilling to warehouse risk due to regulatory changes

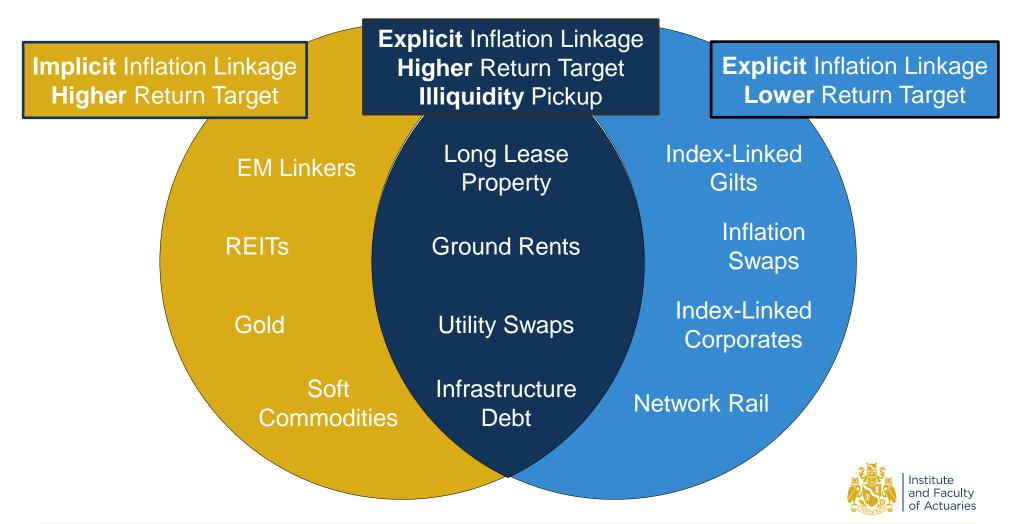
#### **Inflation Swap Market Dynamics:**

## Supply: Governments Corporates (e.g. utilities, PFI) **Banks Demand:** Pension Funds Insurers

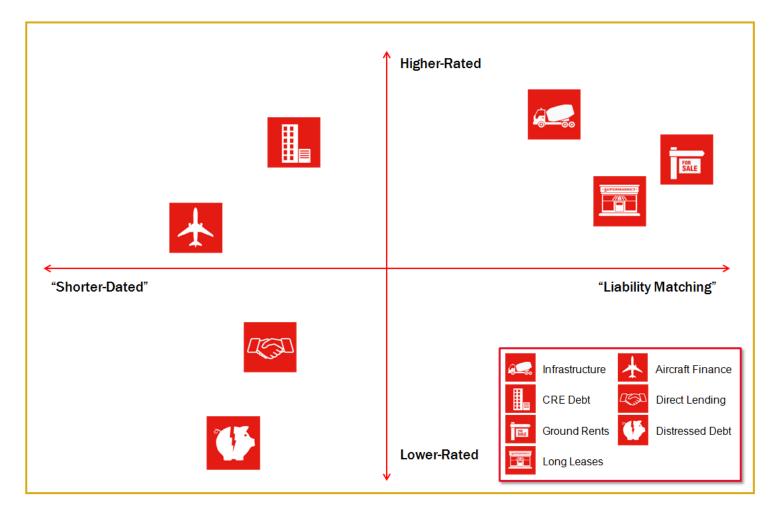
Retail Banks



## "Inflation-Linked Assets": The Available Universe



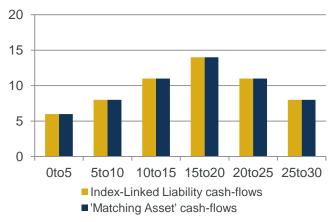
## **Alternative Assets:**The Available Universe



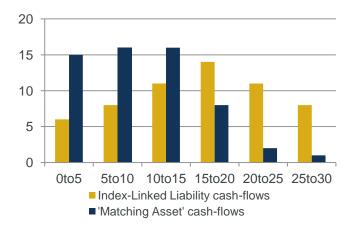


## "Inflation-Linked Assets":Liability Matching

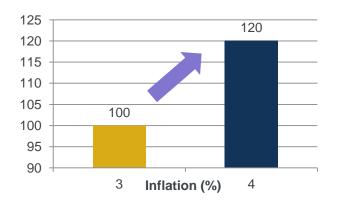
Index-Linked Liabilities and 'Matching Asset' cash-flows – ideal scenario



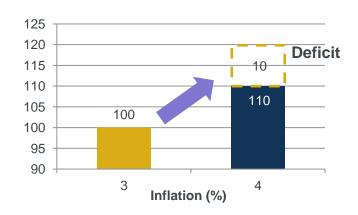
Index-Linked Liabilities and 'Matching Asset' cash-flows – duration mis-match



Index-Linked liabilities, Duration 20 years



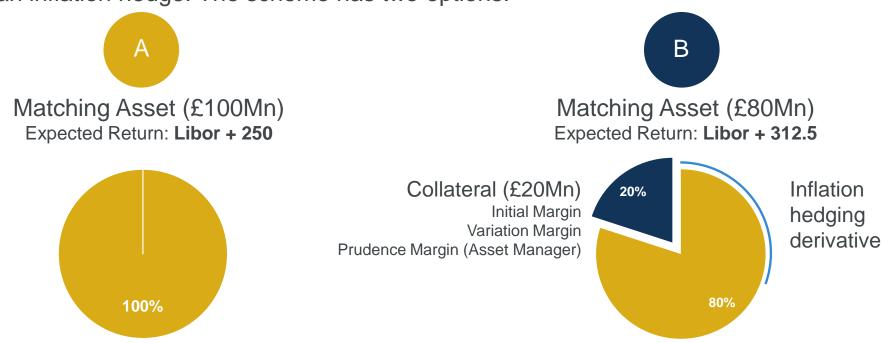
Matching Asset, Duration 10 years





## "Inflation-Linked Assets": Collateral Drag

Pension Fund X has £100 million to invest, requiring a return of Libor + 250bps and an inflation hedge. The scheme has two options:



Overall Expected Return: Libor + 250 Overall Expected Return: Libor + 250

**N.B.** Collateral drag effect only occurs if collateral needs require the scheme to sell return seeking assets that were a part of the strategic asset allocation.



## Real Estate Long Leases

Maturity Profile	20 years +
Liquid Alternative	20-Year Tesco Bond
Expected Spread / Rate	285bps
Approx. Premium over Liquid Alternative	100bps



#### **Description**

- Long-dated lease cash flows / rental income secured by underlying property
- Investor buys property and agrees to lease it back for a set number of years
- Can be structured with amortising cashflows to mitigate residual value risk

#### **Inflation Linkage**

- Tenants are frequently active in industries where earnings are linked to inflation (e.g. Supermarkets)
- Upward only rental reviews common (e.g. LPI 0, 5)

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## **Ground Rents**

Maturity Profile	99 – 999 years
Liquid Alternative	BBB Long-Dated Sterling Corporate Credit
Expected Spread / Rate	300bps
Approx. Premium over Liquid Alternative	75bps



Ground rents rank higher than any claim on the leasehold including mortgage repayments

#### **Description**

- Regular payments made under a lease from a tenant (leaseholder) to the freeholder of a property.
- Freeholder owns the land on which the property is built, not the property itself.
- Secured by the value of the property, therefore heavily over-collateralised (e.g. mortgage provider must make up ground rent payments if tenant defaults).

#### **Inflation Linkage**

- Rental streams can be indexed to RPI, LPI or CPI.
- Typically operate under 'stepped' uplifts (e.g. rent reviewed every 10-15 years).



## Infrastructure Debt (PFI)

Maturity Profile	15 years +
Liquid Alternative	BBB Long-Dated Sterling Corporate Credit
Expected Spread / Rate	275bps
Approx. Premium over Liquid Alternative	50bps

Social Infrastructure	Economic Infrastructure
Schools	Toll Bridges
Libraries	Airports
Hospitals	Railway Track
Care Homes	Power Stations
Police Stations	Waterworks

#### **Description**

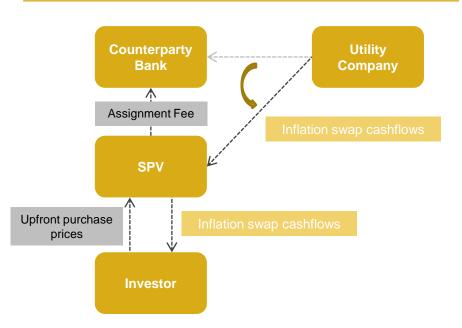
- PFI investors provide funding for infrastructure projects and manage them over the long term.
- Counterparties are generally government-backed, providing additional security.

#### **Inflation Linkage**

- Common practice is for income streams to be linked to RPI.
- Wide variety of target returns available depending on place in capital structure.
- Contracts can be very long-dated in nature.

## **Index-Linked Utility and PFI Swaps**

Maturity Profile (sample)	25 years
Liquid Alternative	Corporate Bond of Relevant Utility
Expected Spread / Rate (sample)	320bps
Approx. Premium (sample)	150bps



#### **Description**

- Inflation swaps have often been entered into by utility companies seeking lower financing costs.
- The cost to banks of holding such swaps is increasing along with new bank capital requirements.
- Banks are therefore looking for opportunities to sell inflation-linked exposures to suitable investors (e.g. pension funds).

#### Inflation Linkage

- Nature of inflation linkage varies depending on individual transaction
- Inflation-linked cashflows can be exchanged at maturity or periodically
- Exposure exists to utility company's credit risk (e.g. if deal is not collateralised)
- High operational complexity

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### Conclusion

A wider choice of assets than inflation-linked bonds and swaps is available to pension schemes seeking inflation protection.

"Traditional" inflation-linked assets can require investors to pay large sums for unwanted liquidity.

Non-traditional inflation linked assets can combine inflation protection with additional **credit** and **liquidity** premia.



## Contacts



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