The Actuarial Profession making financial sense of the future

Current Issues at Lloyd's ²⁶ April 2004

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	£m	£m
	2002	2003
Net Earned Premium	10,669	11,71
Net Incurred claims	(6,652)	(6,697
Net operating expenses	(3,586)	(3,985
Exchange	(401)	(30
Investment return	804	89
Profit on ordinary activitie	s 834	1,89



		£m
2001 YOA	Result	(2,378)
2002 YOA	Projection	1,671
2003 YOA	Projection	1,780



	2002	2003
Central Fund	476	711
Corporation assets	87	70
TOTAL	563	781

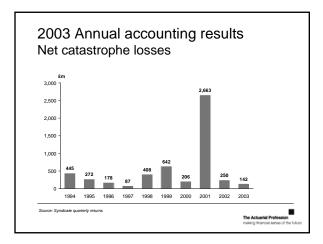


2003 Results - highlights

- Profit of £1,892m* for 2003 (£834m for 2002)
- Further reduction in combined ratio to 90.7% (2002: 98.6%)
- Initial profit projection of £1,780m for 2003 underwriting year (3 year accounting basis)
- 39% increase in central assets to £781m
- Net resources up 35% to £10.1bn

*Pro-forma annual accounting basis

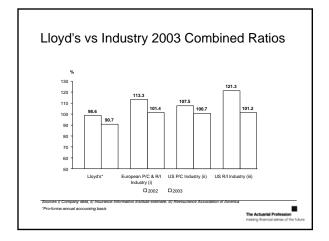
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£m	
Current accident year	2,437
Reserve strengthening	(545)
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,892







	Premiu	ım rating	2003 Calendar year	
	2002	2003	2004	combined ratios
Casualty	100	121	130	110.4
Property	100	103	98	89.4
Reinsurance	100	104	102	89.3
Motor	100	107	106	93.6
Marine	100	115	121	89.7
Energy	100	104	96	83.4
Aviation	100	98	94	93.0



Statements of Actuarial Opinion

- In 2002 there were 150 Opinions (grouping different YOA)
- In 2002 there were 134
- In 2002 there were 134 In 2002, a combination of 8 consultancy firms signed for 91.5% by total net reserve and in 2003 the same 8 signed for 90.5%. The remainder were signed by in-house actuaries four actuaries in 2002 and a different set of four in 2003.
- Consultancies used 26 signing actuaries in 2002 and 29 in 2003.

The mean net reserve per consulting actuary was $\pounds 632m$ in 2002 and $\pounds 560m$ in 2003, and the standard deviations $\pounds 642m$ and $\pounds 560m$ respectively

The average length of first names increased but this was more than offset by a reduced average length of surname. The average name is now 11.6 characters long

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Capitalisation (1)

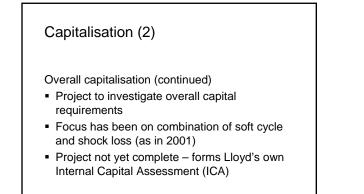
Overall capitalisation

 Lloyd's chain of security - PTF

- FAL

- Central Fund
- At present, significant surplus in PTF overall net assets £10,145m (including FAL and CF)
- At end of a soft cycle this source of capital is depleted and FAL and CF are key

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Capitalisation (3)

RBC and ICA

- Lloyd's overall ICA project concluded that RBC was robust and we intend to continue to use it
- At the same time, FSA's CP190 requirements will apply to Lloyd's (Lloyd's version of CP190 due out imminently):
 - Enhanced Capital Requirements (ECR)
 - Syndicate ICAs

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Capitalisation (4)

ECR

- We expect the ECR calculation to apply at Lloyd's using the same parameters as the Company ECR
- For companies, ECR will be a 'soft test' for at least two years
- Details of how ECR will be applied at Lloyd's not yet clear.....
-but overall RBC>ECR

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Capitalisation (5)

ICA

- Subject to CPXX, we expect Managing Agents to produce ICAs in 2004......
-albeit some of these will be first attempts!
- No prescribed basis for ICA, but general expectation is for ICA to calculate capital on a Value at Risk at the 0.5% probability level (VaR 0.5%)
- Lloyd's will use RBC to set <u>member</u> capital but (subject to CPXX) will need to 'take account' of syndicate ICAs where they are higher

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Capitalisation (6)

Comparing ICA with RBC	
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RBC	ICA
Risk measure is expected loss cost to the CF	Risk measure likely to be VaR 0.5%
Sets capital for insurance risk only	Sets capital including asset risk
Market Average	Syndicate Level
Sets capital for FAL – i.e. assuming there is a CF, which is modelled separately in Lloyd's overall ICA	Syndicate perspective
Allows for member diversification	Syndicate capital

Capitalisation (7)

Comparing ICA with RBC (continued)

- Lloyd's intends to ask syndicates to calculate ICA on RBC basis (=ICA®)
- Can then compare two numbers (easy!)
- If ICA® >RBC, likely to use ICA® in member level calculation
- If ICA® <RBC, will discuss
- Discussions will include input from Franchise Performance, who will be examining and approving business plans and may apply loadings where plans or performance do not meet their criteria
- Asset risk needs separate treatment
- Member level diversification per RBC model will need FSA agreement
- Test case with CALM

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Capitalisation (8)

Conclusion

- RBC to continue
- Lloyd's own ICA in progress
- Lots to do at Lloyd's
- 2004 Calendar Year a 'first attempt'

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Conclusions

- Results have been exceptional in 2002 and 2003
- Risk will increase in the next few years as profits are paid out and market softens
- Imperative that reserving and capitalisation are right as these changes take place
- Never a dull moment at Lloyd's!

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