

# **Agenda**

- Financial reporting landscape
- What is an audit?
- Scope of Solvency II Audit
- Our approach to audit
- Key issues this year-end
- Embedding in business as usual
- Q&A

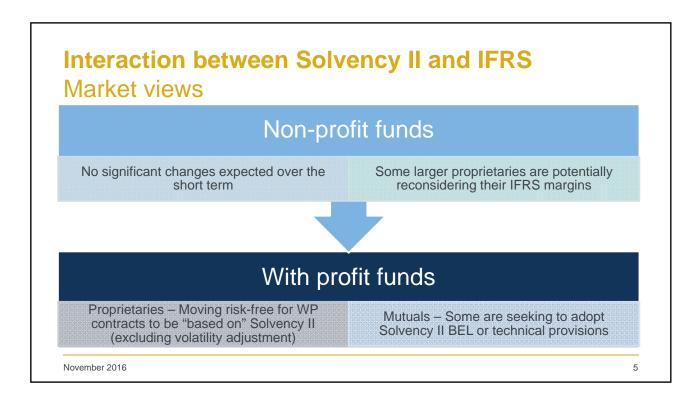
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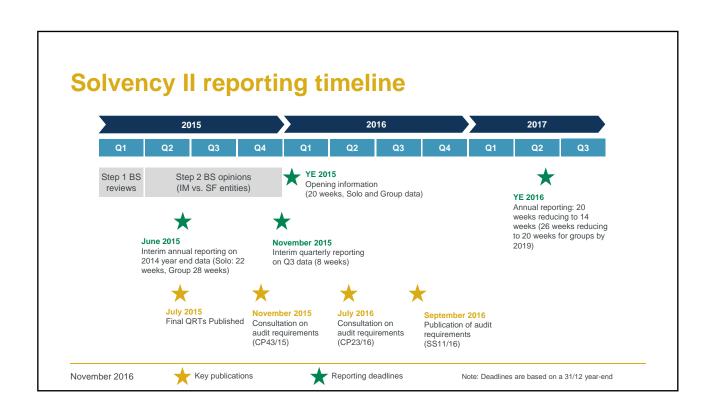
### Financial reporting landscape Pre-2016 Post 2016 2016 • IFRS IFRS • IFRS => IFRS 17 • UK GAAP New UK GAAP New UK GAAP EEV/MCEV • EEV/MCEV? • EEV/MCEV? PRA return Solvency II / Solvency II / **Economic Capital Economic Capital** November 2016

## Interaction between Solvency II and IFRS

- Companies are considering how to leverage Solvency II for IFRS reporting
- The permissibility and practicality or not of a change is dependent on your accounting policy and the "type" of insurer, notably:
  - Mutual insurers versus proprietary insurers
  - IFRS versus UK GAAP reporter (e.g. linkage IFRS 4 Phase II 'direction of travel').
  - 'Type' of IFRS reporting (e.g. EV, modified UK statutory, overseas GAAP etc.).
  - Level of prudence, allowance for risk, investment margins and uniformity in current accounting versus proposed new accounting.

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### What is an audit?

### Audit:

"The objective of an audit of financial information is to enable the auditor to express an opinion whether the financial information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with an identified financial reporting framework."

 Audit opinions are driven by the International Standards on Auditing ('ISAs') and guidance issued by

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# What is an audit under Solvency II?

### Audit:

"The objective of an audit of financial statements is to enable the auditor to express an opinion whether the financial information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with an identified financial reporting framework."

The financial information is the sections of SFCR in the PRA Scope (incl. QRTs).

The concept of materiality will be defined at beginning of the audit.

An opinion will be given that the SCFR have been prepared in accordance with the relevant framework.

The relevant framework is the EIOPA SII texts and relevant PRA guidance.

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# **PRA Policy Statement highlights**

### Scope

 The SCR and information that derives from it, is exempt if calculated using an approved full or partial internal model

### **TMTP**

Pillar I and II
 assets, liabilities
 and capital
 calculated in
 accordance with
 the previous
 regime for the
 purposes of the
 TMTP are not
 expected to be
 audited.

### **SFCR**

 PRA requires that the auditor read and consider all information disclosed by the firm in its SFCR that is not subject to the reasonable assurance opinion to identify material inconsistencies with the audit

### **Actuaries**

 the PRA expects that auditors, in undertaking the external audit, will obtain and pay due regard to the work of a suitably qualified actuary who is independent of the firm.

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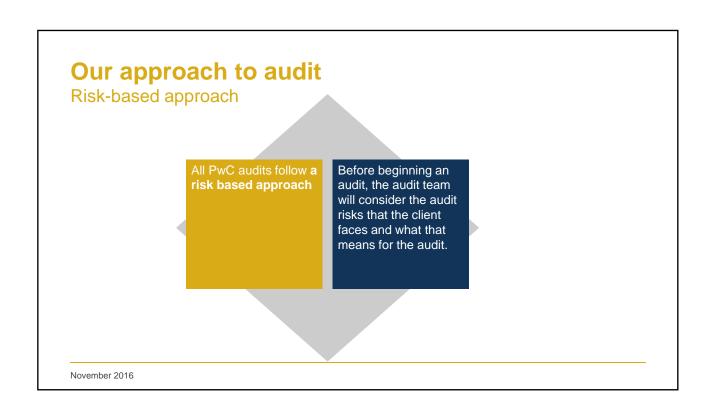
# Scope of solvency II audit requirements

- The audit scope covers the following elements of the SFCR of UK insurers and groups:
  - The Solvency II balance sheet and own funds
  - The SCR calculated using the standard formula (where applicable)
  - The MCR
  - Narrative disclosures on the valuation of the Solvency II balance sheet, capital and own funds
  - Reporting of the entities within the scope of the group

Quantitative Reporting Template		Solo	Group
S.02.01	Balance Sheet	✓	✓
S.12.01	Life and health SLT technical provisions	✓	
S.17.01	Non-life technical provisions	✓	
S.22.01	Impact of LTG measures and transitionals	✓	✓
S.23.01	Own funds	✓	✓
S.25.01	SCR – standard formula	✓	✓
S.28.01	MCR – life or non-life	✓	
S.28.02	MCR – composite	✓	
S.32.01	Undertakings in the scope of the group		✓

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What has changed co	mpared to 2014?	
2014: PRA SII Balance sheet assurance "Step 1 and Step 2"	2016: first time Solvency II audit	
manus 1999 y 1998 s		
Internal model and certain larger or unique standard formula firms	All companies	
Reasonable assurance	Audit under ISA	
Solo and group	Solo and group	
Balance sheet, own funds and Technical provisions (excluding risk margin)	Balance sheet, own funds, Technical provisions, risk margin and MCR, SCR for Standard Formula firms only.	
Presentation based on basis of preparation	Presentation based on EIOPA texts and PRA guidance. No basis of preparation but narrative needed in SFCR	
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# Our approach to audit

Risk assessment

# How are risks assessed?

- Nature of the risk.
- Materiality Likely magnitude of potential misstatements.
- Likelihood of occurrence.

# How are risks classified?

- **Normal** Relatively routine, non-complex risks which tend to involve systematic processing and little management judgement.
- **Elevated** Require additional audit consideration, but are not significant risks on grounds of their nature, materiality or likelihood of occurrence.
- **Significant** Require special audit consideration because of their nature, materiality and likelihood of occurrence.

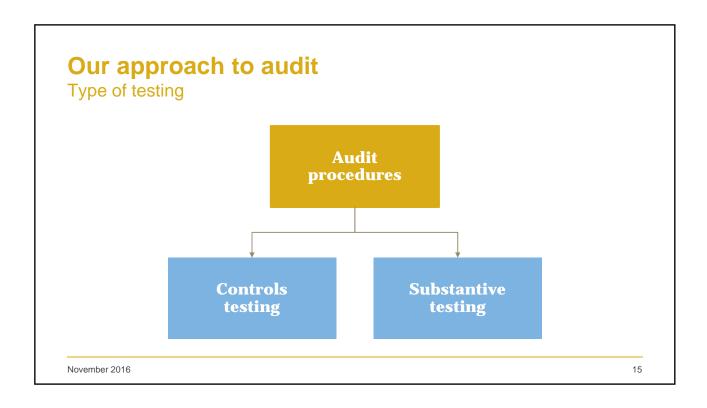
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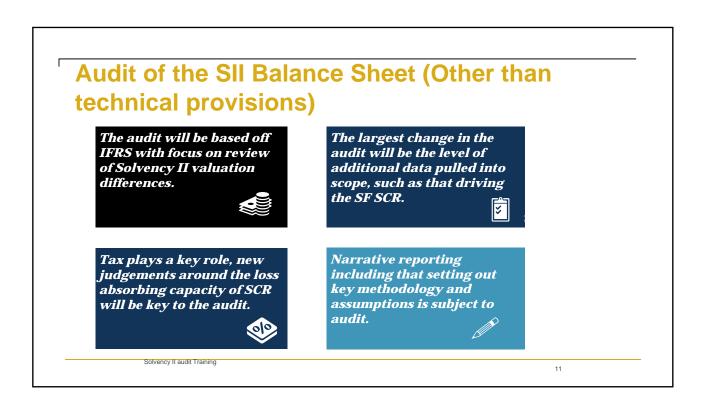
# Our approach to audit – New areas of risk?

- Calculation of SCR under Standard formula
- Projection of SCR into the Risk margin
- Categorisation of assets for market risk calculation

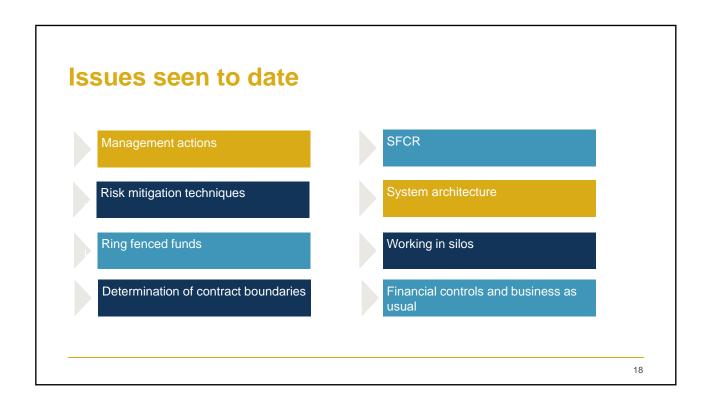
- Persistency assumptions
- Determination of contract boundaries
- Maintenance of matching adjustment eligibility

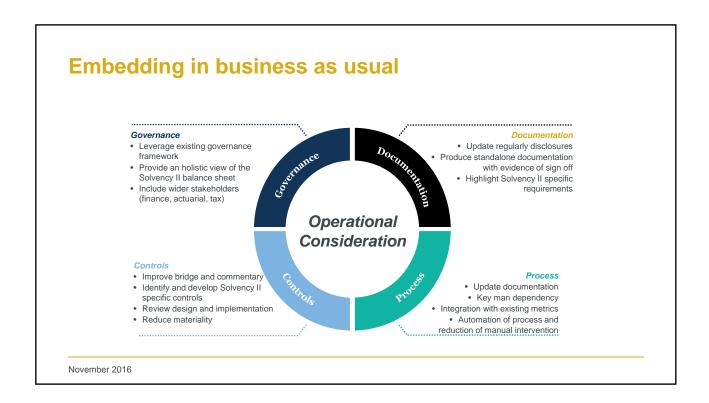
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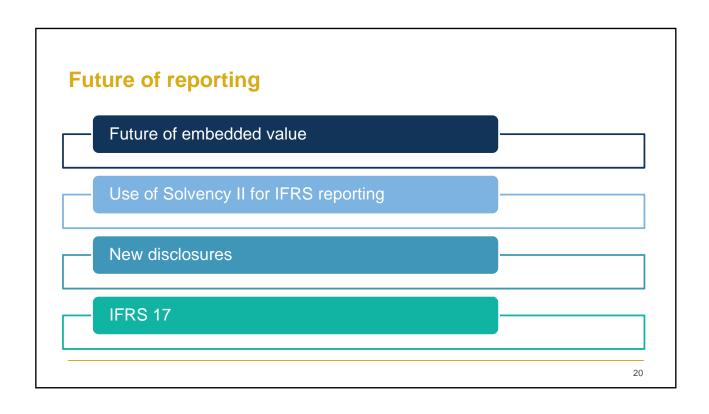




# Areas of Audit Focus for this year end Policy data read across to IFRS Investments in collective investment schemes Understand new data sources Best estimate demographic assumptions Economic assumptions linked to published EIOPA information Review of model changes between IFRS to Solvency II, or Baseline Solvency II model Documentation Reconciliation to IFRS SCR for SF firms









# **Concluding remarks**

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# Questions

# Comments

Expressions of individual views by members of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries and its staff are encouraged.

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the presenter.

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