# Pension Protection Fund

# Pension Protection Fund Levies – past, present and future

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www.pension protection/fund.org.uk

# Initial Levy – 2005/6 Persian Protection • c.11,000 schemes billed • c.£140m total levy payable Lessons learned • Separate scheme based and risk based levy invoice for 2006/7

 Queries on scheme based and risk based levies to be dealt with directly by PPF

# Risk based levy – listening to stakeholders

• 2 consultation documents, 1 consultation update, 250+ responses and 17 weeks of consultation

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- Inclusion of special deficit funding contributions
- Recognition of contingent assets parental
- guarantees, letters of credit and pledged assets • RBL rate of NIL if assets are at least 125% of PPF liabilities
- RBL cap set at 0.5% of PPF liabilities (benefits 5% of pension schemes)

# The 2006/7 Pension Protection Levy formulae

For 2006/07 levy year Scheme based element Risk based element

= 20% (£115m) = 80% (£460m)

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SBL = 0.00014 x PPF liabilities

RBL = underfunding risk x insolvency risk x 0.8 x 0.53

Underfunding risk	Pension Protection Fund
If scheme is <104% funded on a s179 basis, $\textbf{U}$ = (1.05 x L) – A	
L = liabilities on a s179 basis as at 31/03/06	
A = assets as at 31/03/06 plus any special contributions and contingent assets	
Information on assets and liabilities from either - scheme return (MFR or s179) - s179 valuations sent voluntarily to the PPF	
Assets and liabilities converted if necessary to a s179 basis and rolled forward to 31 March 2006 by the Board	

Inderfunding risk if 104% or more unded	
PPF funding level %	Assumed underfunding %
104	1.00
104 to 111	0.75
111 to 118	0.50
118 to 125	0.25
Over 125	0.00



The D&B Failure Score	
<ul> <li>The Board will use the D&amp;B Failure Score to measure the one year probability of insolvency of the sponsoring employer(s)</li> </ul>	
Percentile score 1-100	
• 1 = highest probability of insolvency	
• 100 = lowest probability of insolvency	
<ul> <li>D&amp;B failure score mapped to PPF assumed probability of insolvency and that probability is used in the risk based levy calculation.</li> </ul>	

















# Customisation of the Failure Score

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Following the consultation period and advice from D&B, the Board of the PPF decided to customise the standard D&B Failure Score in the following ways for the 2006/7 Risk Based Levy:

- Parent Severe Risk Override
- Standard rule ignored, now reflects individual derived score.
- Negative Net Worth Override
- Standard rule ignored, now reflects individual derived score.
- Foreign Companies Registered in the UK

Use either Failure Score of foreign HQ or average industry score.

# Obtaining and appealing 31 March Failure Scores

- Call the new D&B dedicated PPF helpline
   on 0870 850 6209
- This helpline can provide Failure Scores, and the data elements they're based on
- You can also appeal a Failure Score via that number

The	Effect of Cont	tingent Assets	Pension Protection Fund
<ul> <li>A consistent of scheme spons</li> <li>Includ</li> <li>Contin – Resident of the scheme for the scheme spons</li> </ul>	tingent asset is an as te contingent on an e oring employer ed in asset calculation agent assets either: induce the level of und hange the insolvency	set that will produce cash for a pen vent (insolvency) occurring to the on: A = S+ C+ (N x z) lerfunding in the calculation risk factor	sion
Type of contingent asset	Example	How affects the levy	
Α	Parent Guarantee	In effect, changes the insolvency the part of underfunding guarante	risk for ed
В	Security over securities	Reduces the underfunding	
С	Letter of Credit	Reduces the underfunding	

# Data collection for 2006/7 – scheme returns

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- · Lengthy, paper-based form
- Sent out from June '05, so lots of updates necessary
- Not clear what data would be used for levy calculation
- Limited up-front validation, so cleansing needed

## Scheme returns 2007/8 – Lessons learned

- Shorter, web-based form
- Validation rules up front
- Pre-populated
- Data for levy calculation clearly identified

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Sent nearer to start of levy year

#### Voluntary forms – take-up and lessons learned Pension Protection Fund

### Take-up

- · Over 3000 voluntary forms received
- £400bn of liabilities covered by section 179
  valuations
- 7,500 employers covered by participating employer forms

## Lessons learned

- Minimise the number as far as possible (e.g. no two-part multi-employer form)
- · Ensure technological solution can be used by all















# Policy developments for 2007/8

#### Pension Protection Fund

 Single consultation on 2007/8 levy proposals and Board's levy estimate

# Underfunding

Revised s179 guidance

# **Contingent assets**

- Credit default swaps?
- · Minor modifications
- · Requirements for repeat certification

# 2007/8 policy developments – insolvency risk

#### Pension Protection Fund

- · Generic Models are regularly reviewed and refined
- These updates consider:
  - Shifts in economy and business universe
  - Changes in why businesses are failing
     Changes to key data elements
  - New data elements (e.g. FRS17 pension deficits)
- Averaging of scores around single observation
   point
- Further customisation of models for the Risk
  Based Levy

## Asset allocation risk

## Fund

- Defer introduction of asset allocation as a risk factor until at least 2008/9
- Take into account the timing of the introduction of the scheme funding requirements
- Behavioural impact and orderly transition for markets
- Consult broadly on practicalities and measurement in 2006

Key dates	Prote Prote Ford
31 Mar 2006	D&B Failure Score measured
	Deficit measured
From late Summer	Levy invoices issued
From Nov	2007/8 scheme returns

