

PENSIONS AS A DEAL BREAKER

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Agenda



- Current problems for buyers and sellers: deficits, statutory debts, moral hazard, scheme trustees
- · Share sales v. asset transfers
- Due diligence: what to look for and why
- Pensions in the sale agreement: warranties; indemnities; bulk transfers; interim participation periods

What are some of the current problems?	0	
 ▶ Underfunded final salary scheme ▶ section 75 of the Pensions Act 1995 (as amended) ▶ FRS 17 impact 		
 ▶ Risk of buy-out debt ▶ full cost of purchasing annuities with an insurer 		
 Moral hazard provisions of the Pensions Act 2004 ▶ financial support directions ▶ contribution notices ▶ clearance procedure (NB. voluntary) 		
 ▶ Relationship with scheme trustees ▶ co-operation not guaranteed (WH Smith; M&S Big Food Group) ▶ balance of powers 		
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Transaction structures	U	-
A. Sale of entire group		-
B. Sale of shares in a subsidiary company ("the target") C. Transfer of some or all of the assets of a business (possibly		
involving a TUPE transfer)		
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A. Sale of entire group	0	
> Acquire pension scheme (and any deficit) "lock stock & barrel"		
Issues:ongoing funding liability		
contingent winding-up debt liability		
 Options: reduction in purchase price? funding injection prior to completion? 		-
> walk away from the deal?		

B. Sale of subsidiary's shares



- > Employer and employees cease to participate in the scheme
- Issues:
 - > liability for proportion of buy-out deficit
- Options:
 - indemnity or discharge by trustees if no debt?
 - > escrow account?
 - > apportionment of liability by amendment to the scheme?
 - > compromise agreement?
 - withdrawal arrangement?

C. Asset sale / TUPE transfer



- > TUPE occupational pensions exclusion
 - impact of the Pensions Act 2004
- Issues:
 - scope of ECJ's Beckmann decision (eg early retirement benefits/ enhanced redundancy benefits?)
 - > liability passes to buyer
 - claims by employees / former employees
- Options:
 - replicate final salary benefits
 - negotiate indemnity
 - warranty that no previous TUPE transfers

Due diligence: what is the buyer looking for? MNTs documentation evidence of participation discrimination power of amendment, contribution the scheme? rule winding-up and balance executive partial winding-up of promises provisions powers redundancy rights employment contracts

And, evidence of: Financial obligations: past, present and future Funding holes / deficits Statutory compliance Litigation liability Pension terms in the sale agreement Warranties • eg no other pension arrangements; disclosure of documents; compliance; funding; discretionary practices; identity of members and employers; contracting-out; TUPE transfers; no litigation "so far as the seller is aware" Indemnities • eg Section 75 debt; sex equality; part-timers' claims; Beckmann; age check limitation periods and caps ① Obligations on buyer for future service benefits imposed by law; and/or · negotiated with the seller Pensions Schedule Is a temporary (interim) participation period needed? no automatic right to this (check permitted by scheme rules; likely to need agreement of the trustees) · length? risk of continued participation / later exit debt terms of participation (employer contributions; funding life cover; scheme expenses; no admission of new employees; restrictions on pay rises; redundancy controls) 🖔 Bulk transfers / transfer payments • why agree to one? how much? (share of fund, past service reserve, cash equivalent) areas of risk (date of calculation of transfer payment; actuarial assumptions; role of trustees; shortfall clause)



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ANY QUESTIONS?

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