


Variable Annuities Seminar – 17 September 2010  
Paul Brett & Gary Finkelstein



# Solvency II Impacts, Implications and Opportunities for Variable Annuities

Final\_17September 2010

# Content

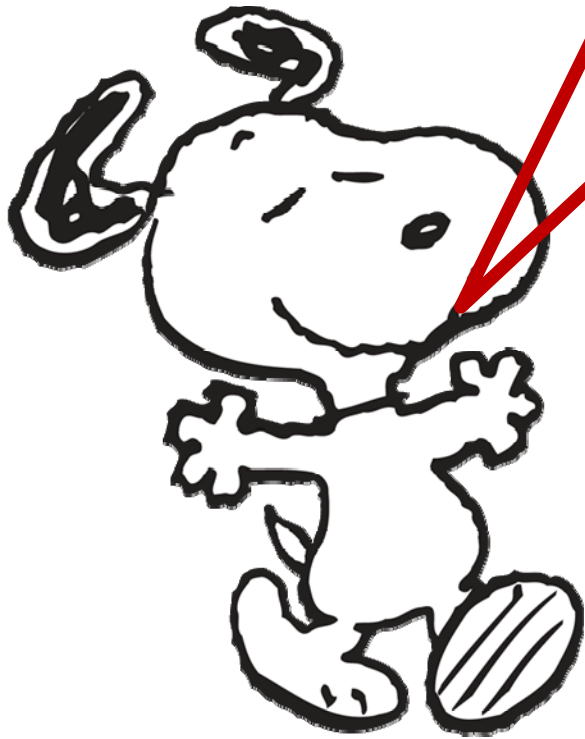
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- Financial Impacts
- Implications
- Opportunities



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# Financial Impacts



- Solvency I versus Solvency II
- Standard Formula (“SF”)
- Missing Risks in SF
- Hedging versus Reinsurance
- Treatment of Hedging

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# Financial Impacts

## *Basis for Analysis*

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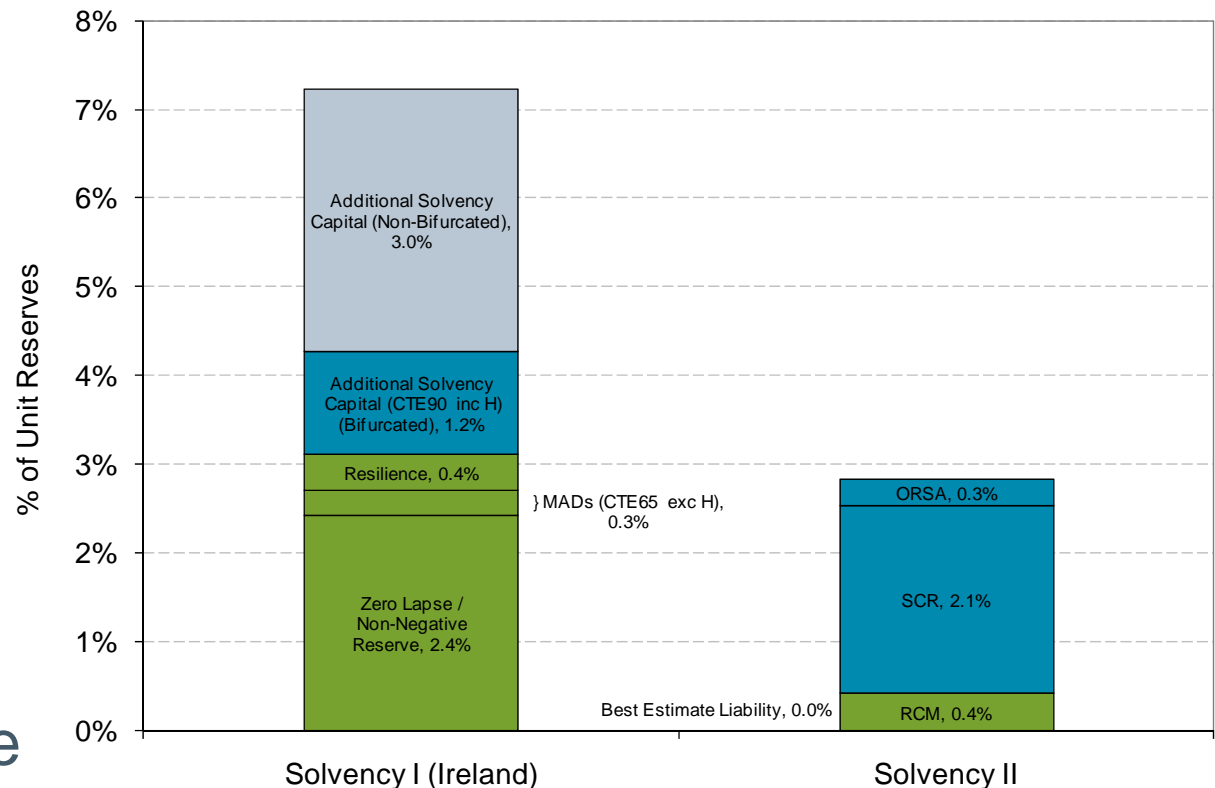
- Monoline variable annuity insurer based in Ireland
- Single VA product:
  - GMWB for Life at 4.5%
  - 3-year ratchet
  - 50% equity / 50% bond
- Single representative “straw” model point:
  - 65-year old immediate start
  - Hedge cost = 46bp at 31 December 2009
- We consider un-hedged; 2-Greek; and 3-Greek hedging

# Financial Impacts

## *Solvency I (Ireland) vs Solvency II*

### Capital Ratios




- SI (bifurcated) 4.3%
- SI (combined) 7.3%
- SII 2.8%
- Graphs assumes:
  - DRV hedge
  - 0% profit margin
- Most currently bifurcate
- Solvency II VIF would likely enhance benefit further

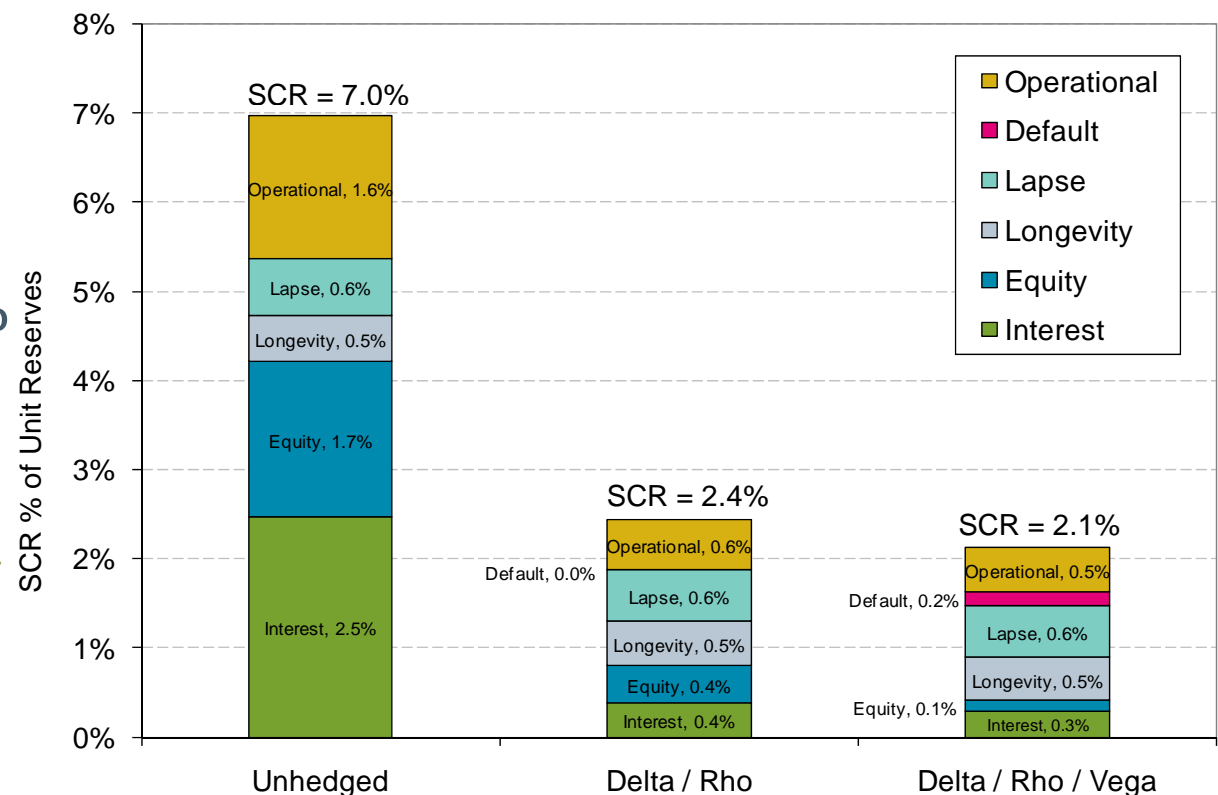


# Financial Impacts

## *SCR (QIS5) Standard Formula by Hedge Strategy*

### Capital Ratios

- Un-hedged 7.0%
- Delta / rho 2.4%
- Delta / rho / vega 2.1%
- Market Risk 
- Demographic Risk 
- Default Risk 
- Operational Risk
  - Assumed 30% minimum
  - Subjective considerations



# Financial Impacts

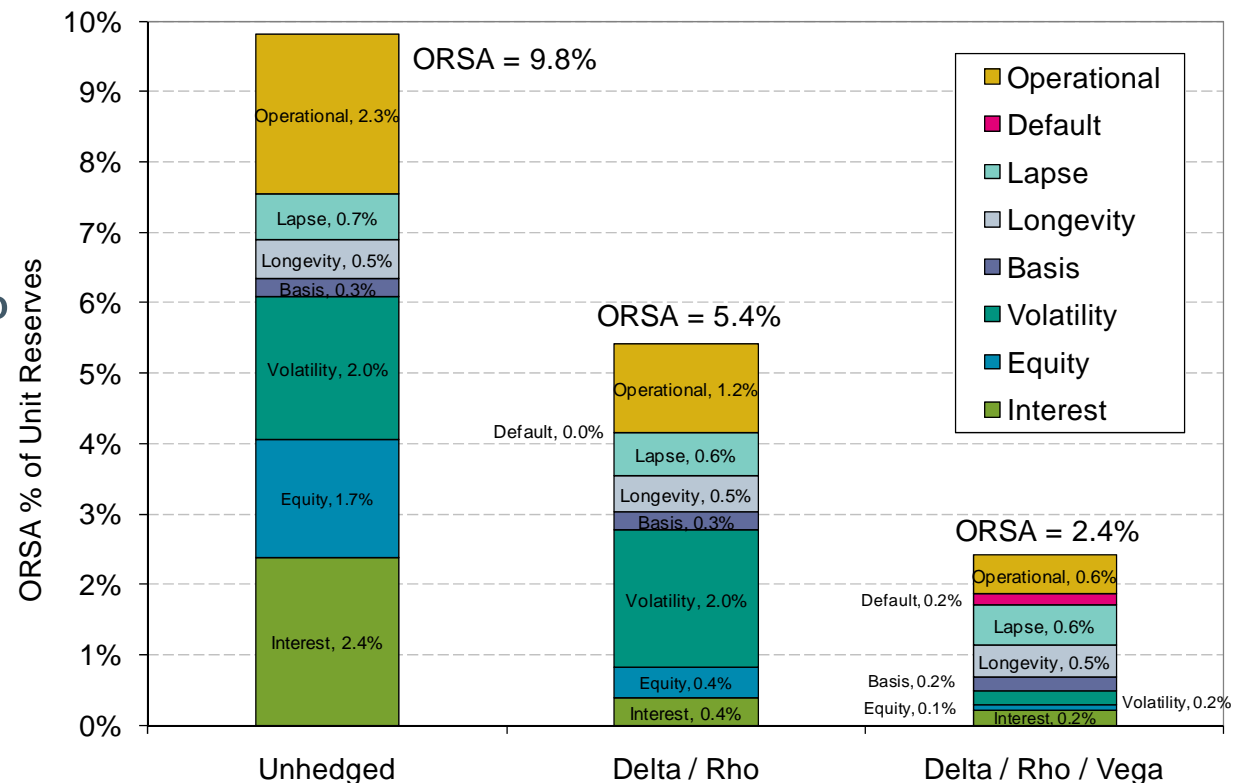
## *ORSA by Hedge Strategy*

### Capital Ratios

- Un-hedged 9.8%
- Delta / rho 5.4%
- Delta / rho / vega 2.4%

### Additional Risk Factors

- Basis Risk
  - Un-hedged?
- Volatility Risk
  - Equity
  - Swaption / Interest Rates

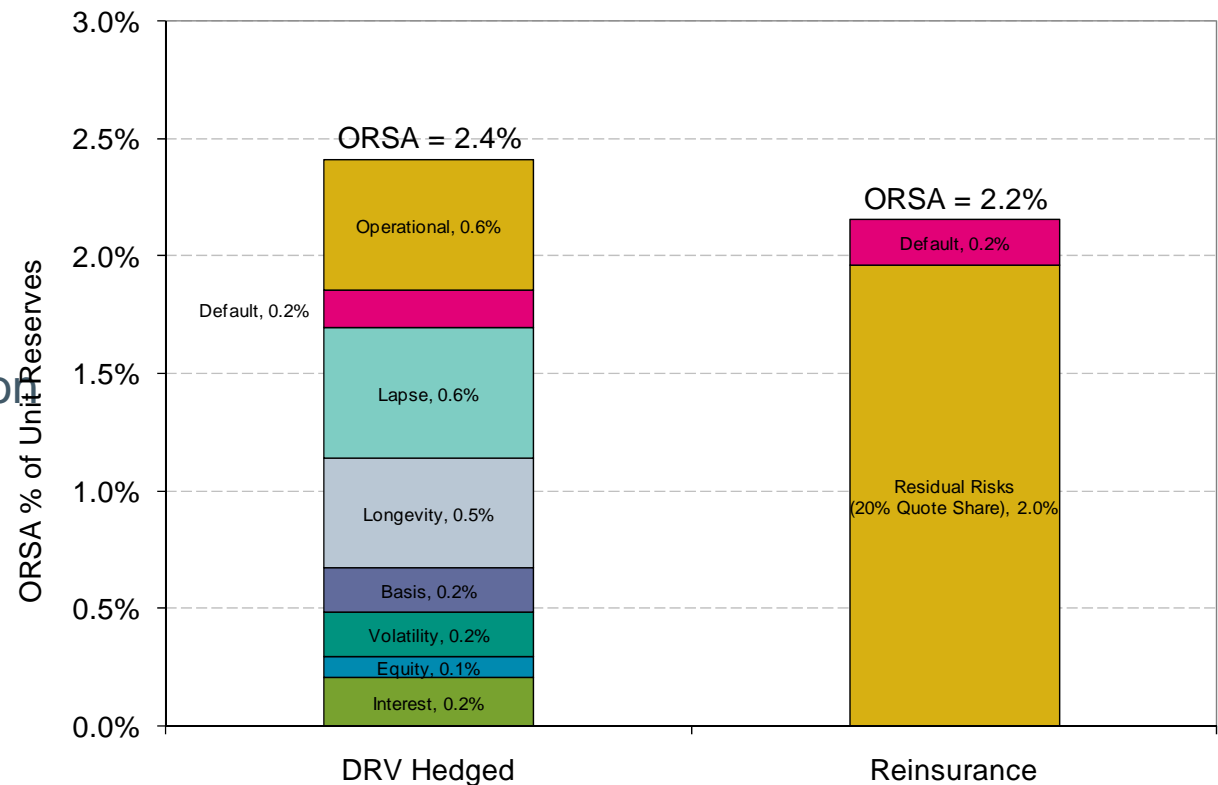


# Financial Impacts

## *Hedging vs Reinsurance*

### Capital Ratios

- Delta / rho / vega 2.4%
- Reinsurance 2.2% or less
- 80% Quote Share
- Default risk similar between banks / reinsurers. Depends on collateralisation.
- Concentration risk
- Relative Value:
  - a) Cost of Capital x Capital Saving
  - b) Reinsurance Premium



# Financial Impacts

## Hedge Effectiveness

| Stress                      | Liability Movement | Asset Movement (Delta / Rho) | Asset Movement (Delta / Rho / Vega) | Hedge Ratio (Delta / Rho) | Hedge Ratio (Delta / Rho / Vega) |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Equity prices down 30%      | 2,304              | 1,679                        | 2,127                               | 73%                       | 92%                              |
| QIS5 Rates Down             | 3,286              | 2,758                        | 2,883                               | 84%                       | 88%                              |
| QIS5 Rates Up               | -1,813             | -2,355                       | -2,194                              | 130%                      | 121%                             |
| Equity Vols up by a quarter | 1,406              | 0                            | 1,307                               | 0%                        | 93%                              |
| Equity Vols up by +10%      | 2,332              | 0                            | 2,060                               | 0%                        | 88%                              |
| Swaption Vols up 400bps     | 210                | 0                            | 185                                 | 0%                        | 88%                              |
| Swaption Vols up 800bps     | 460                | 0                            | 368                                 | 0%                        | 80%                              |

- Delta / rho / vega hedge performs better for delta and rho under extreme stress scenarios
- Option / swaption assets also exhibit convexity with respect to vega stresses

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# Financial Impacts

## Treatment of Hedging under Solvency II

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### SCR.12.5/ 12.18 Rolling & Dynamic Hedging

- *Where a risk mitigation technique covers only a part of the next twelve months, but a rolling hedge program exists, this should be permitted as a risk mitigation technique under the following conditions:*
  - a) *There is well-documented and established process for the rolling forward of hedges;. ✓*
  - b) *The risk that the hedge can not be rolled over due to an absence of liquidity in the market is not material (no material liquidity risk); ✓*
  - c) *The costs of renewing the same hedge over a one year period are reflected in the SCR calculation by reducing the level of protection of the hedge; ). ✓*
  - d) *Any additional counterparty risk that arises from the rolling over of the hedge is reflected in the SCR. Dynamic hedging should not be treated as a risk mitigation technique. ✓*

**INTENDED INTERPRETATION?** *dynamic re-balancing (except for rolling of 3-month maturity futures contracts) is not allowed under stress scenarios – i.e. only account for the impact of current in-force hedge assets at the valuation date.*

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# Implications



- Internal Model (Calculation Core)
- Published Information
- Governance
- Diversification

# Implications Internal Model (Calculation Core)

- Issues with Standard Formula
  - Excludes certain risks
  - Allowance for hedging
  - Instantaneous stress
- Nested Stochastic
  - Weekly intervals
  - Better reflects risks and hedging
  - Model point basis



# Implications

## Internal Model (Calculation Core)

- Regulatory Approval of Internal Model
  - Internal Model Approval Process (“IMAP”)
  - Documentation
  - Calibration
- Use Test
  - Management understanding
  - Embedding
- Greater Hedging
  - Incentivises greater hedging
- Simpler Products
  - E.g remove Basis Risk

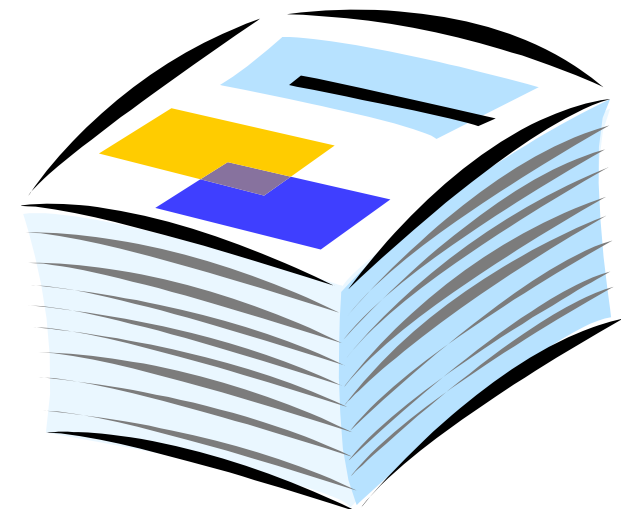


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# Implications Published Information

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- Details of Risk
- Risk Mitigation Strategies for:
  - Market risk
  - Insurance risk
  - Credit risk
  - Operational risk



# Implications Governance

- Tougher
- Hedging



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# Implications Diversification

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- Monoline
  - Move in to diversified entities
- Products
  - End bifurcation of base and guarantee
  - Risk business
  - Guaranteed Equity Bonds

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# Opportunities



- Hurdles to Entry
- Competitiveness versus Traditional Annuity
- Hedging Programme
- CEIOPS Task Force

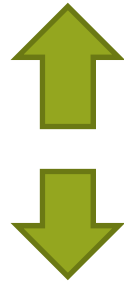
# Opportunities Hurdles to Entry

- Limited Reinsurance Capacity
  - Hedging involves high initial cost
- Higher Governance Threshold
- Internal Model
  - Standard Formula not allowed
  - Determines the amount of capital



# Opportunities Competiveness versus Traditional Annuity

- Annuity Price
- VA Price
- Better Relative Competitiveness



# Opportunities Hedging / Internal Model

- Better Hedging
  - Less Capital
- Better Internal Model
  - Less Capital
  - Better understanding of risks



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# Opportunities CEIOPS Task Force

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- Systemic Risk



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**Questions ???**

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# Contact Details

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